The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1873. VOL. 88.--NO. 231.

FIRST EDITION.

Evangelical Conference.

Last Day's Proceedings of the Alliance.

NEW YORK, October 11, 1873.

The seventh and last day of the General Conference of the Evangelical churches was an extremely busy one. St. Paul's and the Fourth avenue Presbyterian churches were densely crowded until the close of the session, when the speakers left to take part in the general meeting at Association Hall.

Association Hall.

In Association Hall, the principal point of attraction, the session lasted until one o'clock P. M. A solid mass of people, eight or ten deep, occupied the end of the hall, unable to obtain seats. Several invitations were extended to visit various places of interest.

Professor Harris Jones, of Trefica College, Wales, read a paper on "Christianity as a Reforming Power." The speaker showed the failure of false religion and the success of Christianity in coming to set up the most perfect standard of morality and reform, not only in social and domestic life, but even in the arts and sciences.

The Labor question, from a Christian point of view, was discussed by Hon. W. H. Allen of Girard College, Philadelphia, followed by Rev. L. Atwater of Princeton, N. J., on the same subject, when Dr. Woolsey made an address.

After the reception and reference of several communications from foreign bodies, the session adjourned.

After the adjournment of the Evangelical Alliance this afternoon the American branch held a meeting in Association Hall. Rev. J. P. Rogers, D. D., of New York, presided. Rev. Dr. McCosh, of Princeton, delivered a brief address, after which a set of resolutions was offered by Rev. Dr. Schenck, the substance of which was that the American branch should establish a permanent organization under the name of "Christian Congress," and that their meetings should be held biennially. Considerable discussion ensued as to the name of the intended organization. It was finally resolved that its title should be "The United States branch of the Evangelical Alliance."

A vote of thanks was then tendered by Rev. Dr. Prime and Dr. Schap, and the meeting adjourned.

St. Paul's Church.

At the St. Paul's M. E. Church, Rev. William Foss presiding, the general topic of the day was "Christian Philanthrophy." Rev. Thomas A. Velling, of London, read the first paper, entitled "Hospitals." He said it was for Christianity to inaugurate a new era in humanity, spoke of a visit to the charitable institutions of this city, and paid a warm tribute to their excellent work.

Dr. W. A. Muhlenberg, D. D., of St. Lukes Hospital, of this city, read a second paper, entitled the "Lord's Supper," and said the objections some have to partaking of sacraments in any church save their own was fast dying out.

Rev. W. A. Passavant, D. D., of Pittsburgh, followed with a paper on Refugees.

Rev. Dr. Stevenson, of Dublin, read a paper on the working power of the Church, and how to utilize it. Towards the close, the speaker described the beneficence of Christianity in such glowing language that the audience were roused to real enthusiasm, and burst into round after round of applause. On his retiring from the desk, he was seized by his brother delegates on the platform, clapped on the back and had to go through with shaking hands with all his friends.

Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church.

The third section, in the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church, was presided over by Rev. H. Crosby, D. D. The chief topic was "Particular Evils and Vices." The first paper was entitled Intemperance and Suppression, and was read by Professor A. Nelson, D. D., of Cincinnati; the second paper, Christianity and Its Relation to Crime and Criminals, by Rev. E. C. Mines, of New York. The third paper was entitled Industrial Schools as an Agency in Preventing Crime, read by Dr. Crosby.

The fourth and last paper of this section was upon "cruelty to animals," by Henry Bergh, after which the session adjourned.

The Closing Ceremonies.

NEW YORK, October 12.—As early as five o'clock this afternoon persons began to assemble in front of the Academy of Music, Steinway Hall and Tammany Hall, the places appointed for holding the final closing ceremonies of the Evangelical Alliance. At seven o'clock the crowd was simply immense, blocking up Fourteenth and contiguous streets, and extending for blocks away.

The Academy opened its doors at six o'clock, and within five minutes every seat was taken. The other halls did not open till ten minutes before seven, the great throng meantime remaining in good humor and constantly increasing in numbers. The interest seemed to center in the Academy meeting, but as none but ticket holders were admitted there, the effect was to drive many to the auxiliarly meetings.

Mayor Havemeyer, President at the Academy, and Dr. Creslye introduced the speakers. The exercises opened by a voluntary upon the organ, when Dr. Arinit lead in prayer. The Hymn, "Come thou, Almighty King," was then sung, and followed by prayer by Rev. Dr. Fisch, of Paris, closing with the Lord's Prayer, the audience uniting.

Dr. Cooke, of Quebec, Professor Astray, of Luzerne, Switzerland, Dr. Cooke, of Paris, Dr. Brocket, of Italy, Dr. Arnot, of Scotland, and Rev. Maryan Sheshadra, of India, gave brief addresses, and the hymn beginning "By a thousand ways we come" was then sung, after which Rev. Mr. Christlieb, of Germany, Rev. Berkely, of Ireland, and the Dean of Canterbury, of London, spoke briefly.

The congregation then sung "I Love Thy Kingdom, Lord," when Rev. Noah Hunt Schenck, of Brooklyn, delivered the farewell address to the delegates. He said that, for the first time in the history of the world, had Christians gathered in catholic council upon the Western continent. The present was an august occasion. The sixth conference now ends around the metropolis of the Western world. The coronet of grace was wreathed. The past session had met for no purpose save to honor Christ, had not met to discuss doctrine, but arm afresh for a great battle against sin. A glowing tribute to the Press was paid for its noble tone in treating of the Conference. The Conference was historic. It had received a communication from the Old Catholics of Europe. The Conference has a political character. It has been recognized by the Emperor of Germany. It has such a power that its influence is dreaded by all opponents to Christianity. (Addressing the delegates.) You have not come as pilgrims to a profane Mecca, but with different impulses—the love of God in Christ. From China, India, France, Mexico, from every latitude, you come to tell us of Christ and your work for him. The Alliance has a prophetic character.

Rev. Mr. Adams offered the closing prayer, and Bishop Jones pronounced the benediction.

At Steinway Hall the crowd was kept outside until ten minutes of seven, when the doors were opened, and in less than three minutes every seat, nook and corner was taken. Even the reporters' tables were seized upon by eager females.

The Tammany Hall meeting was presided over by Geo. H. Stewart, of Philadelphia. The speakers were Rev. John Hall, delegates from Belfast and Lurgan, Ireland, and Canada, General Clinton B. Fisk, of Missouri, and H. Thane Miller, of Cincinnati.

The large hall of the Cooper Union was filled with a very large audience of Germans, to listen to farewell addresses of the German delegates. Prof. Schaaf presided, and Mayor Havemeyer and a large number of the most eminent German citizens acted as Vice Presidents and Secretaries.

WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 7:30 P. M., Oct. 12, 1873.

Probabilities for To-day.

For Monday, in the Southern States, clear or partly clear weather, with high northerly winds.

For Southern Florida, northeasterly winds and possibly light rain.

For the Middle States, rising barometer, northerly winds, backing to west, lower temperature and clear or clearing weather.

For New England, rising barometer, cloudy and possibly rainy weather, low temperature and northwesterly winds, increasing possibly to brisk.

For the lower lakes, northwest winds, backing to southwest and southeast, with rising temperature and cloudy or partly cloudy weather.

The storm centre in the Northwest will probably extend eastward over Lake Superior, with diminishing intensity.

For the upper lakes fresh to brisk southerly winds, falling barometer and cloudy weather.

THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, October 12.—River unchanged.

MEMPHIS, October 12.—The river continues to decline, having fallen two inches in the past six hours. The White and Arkansas are also decling rapidly, but there was plenty of water yet for large packets. There were no arrivals at this port, and but one departure during the day, the Joe Kinny, which arrived from Vicksburg at midnight last night, and departed immediately for St. Louis. Boats leaving to-morrow—Emma Elliott, St. Louis; Colorado, Vicksbur; West Wind, Osceola.

CAIRO, October 12.—Arrived—City of Chester, Memphis, 11 P. M.; Keokuk, Memphis, 5 A. M. Glencoe, New Orleans, 11; Colorado, St. Louis, 5 P. M. Departed—Chester, St. Louis, 1 A. M.; Elliott, Memphis, 2 A. M.; Keokuk, Ohio River, 8; Glencoe, St. Louis, noon; Bannock City, Memphis, 3 P. M. River fallen one inch. Clear and cool.

NASHVILLE, October 12.—River unchanged; 12 inches on shoals. Weather clear and pleasant. The Arch. P. Green arrived and departed yesterday.

LOUISVILLE, October 12.—River stationary, with 28 inches in canal, and 30 inches on Portland bar. Arrivals—General Buell, Cincinnati. Departed—Gen. Buell, Cincinnati.

EVANSVILLE, IND., October 12.—Clear and cool; mercury 50 to 60. River declining slowly. No arrivals except the packets. The Eureka returned to Cairo last night with a good trip.

THE LOST SHIP.

Fresh Facts About the Polaris.

The Survivors of the Expedition in Washington—What They Have to Say—How Captain Hall Died—Relics Brought Home—Reminiscences of a Winter in the Ice.

The survivors of the Polaris crew, who are now in Washington, are the observed of all observers, and wherever they go are regarded with great curiosity. Their reception by the authorities of the Navy Department was in form and indicated the importance attached to their expedition. They

Landed at the Wharf

near the point from which nearly three years ago they had started. They landed in the morning at the Navy Yard, and about noon the Secretary of the Navy arrived. He was received with the customary salute of thirteen guns, and proceeded at once to the headquarters of Commodore Patterson, the new Commandant of the yard, and after a brief conference, was driven down to the wharf, where the Tallapoosa is lying, where he was received by Captain McRitchie, the commander of that vessel, and shown into the cabin on the upper deck, where Captain Buddington and party were assembled. After having shaken hands with the survivors the Secretary addressed them relative to the investigation that would be held, cautioning them to be exceedingly careful as to their statements, and to say nothing but what they were willing to swear to. After about twenty minutes' conversation the Secretary had a brief private conference on shore with Captain McRitchie, after which he left the yard.

Captain McRitchie then ascended to the upper deck and informed Captain Buddington and his men that the Secretary had placed no special restrictions over their movements, and that they were all at liberty to go ashore if they desired, but they would be expected to return, "clean and sober," at a certain hour.

Buddington's Associates.

In addition to Captain Buddington, the sailing master, there is quartered on the Tallapoosa H. C. Chester, first officer; Emil Schumann, chief engineer; Dr. Bessell; Mr. Morton, second officer: A. O. Dell, W. F. Campbell, Nathaniel J. Coffin, carpenter; Henry Habby, Herman Lismore, and Noah Hays, sailors and firemen. All are enjoying the best of health. One of them, the carpenter, states that he scarcely ever enjoyed good health before he started on the expedition, but that he had grown strong and entirely well. The voyage, notwithstanding its sufferings, had done him good, although he did not care about repeating it. "He had got enough."

Personel of the Party.

Dr. Bessell, the scholarly looking man of the party, appeared to be the first one to embrace the opportunity of getting on dry land, and "up to snuff" so far as newspaper men were concerned. He came down the gang-plank with a map case strung over his shoulder, and left the yard at a brisk pace, refusing to stop for a brief interview with gentlemen of the press. He was rigged out with a black silk beaver, black frock coat, and light-colored pants, and looked as if he had just come out of a bandbox.

Captain Buddington left soon after in company with the second officer, Chester. Both looked well, especially Buddington, who is as fat as a porpoise, and does not look as if he had ever seen a day's trouble in his life. The rest of the party availed themselves of the opportunity of taking a stretch, and all were soon on shore wearing off their sea legs.

The Engineer's Story.

Mr. Schumann, the engineer, said, regarding the death of Capt. Hall: "When Captain Hall returned from the sledge journey he went into his cabin, and shortly afterward he said, 'I feel sick and I think I had better lie down.' He commenced to vomit, and then he asked for a cup of tea, which the steward or some one else brought to him. He drank it off, but did not retain it on his stomach, and when night came he was in high fever and quite delirious. He kept his bed for four or five days, during which time he was sometimes delirious, and sometimes he spoke quite sensibly, and just as the fever increased, or decreased in intensity. After this he got somewhat better and was able to leave his bed and walk about in his cabin. He was so much better that he was able to write and go forth. About the 5th of November, however, he relapsed, and became rapidly worse. Late on the 6th he said to the doctor, 'I am very much obliged to you for your kindness,' and these were the last words he ever uttered. He immediately thereafter became delirious, and about 3 o'clock on the morning of the 8th he expired. We buried him on the 10th, at eleven o'clock in the morning, at a place on shore about one and a half miles from where the ship lay, and over his grave we reared a monument made of wood, upon which we affixed a plate with an inscription. The monument can easily be seen by passing vessels."

Relics.

Among the relics brought home by the survivors is the branch of a willow shrub from the grave of Captain Hall. This it is intended to give to the widow of the deceased as a souvenir of the region in which her husband found his last resting-place. Mr. Schumann, the chief engineer, who is gifted with very considerable artistic ability, has, we understand, made a good many sketches of the more exciting and interesting incidents that occured during the voyage of the Polaris. The sketches are clearly and distinctly drawn, and will no doubt form an interesting part of the memorials of the eventful voyage. A box containing the journal kept by Captain Hall, as also various other valuable documents, have been saved. Each of the men kept journals of the voyage and of their adventures, but these have been lost.

The Hut Made for a Winter Home.

The survivors speak in warm terms of the Esquimaux at Etah, whom they found most humane and sympathetic. In the building of the hut by the Polaris men the Esquimaux friends gave the heartiest assistance, and when the building was completed and made internally convenient and comfortable, with the births of the ship erected at the sides for sleeping places, the six Esquimaux families were invited to share the comforts it afforded. This offer was gratefully accepted, and during the greater part of the winter every living human being at Etah was accommodated in this single hut, which was lit up with oil lamps. When thoroughly completed and banked up with snow all round, and supplied with the stores of the Polaris, the explorers found themselves in possession of a very comfortable lodging for the winter, and making up their minds to wait in patience for the spring, each man seemed to be comparatively happy. At this time the weather was always dark, and the hut was kept cheerfully lighted by oil lamps, which had been got out of the vessel, the oil used being from seals and walrus. A large fire blazing away at one end kept the abode comfortably warm. To beguile the time the Esquimaux were not reluctant to engage in the several pastimes. The only musical instrument they had was a sort of tambourine formed of a hoop and covered with sealskin. This they beat when they sang or danced, and kept good time. One of the Esquimaux families had come from Cape Isabel, on the west side, and they stated that the year before they had seen Scotch whalers in Baffin's Bay. In one family there were five stalwart sons, whose parents were about fifty years of age, and about six feet in height.

Breaking Camp

The dreary winter months passed slowly away. Notwithstanding, the time was beguiled with reading, games at chess, stories, etc., and a good fire was kept constantly burning, the unused coal on board the Polaris having been used for that purpose. On the 1st of February the coal got done, and the ship was then made to supply wood instead. About the 1st of April two boats were constructed, the necessary materials being got from the vessel. Each of the boats was twenty-five feet long, with five feet beam, square at each end, but turned up, and capable of carrying seven men, with stores, supposed to last for two months. The middle of May arrived before the boats were completed, owing to the great difficulty there was in making materials necessary for construction. Meanwhile the other members were busily engaged in packing provisions, carrying wood from the wreck, &c., and at other times a hunting expedition would be engaged in. A reindeer was brought down, and some rabbits were shot, and as may be supposed, these formed a very great luxury. The explorers remained enjoying the comforts of their hut and the sport which turned up to them occasionally, till the third of June, 1873, when they bid their Esquimaux friends good by, embarked in their boats and made their journey to Dundell without meeting any adventures worthy of note beyond what has been mentioned.

LATER.

NEW YORK, October 12.—A Washington dispatch says: The examination of Captain Buddington lasted five hours, and related particularly to his relations with Captain Hall, he declaring that there was not the slightest foundation for any report of a difference between him and Hall. His judgment about proceeding beyond the point reached (82 deg. 16 min.) was based entirely upon his experience as a navigator in Arctic waters, and not from fear of danger or aversion to prosecute the journey. While there might have been an appearance of an open channel, the weather in that northern latitude is so uncertain that no man dare risk a vessel in a higher latitude with an Arctic winter approaching.

In reply to an inquiry as to his personal conduct, Buddington said he had been accustomed to taking a dram occasionally, but denied ever having been drunk enough to incapacitate him from daily duty or make him unfit for the position of navigator in dangerous waters.

The separation of Tyson and party was more seriously regretted by those on the Polaris than could possibly have been by the ice floe party. So certain was he that the vessel would have to be abandoned that he made preparations to cast over everything of value and importance to the crew, when the wind suddenly changed and shifted the Polaris in an almost opposite position, snapping hawsers and increasing the danger to the vessel.

The details of what happened after the separation have already been substantially narrated. The examination will be resumed on Monday, when the death of Hall will be inquired into at length.

Marine News.

NEW YORK, October 12.—The steamships City of Limerick, City of Paris, Italy, Parthia and Baltic, from Liverpool, have arrived.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

The Revenue Taxation Article Passed—Discussing Educational Matters—Compulsory Education not Favored—The Public School System—Appropriating One Million Dollars.

The Constitutional Convention continued its session Friday afternoon, when resolutions, offered by Mr. Baer, for an adjournment *sine die* on the 20 instant, for a reconsideration of the vote by which the judiciary article was passed, and its reference to a special committee of thirty three, to report next Wednesday, and for an adjournment over till Wednesday next, were severally agreed to.

The article on revenue, taxation and finance was further considered and a substitute proposed by Mr. Armstrong for the 12th section, perfecting its phraseology, was adopted.

Various amendments of no special interest prevailed after discussion, as also one, advocated by Messrs. Broomall and Buckalew, to alter the prohibition against the excess of county, city or municipal indebtedness above five per centum per annum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, so as to make the limitation seven per centum. The article was passed finally.

EDUCATIONAL.

The article on education was next taken up, and a motion by Mr. Darlington to strike out the provision requiring an appropriation by the Legislature of at least one million dollars yearly for the public schools was lost—yeas 21, nays 51. Messrs. Darlington, Bowman and Hanna favored the motion, and Messrs. Woodward and Carter opposed it.

WOMEN ELIGIBLE TO OFFICE.

The section making women eligible to any office of control or management under the school laws of the State, which had been accidentally omitted, was inserted in the article.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

On motion of Mr. Darlington, a section was inserted (yeas 40, nays 29) as follows: The Legislature shall establish industrial schools and require the attendance therein of vagrant, neglected, and abandoned children.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

The compulsory education scheme was discussed, and Messrs. Darlington, Hazzard, Turrell, Bowman, Stanton, and Curtin spoke in favor of, and Messrs. D. W. Patterson, Niles, and Andrew Reed in opposition to the following new section:

The Legislature may by law require that every child of sufficient mental and physical ability shall attend the public schools, unless educated by other means. The section carried—yeas 38, nays 35.

Mr. Buckalew said that in view of the extraordinary character of the article as amended he would vote against it, and further, against the new constitution if the article was submitted as a part of it. After making the Superintendent of Common Schools subordinate to the Governor, and liable to be turned out of office by him, the Convention had made it the duty of the Legislature to make a public school appropriation of one million dollars in addition to the appropriation now made, a matter with which the body had nothing to do, and the only effect of which would be to create among certain classes of people an antagonism to the new Constitution. Then the article had been extended so as not only to admit women to office under the school laws (a provision, by the way, which the speaker was in favor of), but it quartered upon the State Treasury all the vagrant children of the State, those of Philadelphia alone amounting to 20,000, and it would require appropriations not merely for the education, but for the maintenance and support of these children. Lastly, an amendment had prevailed which would be construed as an injunction from the Convention to the Legislature to establish compulsory education. A majority of the people of the State might not be prepared for this, and besides, it had been defeated two to one on a previous occasion when the Convention was full, whereas there was now barely a quorum present.

Mr. Howard, of Allegheny, moved to amend the industrial vagrant school section so as to compel each city or county wherein such schools are located to pay all the cost and expenses thereof, except their proportionate share of the common school fund appropriated by the State.

Mr. Charles A. Black, in some criticisms upon the article, remarked that if he wanted to have it defeated at the polls he would vote to keep it as it stood.

Mr. H. G. Smith, of Lancaster, commenting upon the meagre attendance of members, stated, as the result of personal observation, that the mistakes of the convention had been invariably made when the house was thin. He regarded the amendments just made as blunders and as overloading the article, and in behalf of that school system which was the boast of every Pennsylvanian he appealed to the body to vote down the entire article and trust to the Legislature for an efficient school system.

Mr. Howard's amendment was then voted upon and agreed to—yeas 50, nays 22.

Mr. Hall, after restating some of the objections to the article, suggested the propriety of going into Committee of the Whole for general amendment and substituting the articles as reported in order to obviate the delay consequent upon the entire rejection of the article and the introduction of another in its place.

A motion to this effect was adopted, and the article was reported from Committee of the Whole without any of the amendments which had been appended to it during the day.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL APPROPRIATION.

Mr. Mann, of Potter, then moved to reinsert the provision requiring the Legislature to make a public school appropriation every year of at least one million dollars. Agreed to—yeas 37, nays 34.

Under the summary operation of a call for the previous question, cutting off further amendments, the article passed finally. It is as follows:

SECTION 1. The Legislature shall provide for the maintenance and support of a thorough and efficient system of public schools, wherein all the children of this Commonwealth above the age of six years may be educated; and the Legislature shall appropriate at least one million dollars each year for that purpose.

SEC. 2. No money raised for the support of the public schools of the Commonwealth shall be appropriated to or used for the support of any sectarian school.

SEC. 3. Women, twenty-one years of age and upwards, shall be eligible to any office of control or management under the school law of this State. Adjourned till Monday.

MARINE DISASTERS.

The Steamer Missouri Wrecked.

NEW ORLEANS, October 11.—A dispach from Captain Pierson, dated Nassau 6th, reports that the steamer Missouri was wrecked on October 1st off the Bahamas. The ship broke in two. The crew and passengers were all saved, and landed at Bemini. The Missouri belonged to the Mississippi and Dominican Line. She was an iron propeller, formerly called the Hammonia, and had just undergone £15,000 repairs. She left Liverpool September 11th for New Orleans, with an assorted cargo. Loss $250,000 to $500,000.

The Ship Lady Russell Disabled.

SOUTHWEST PASS, October 11.—The ship Tasmainer, Willis master, has arrived, forty-eight days from St. Nozaire, France. She experienced a severe hurricane when between Cape St. Antonia and Campeachy. She lost her two lower top sails and other sails. On the 6th she sighted the hull of a vessel bearing north, with all her masts gone close to the deck, but with a spar rigged up forward and aft. She proved to be the ship Lady Russell, from Liverpool to Mobile. Her captain refused assistance, but asked to be reported all well.

The Ship Isle of Skye Destroyed.

On the 7th she came across the ship Isle of Skye, from Prosperi for New York. Her rudder and masts were gone and every sail and rope blown away. The crew had been three days without water, nearly all disabled, and wished to leave the vessel. We took them off and brought them to New Orleans. The captain and crew fired the Isle of Skye before leaving.

PHILADELPHIA.

Work Suspended at Mills, etc.

PHILADELPHIA, October 11.—A number of Frankford cotton mills are running on half time, in consequence of a falling off of orders and difficulty in procuring currency to pay the wages. Campbell's mill at Manayunk is closed by a strike of the operatives. At the other Manayunk mills work continues at a reduction. The Southwark Foundry has closed and six hundred men are idle, refusing to work at the proposed reduction of wages.

PATERSON, N. J., October 11.—Only one silk mill in Paterson is running on full time. Several mills have entirely suspended and others are running only a part of the time with reduced forces.

OBITUARY.

Dr. James Jones.

NEW ORLEANS, October 11.—Dr. James Jones, one of the original Professors of the University of Louisiana, has died, aged sixty-six.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS

—The body of a man named John Deakin was found near Terre Haute, Ind., last Saturday, shot through the head. It seems that he was murdered for money a month ago.

—Arrangements have been consummated to make Terre Haute the eastern terminus of the Paris and Decatur Railroad, a line now consisting of two hundred miles of finished road.

—The Cincinnati Clearing House Association has passed a resolution that all banks and bankers of that city resume full currency payment to-day.

—William A. Lowry, Superintendent of the Wheelock Bridge Company, at Delphi, Indiana, was drowned last Friday night in crossing the canal at that place by attempting to ford it.

—Mortimer M. Leggett, son of Hon. M. D. Leggett, United States Commissioner of Patents, was killed by falling from a cliff on Six Mile Creek, near Ithaca, N. Y., last Friday night.

—The National Bank Examiner reports the loss to the Merchants National Bank of Lowell, Mass., by the defalcation of the cashier, at $63,701, with a possible liability of $37,000 more.

—A dispatch from Waveland, Montgomery county, Ind., says a destructive fire originated about two o'clock on Saturday morning, supposed to have been started in a bakery, and burned one row of business buildings and one dwelling. Loss $30,000.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

FOREIGN.

Proceedings in the Bazaine Court Martial.

CARLISTS BURNING THEIR DEAD.

Destitute Americans in Vienna.

DESTRUCTIVE RAIN STORM IN CUBA.

Battles Between Spanish Troops and Cuban Insurgents.

GOVERNMENT REFORMS IN MEXICO.

Movements of Russian Troops in Asia.

CONSPIRACY TO ASSASSINATE THE SPANISH PRESIDENT.

FRANCE.

The Bazaine Court Martial.

VERSAILLES, October 11.—The session of the Bazaine Court Martial was resumed this morning. Several documents submitted by the prosecution were read, the most important of which was one going to show that Bazaine was responsible for the delay in the husbanding of provisions in Metz, by neglecting to inform his officers of the situation, thus preventing them from taking the necessary precautions to provide against scarcity.

Riviere's report was then taken up and its reading concluded. Riviere says in relinquishing the chief command of the army the Emperor gave his last order to Bazaine, which was to retreat to Chalons. Though this order was repeatedly insisted upon, Bazaine aimed to escape the Emperor's control. He deceived the Emperor, and in causing, as he did, by his false information an advantage towards Montmedy, greatly shared the responsibility for the disaster at Sedan.

Alluding to the negotiations between Regnier and Bazaine, the report says: "Bazaine never ought to have listened to a stranger who was without credentials. It was his (Bazaine's) duty to take the field, or, if unable to do so, to harass the enemy by repeated sorties, and to obtain provisions. Bazaine's army was the only hope of the nation. While it existed nothing could be lost. Bazaine was anxious about the form of Government, but the Empress, when granting a farewell audience to General Bourbaki, advised him to proceed to Tours and offer his sword in the cause of the nation, rejecting the Convention, the first condition of which was the dismemberment of the territory of the country."

Upon the conclusion of the reading of the report, the court was adjourned for the day. Several officers censured in Riviere's report have announced their intention of demanding a court martial.

Address by the Municipal Council of Paris

PARIS, October 12.—Twenty-seven members of the Municipal Council of Paris have published an address, in which they declare that the Assembly has no right to alienate national sovereignty, affirming that the majority of the people reject the claims of the Count De Chambord to the throne of France, and request the Deputies from the Department of the Seine to declare frankly how they propose to vote when the question of a change of government is brought up in the Assembly.

The Count de Chambord at Saltsburg.

PARIS, October 12.—The Count de Chambord was at Saltsburg to-day. He visited the Grand Duke of Tuscany and received a deputation from France. What reply he gave to the deputation is unknown, but it will probably reach this city about the middle of the present week.

A committee of Monarchical members of the Assembly will meet on the 17th to receive and consider the Count's final reply, and will communicate the result of their deliberations to the Bureau of the Assembly on the next day.

Thiers Holding Himself Aloof.

The *Bien Public* says ex President Thiers has not been seen with M. Gambetta since his return to Paris, that he will hold aloof from all "cabals," but will defend the liberties and sovereignty of the people before the Assembly.

A Compromise.

M. Rouher, at the solicitation of members of the Right, will call a meeting of imperialists to be held on the 15th inst., for the purpose of appealing to the people to support the compromise in the case concessions are made by the Monarchists.

The Charges Against Bazaine.

M. Riviere's report against Bazaine says 11,000 soldiers of the army that surrendered at Metz died while prisoners in Germany. It would have been preferable and more glorious if these lives had been lost in a sortie from the city. The honor of the army is symbolized in its flags. Bazaine, instead of destroying those flags and thereby lessening the humilation of surrender, delivered them to the enemy.

The Duke D'Aumale, President of the court martial, yesterday ordered Bazaine's justificatory memoir to be read. It deals briefly with only the chief points of the indictment, relates events and leaves the charges unanswered. It holds his lieutenants responsible for the bad execution of movements ordered, regrets that they have now turned against him, and concludes with a statement that events were stronger than the writer, whose conscience reproaches him with nothing.

The President desired the prisoner to rise and remain standing during the reading of the heads of the indictment. The marshal exhibited deep emotion when the part was reached wherein he is accused of not doing everything prescribed by duty and honor.

Elections for the Assembly.

PARIS, October 12, via LONDON, October 13—2:30 A. M.—Elections to fill vacant seats in the Assembly took place to-day in four departments. Partial returns from Toulouse show M. De Remusat, who ran against Niel, a nephew of the late Marshal Niel, and a candidate of the Right, has been elected in Haute Garonne, and three other departments, Puy de Dome, Loise and Nievre, have been carried by the Republicans by overwhelming majorities.

CUBA.

Destructive Rain Storm.

HAVANA, October 6.—A severe rain storm has been prevailing here for the last three days. The wind is very heavy. The sea is high and the waves are beaking over Morro lighthouse. The water is rising, and several streets are already inundated. Some damage was caused by the high water in the streets near the shore. Many houses are flooded, the sea breaking in the doors and washing the furniture away. Several persons were drowned. Most all the telegraph lines on the island are down, and communication is much interrupted. At Seaga several vessels went ashore and were wrecked. The cane crop suffered severely at Quiebra Hacha. All the villages along the coast suffered severely from the floods. The English schooner Mischief was wrecked, and is a total loss. The crew were saved.

Battles with the Insurgents.

Official reports state that insurgents one thousand strong surprised a Spanish column near Holquin. During the engagement the Spanish commander was wounded and taken prisoner. The Spanish loss in killed, wounded and prisoners was one hundred and twenty five.

The remainder of the column was reinforced and pursued the insurgents, encountering them in their encampment at Chaparral. The insurgents were beaten and obliged to abandon their camp. The Spanish loss in this engagement was eleven killed and several wounded. The insurgent loss is reported to be double that number.

A body of insurgents in the Central Department, under Maximo Gomez, attacked Santa del Sur, but were repulsed, leaving thirteen killed in the village. The Spanish loss was one officer and five soldiers killed.

A letter from Gibral, dated the 2d, says a Spanish force, four hundred strong, under command of Col. Dieguz, was defeated at Canodohondo by the united insurgent bands, on September 29th. The insurgents afterward attacked another village, but were repulsed, with a loss of seven killed. Two hundred and seventy men of the column of Dieguz reunited and joined the force of Col. Esponda.

Firing was heard on the 2d inst. at Guqua, between Alideron and San Cristoral, where Col. Esponda came up with the insurgents. The result of the engagement is unknown. Precautionary defensive measures have been taken here.

SPAIN.

A Government Squadron off Cartagena.

MADRID, October 11.—A Government squadron is anchored four miles from Cartagena.

Ministers from the Colonies.

MADRID, October 11.—Ministers from Guatemala and Costa Rica have arrived. They have instructions to recognize the Republic.

Conspiracy to Assassinate President Castelar.

MADRID, October 12.—There is a doubtful rumor in circulation that a conspiracy has been discovered to assassinate Senor Castelar.

Don Alphonso Waiting for the Throne.

The "Alphonsiste Club" has issued a manifesto delaring that the time has come to prepare for the accession of Don Alphonso to the throne of Spain.

Official Visits.

Senor Castelar yesterday paid official visits to Gen. Sickles, the American Minister, and Mr. Layard, the British Minister.

Carlists Burning their Dead.

A large number of Carlists who were defeated at La Jonquera have taken refuge in France. They first made a large funeral pyre and burned all the bodies of their dead.

A Naval Battle Imminent at Cartagena.

A dispatch from La Palma, near Cartagena, dated Saturday afternoon, reports that the commander of the insurgent frigates promised to offer battle that day to the Government squadron off the port. Cannonading had been heard for the last two hours, and it was believed that a naval fight was in progress. The British, French, German and Italian men-of-war had arrived at Escanabres. Merchant vessels were leaving the harbor of Cartagena, and the foreigners who remained were hurried by preparing to leave the city.

MEXICO.

Government Reforms.

CITY OF MEXICO, October 2, via Havana.—The priests of the church of St. Loretta and all parishes have ex-communicated all who recognize the constitution and reforms instituted by the Government. The Jesuits have been ordered to leave the country at the first opportunity. The President issued a decree the day following the publication of the reforms and additions to the constitution proclaimed on the 25th ult., commanding all functionaries and Government employes to affirm without reservation the reforms, and to guard and cause to be guarded the additions to the constitution, under penalty of forfeiture of position.

Congress has decreed the following: The Church and State shall be separate. Congress cannot make laws establishing or prohibiting any religion. Matrimony is to be a civil contract. Religious institutions cannot possess property. A simple promise to speak the truth, complying with obligations contracted, with penalties in case of violation, is substituted for a religious oath. Nobody is obliged to give his or her services without just compensation. No contract is to be permitted which aims at the sacrifice of the liberty of a man in the matter of work, education and religious vows. The laws thus do not recognize monastic orders, nor permit their establishment by any denomination or under any pretense, and no contract will be allowed to be made among persons consenting to their own proscription or banishment.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Specie Shipments.

LONDON, October 11.—Five hundred thousand dollars in specie were shipped from Liverpool for New York.

Funeral of Sir Edwin Landseer.

LONDON, October 11.—The funeral services of the late Sir Edwin Landseer took place to day at St. Paul's Cathedral. The body was taken from Burlington House, accompanied by a procession of the members of the Royal Academy, including Earl Granville, Sir Francis Grant, Geo. Robert Leslie and George Croukshank. The Queen and Prince of Wales were represented at the funeral. The body was deposited in the crypt of the Cathedral.

Disorderly Meeting in Cork.

LONDON, October 11—2:30 A. M.—There was an immense open air demonstration at Cork yesterday in favor of Fenian amnesty, home rule and rights of labor. Twenty thousand persons took part. The proceedings were accompanied with much disorder.

AUSTRIA.

Destitute Americans in Vienna.

VIENNA, October 11.—Jay, the American Minister, has written to Washington, recommending that provision be made for sending home from Vienna a number of waiters, laborers and other Americans, who are now in that city in a destitute condition.

Many travelers, who hold letters of credit from suspended houses in the United States, find themselves without funds, and are compelled to accept friendly subscriptions to enable them to return home.

ASIA.

Movements of Russian Troops.

ST. PETERSBURG, October 11.—Intelligence has been received from Central Asia that the Mangyschiak detachment of the Khivan expedition evacuated Khiva on the 21st of August. The Orenburg detachment left Urga on the 11th of September, and is expected at Orenburg on the 14th of this month.

HAYTI.

The Chambers Closed.

JACMEL, October 6.—Owing to the opposition to the Ministry by the Haytian Chambers, President Saget closed the Chambers. This act, it is said, will make certain the election to the Presidency of Saget's friend, Gen. Domingue.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 11, 1873.

A Railway Treasurer Charged with Fraud.

The Rockford, Rock Island and St. Louis Railroad Company charge Henry H. Boody, their former Treasurer and Director, with fraudulently retaining two hundred and forty-five thousand dollars, and with obtaining, as a secret partner with contractors, whose contract was finally annulled, about thirty-two thousand dollars as his profits. An attachment was granted by Justice Leonard against his property, with an order of arrest, bailable at one hundred thousand dollars, on an *exparte* statement. The defendant thereupon moved, denying the charges, for the vacation of both orders, on the ground that they were inconsistent. The Court, at a special term, holding that it could not inquire into the merits, decided that though both orders could not be obtained, the plaintiff might elect which one should be continued. The defendant appealed, and the appeal was argued yesterday before the general term, his counsel claiming that the Court erred in both respects. The Court, however, affirmed the order of the Court below.

The Case of Geo. B. Grinnell & Co.

The case of George Bird Grinnell & Co. came up to-day before Judge Blatchford. The firm's counsel said they had no objection to be adjudicated involuntary bankrupts. Evarts, representing some of the creditors, charged collusion between the petitioning creditor and the firm, and asked to have the application dismissed and the injunction dissolved. Forty other lawyers representing individual creditors made similar motions. After discussion it was agreed to let the case, as far as related to the special firm, go over until Saturday next.

The case of the general firm was then begun. Evarts agreed that the petitioning creditor has no interest of any consequence in the matter, that a continuance of the injunction would do injustice to large creditors, who hold pledged securities for the indebtedness of the firm to them, and which they are unable to dispose of on account of the injunction, and that there was collusion between Grinnell & Co. and Meyers. The counsel for the firm admitted that Grinnell & Co. had given Meyers notice of their condition. The decision was reserved.

Suit by the Ex-City Treasurer of Brooklyn.

Ex City Treasurer Sprague, of Brooklyn, has brought suit in the Supreme Court against M. T. Rodman, the City of Brooklyn, the Brooklyn Trust Company, and others, to recover the money he refunded to the city. He holds Rodman responsible for the stealings, makes charges of fraud against the others, and contends that he stole nothing from the City Treasury.

Suicide.

Augustus E. Phillips, ex-United States Consul at Santiago de Cuba, cut his throat at the Crittenden House this morning. It is supposed that he had been rendered temporarily insane by the financial troubles.

Stokes' Case.

Stokes' trial was resumed this morning. The eighth juror was sworn and the Court adjourned till Monday.

Imports.

The total imports for the week were $7,219,709, of which $5,128,585 were general merchandise, and $2,091,112 dry goods.

Sailed for Home.

A number of foreign delegates to the Evangelical Alliance sailed for home to day.

SPORTING NEWS.

Yachting.

NEW YORK, October 11.—The ocean yacht race from Sandy Hook to Cape May and return, for the Bennett Cup, value $1,000, and three purses amounting respectively to $1,000, $500 and $250, for schooner yachts, pilot boats, working schooners and fishing schooner smacks, terminated to-day. The Enchantress won the first prize, the pilot boat Thomas S. Negus the second, and the pilot boat James W. Ellwell the third. Rough weather was experienced. The Enchantress made the quickest run on record, sailing ninety miles in ten hours.

The Turf.

JEROME PARK, October 11.—First race, 2 miles; won by Tom Bowling; time: 3:37¾.

Second race, 2¼ miles; won by Breakness; time: 4:08¾.

Third race, for two-year-olds; ¾ mile; won by Grinstead; time: 1:17¾.

Fourth race, 1 mile heats; won by Springbok; time: 1:46¼, 1:48 and 1:48½.

Fifth race, 1½ miles; won by Grey Planet; time: 2:05¾.

ST. LOUIS.

Joseph H. Fore Sentenced.

ST. LOUIS, October 11.—The motion for a new trial in the case of Joseph H. Fore was overruled by Judge Primm to-day, and the prisoner sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court.

IMPORTANT INTELLIGENCE.

An Item for the Million.

Reducing stock is the order of the day, and as money is pretty scarce, prices are generally no object. Mr. Tobias, of No. 13 Sixth street, who has been doing an extensive and successful business for some years past, owing to declining health, intends to close out his entire stock of ready-made clothing, and will make up in the most fashionable style his very extensive stock of cloths, cassimeres, vestings, &c., which are of the very choicest make, at a price that will really astonish all. He bought his stock when the market was *way down*, and consequently got the very best of bargains. He intends to entirely quit his business, and will probably make a tour of the European continent the coming Spring for his health. As Mr. Tobias' physians have advised him that he must give up his business, this is a *bona fide* and legitimate closing out sale of one of the most extensive and choicest clothing stocks in the city, and those in want of bargains had better call at once at Big 13, Sixth street.

25 TO 50 PER CENT. SAVED

BY BUYING YOUR

Fancy Goods,
Solid Gold and Gold Plated Jewelry,
Table and Pocket Cutlery,
Silver Plated Ware,
Fine Mantle and Toilet Sets, Vases, &c.,
Satchels,
Traveling Bags,
Valises,
Walnut Brackets,
Racks,
Wall Pockets, &c.,

AT

D. W. EVANS'

POPULAR

One Price Department Store,

No. 59 FIFTH AVENUE, Masonic Hall Building.

☞NOW IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS.

THE STRICKEN CITY.

What Pittsburgh is Doing—Additional Contributions.

Pittsburgh is responding nobly to the demand made on her charity, and it is hoped that the contributions will continue as well as they have commenced. In addition to those heretofore published we give the following: Duff & Campbell, $5; John Dunlap, $25; William Barnes, $1; Moorhouse & Carsten, $5; Love & Co., $5; Diamond Savings Bank, $10; Wm Frame, $2; Edwin Kincaid, $5; Singer, Nimick & Co., $50; Mitchell, Stevenson & Co., $5; Graff, Hugus & Co., $5; Jesse H. Lippincott, $5; McKeown, Thompson & Co., $5; M. Silverman, $5; cash from sundry parties, $14.45; John A. Harper, $10; Orlando M. Harper, $10; C. Ihmsen & Sons, $25; Wm. Thaw, $100; Eliza Ann Steele, $1; Thomas R. Kerr, $5; Geo. Lysle & Sons, $25; G. Schleiter & Co., $5; Joseph Zimmerman, $2; D. Wallace, $5; D. H. Voscomb, $2; Harris & Ewing, $25; Thos. R. Kerr, $5; McCandless, Son & Co., $5; J. H. Parker, $5; John Roth & Sons, $5; Henry Rea, Jr., $5; F. W. Jenkinson, $10; H. P. Hays & Son, $5; J. Fullerton, $5; cash from sundry parties, $14.50; S. H. Erwin, 50 cents.

The following copy of a letter sent to Memphis Saturday, explains itself:

A. D. Langstaff, Esq., President Howard Association, Memphis, Tenn.

DEAR SIR:—Enclosed please find Adams Express Company's receipt for one thousand dollars, sent to your address this day, for the relief of the sick and destitute of your afflicted citizens.

I also enclosed you a similar receipt for one thousand dollars on 9th instant.

R. C. GRAY,
Chairman Pittsburgh Relief Committee.

It is earnestly requested that those who desire to contribute to the relief of the citizens of unfortunate Memphis will hand in their contributions to the Committee at the Mayor's office as early as possible. The contributions are sent to men of known integrity in Memphis, and none need fear that the money will not be faithfully and judiciously used for the purpose contemplated. Contributions can also be sent to the Treasurer at N. Holmes & Sons.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

128.--B. & B.--128.

Having Taken Advantage

Of the late PANIC, and purchased a large stock of all kinds of Goods at less than value, we take pleasure in announcing

Unusual Bargains

IN EACH DEPARTMENT.

ONE HUNDRED

Ladies' Walking Jackets

AND

DOLMANS

From $10 up to $45, which are $5 to $15 Less than Market price on each.

50 cent Black Alpacas at 37½c.
60 cent Black Alpacas at 45c.
$1 25 Black Waterproofs at $1.00.
$1.65 Black Waterproofs at $1.25.
Good Black Waterproof at 87½c.
Very fine Waterproof in Blue, Gray and Green Mixed.

New Dress Goods

In all the fashionable Shades

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

BOGGS & BUHL

128 Federal St.

ALLEGHENY.

ALLEN KIRKPATRICK & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Seed Dealers,

271 Liberty Street.

We have now in store a complete assortment of

Groceries,
Flour, Spices,
Tobaccos,
Cheese, Oils,
Timothy Seed, &c.,

Which we are prepared to sell at

LOWEST MARKET RATES.

Goods shipped promptly.

Allen Kirkpatrick & Co.,

Wholesale Grocers and Seed Dealers,

271 LIBERTY ST.

OFFICE OF CLERKS OF COUNCILS, City Building, (Second Story,) ALLEGHENY CITY, October 11, 1873.

Opening of Fulton Street.

Notice is hereby given that the report of Viewers on the opening of Fulton street was approved by Councils October 9, 1873.

Objections to the report must be filed within ten days.

The report can be seen in this office.

ROLAND T. WHITE,
Clerk of Select Council.

oc13:194

OFFICE OF CLERKS OF COUNCILS, City Building, (Second Story,) ALLEGHENY CITY, October 11, 1873.

Opening of Strawberry Lane.

Notice is hereby given that the report of Viewers on the opening of Strawberry Lane was confirmed by Councils October 9, 1873.

Objections to the report must be filed within ten days.

The report can be seen in this office.

ROLAND T. WHITE,
Clerk of Select Council.

oc13-193

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

☞DESIRING THAT THE PUBLIC should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested to leave their orders at the office of the respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they will receive prompt attention.

R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

DIVIDENDS

TREASURER'S OFFICE, SHARPSBURG & LAWRENCEVILLE BRIDGE CO., SHARPSBURG, October 9, 1873.

☞DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE PRESIDENT and Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 20th of October, at the Farmers and Mechanics' Savings Bank, Sharpsburg.

[illegible] CLANEY, Treasurer.

POLITICAL.

☞FOURTEENTH WARD REPUBLICANS.

The Republican Vigilance Committee of the FOURTEENTH WARD, PITTSBURGH, Together with all the citizens of the ward, are requested to meet on

MONDAY EVENING, October 13th,

AT 7:30 o'clock, at the

Soho School House.

Prompt attendance is requested.

HENRY LLOYD, Chairman.

oc13

☞REPUBLICAN MARCHING CLUB.

THE PARADE OF THE

SIXTH WARD MARCHING CLUB

Will take place on

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 13th.

Members of the Club and others desiring to join are requested to meet at

THE ANN STREET SCHOOL HOUSE

At 7 o'clock sharp. By order,

ROBERT FOWLER, Marshal.

oc13

☞REPUBLICAN MEETING.

A Mass Meeting of the Republicans of

Sharpsburg and Vicinity,

Will be held at Sharpsburg on

Monday Evening, Oct. 13, at 7 1-2 o'clock.

Speakers.

A. M. WATSON, ESQ.,
GEO. W. DE CAMP, ESQ.,
DAVID KIRK, ESQ.,
CAPT. J. P. HAYMAKER.

A Brass Band will be present.

JAMES McBRIER, Chairman Com. on Meetings and Speakers.
W. G. HAWKINS, JR., Secretary. oc11:188

☞REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING AT

Hezlep's Store, Turtle Creek,

On Monday Evening, October 13th,

At 7½ o'clock. Speakers,

HON. JAS. S. NEGLEY,
HON. H. H. McCORMICK,
HON. J. C. NEWMYER,
C. C. MONTOOTH, ESQ.

JAMES McBRIER, Chairman Com. on Speakers and Meetings.
W. G. HAWKINS, JR., Secretary. oc11:187

MEETINGS.

☞NOTICE.—A MEETING OF THE stockholders of the LOYAL HANNA COAL & COKE CO. will be held at the Union Depot, on FRIDAY, October 17th, 1873, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of the Company. A full attendance is requested. By order of the Board.

L. H. BAKER, President.

oc7:178

☞ADVERTISEMENTS on this page under the several heads of "WANTED," "FOR SALE," "TO LET," &c., will be inserted for transient rates only, TEN CENTS PER LINE for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than FIFTY CENTS.

WANTS.

WANTED.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars

IN SUMS OF

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS

AND UPWARD.

The very best of security will be given and a

GOOD INTEREST PAID.

Persons having money to invest are invited to call on

Luther S. Kauffman,

BROKER,

No 93 Fourth Avenue.

All classes of mark table securities bought and sold on commission only. oc13-195

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

Seventy-five Quarrymen.

FIFTY AT

Cairn's Station,

Twenty five miles from the city on the Allegheny Valley Road. Apply on the ground.

ALSO, TWENTY-FIVE AT

Coleman's Station,

Eight miles from the city, on the Allegheny Valley Road. Apply to the FOREMAN, on the ground.

oc7:174

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—IOWA LANDS—in part payment for a HOUSE in Pittsburgh or Allegheny. Address BOX "L," GAZETTE office. se29

$5.00 TO $25.00 MADE IN ONE day. Send stamp for circular to EDWARDS BROS., 37 Sixth street, Pittsburgh. se25:255-GE

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

10 000 bushels Barley;
1500 bushels Rye;
100 tons choice T. Hay.
L. G. GRAFF & CO.,
376 Penn avenue.

oc11:190

FOR SALE—A GOOD PAYING NEWSpaper route. For particulars, enquire at Counting Room of this office at 5 P. M., to-day.

FOR SALE—1 SECOND-HAND NO. 1 Planer and Matcher, 1 second-hand No. 1 Ball Moulder, 3 slides, 1 second-hand [illegible] second-hand Engines, all in good order.

M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—MANUFACTURING SITE in Eighth ward, Allegheny, 104 feet on River avenue, extending back to W. P. R. R., 236 feet, Fifth avenue. [illegible] K. BLAIR, 68 Fifth avenue. [illegible]

FOR SALE—OAK, ASH, HICKORY, WALNUT and POPLAR LUMBER, seasoned HOLLISTER & LAMB, Office No. 8 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh; Yard 7, 9 and 11 Darragh street, Allegheny. [illegible]

FOR SALE.—JOHN M. COOPER'S STEAM PUMPS. For all purposes for which Steam Pumps are used. These are superior to any BOILER FEED PUMPS guaranteed to pump water heated to 212 degrees. Heaters furnished when desired. Address JOHN M. COOPER, [illegible] street.

FOR SALE—THE SUBSCRIBER HAS for sale five very excellent YOUNG HORSES from five to eight years old, sound in body and limbs, and five very fast steppers, none of them being less than four minute horses; and some of them a great deal faster. He also has for sale twelve good CART HORSES, aged from seven to ten years, and all warranted sound and in good condition.

S. P. JOHNSON, Monongahela City.

Desirable Residence for Sale

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

3 STORY DWELLING HOUSE

with all modern improvements, eligibly located, fronting on East Park.

Possession given immediately.

Inquire on the premises, No. 44 Union avenue, corner North Diamond street, Allegheny City.

oc25:173

FOR SALE—ONE TWO-STORY

BRICK HOUSE,

Of 9 Rooms, Including Wash House, Bath Room and Kitchen; Range, Hot and Cold Water and Gas throughout, situate

No. 225 North Avenue, Allegheny

This House fronting on the Park, commands the best view of the Country and City Home. Also, a Cottage House of 4 Rooms, No. 66 Boyle street. Lot 20 by 80 feet. Will be sold on easy terms. Price $5,000, on easy payments.

Also, Beautiful Building Sites at Hoboken.

Inquire of R. ROBINSON, at the Hoboken Savings Bank, 170 Liberty street.

GARBER & WILLIAMS,

SUCCESSORS TO HIGBY, CUST & CO.,

FRENCH CHINA,

Fine Glass and Queensware,

IN OPEN STOCK, AT LOW PRICES.

189 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. 189

WHOLESALE HOUSE!

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

MARKET STREET,

OFFER TO

CLOSE CASH BUYERS

All the advantages to be had East or West in special

LOW PRICES.

EVERY DEPARTMENT OF STOCK

Has been fully replenished during the past week and will be found complete.

Felt Skirts,
Repellants,
Shawls,
Dress Goods,
Merino Underwear,
Gloves,
Wool and Merino Hosiery,
Shaker Knit Socks,
Yarns, Zephyrs,
Woolen Knit Goods,
Barred and Plain Flannels,
Country and Eastern Blankets,
Embroideries,
Handkerchiefs,
Laces, Lace Goods,
Notions,
Small Wares,
Hoop Skirts, Corsets,
Millinery Goods,
Velvets,
Velveteens,

AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS.

HENRY McCALLUM,

51 FIFTH AVENUE.

Newly Imported Fall Stock

BRUSSELS CARPETS,

AND OIL CLOTHS.

Axminsters, Wiltons, Tapestrys, Extra 3 Plys, Superior and Common Ingrains, &c., Choicest Styles.

GEO. B. HILL, C. HANSON LOVE, JAS. E. HILL

GEORGE B. HILL & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

58 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

OFFER FOR SALE

City of Pittsburgh Seven Per Cent. Bonds

At Par and Interest, Free from Taxation.

We Buy and sell on commission all kinds of

Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, Government Securities, Negotiable Paper, &c.

Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on time deposits. Passage Tickets by the Nations Line, comprising some of the largest steamships afloat, from or to London, Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, DRAFTS payable on demand in any part of England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

GEORGE B. HILL & CO.

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

Wholesale Exclusively.

LARGEST STOCK, NEWEST GOODS,

At Lowest Eastern Prices.

Sole Agents for Fullerton's, Greenville and Allegheny Barred Flannels, Blankets and Yarns. Bradley's and other makes at Mill price.

BUYERS ARE INVITED TO CALL AT

239 and 241 Liberty St., Pittsburgh

AKRON SEWER PIPE CO.,

AKRON, OHIO.

Principal Office, Penn avenue and Tenth Street, Pittsburgh

Branch Office, 65 and 67 Sandusky Street, Allegheny.

FRANK ADAMS, President. D. L. KING, Secretary. CHAS. BROWN, Gen. Agent.

Make the Best Sewer Pipe in the World.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST ALWAYS.

Call or send for Circulars and Price List. We also sell

Chimney Tops, Hot and Coal Air Flues; also, Chimney Flues and Other Terra Cotta Ware.

N. B.—Direct all communications to "Akron Sewer Pipe Co.," corner Penn avenue and Tenth street. Make checks, &c., payable to the order of same corporate name.

OFFICE UNION BRIDGE CO., Pittsburgh, September 18, 1873.

NOTICE TO RIVER MEN.

Notice is hereby given to those interested in the Navigation of the Allegheny river, that the Contractor for the Stonework of Union Bridge, across the Allegheny river at the Point, Pittsburgh, has commenced work. Pier No. 4 is located on north side of channel, distant 213 feet from shore. The other Piers will be located each 213 feet apart across the river to Allegheny Island. The Contractor will keep a RED LIGHT by night on the Channel Pier as a signal of danger.

By order of the Board of Directors.

F. W. SMITH, Chief Engineer.

A Safe Investment for Capitalists.

For sale, the following BONDS, secured by MORTGAGE on VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THIS COUNTY, being part of purchase money unpaid.

One Bond for $3,000, due February 1876.
One Bond for $3,000, due February 1877.
One Bond for $3,000, due February 1878.
One Bond for $3,000, due February 1879.

Any person wishing to purchase one or all of these bonds, will address, stating terms,

"B. D.," GAZETTE office.

oc11:186

TAGS

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS will save money by using DENNISON'S PATENT SHIPPING TAGS.

Over 200 millions have been used within the past ten years, without complaint of loss by tags becoming detached. All Express Companies use them. Sold by Printers and Stationers everywhere.

ABDIEL McCLURE & CO.,

362 PENN STREET.

Dealers in Brooms, Broom Material, W[illegible] Rug Frames, Willow and Wooden Ware, [illegible]

MERCHANT TAILOR.

B. TIEGEL,

NO. 58 SMITHFIELD STREET,

Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES for Fall Wear, at LOWEST PRICES.

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING,..........N. P. REED,
T. P. HOUSTON,..........D. L. FLEMING,
GEO. W. REED.

KING, REED & CO., Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1873.
DAILY GAZETTE.

By mail, per annum	$10 00
Do. for six months	5 00
Do. for three months	2 50
Do. for one month	1 00
By the week, payable to Agent or Carrier	15

All remittances should be made by express or in money orders, and when so forwarded will be at our risk.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single Subscribers	$1 50
Clubs of five	1 25
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KING, REED & CO.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1873.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
ISAAC G. GORDON, Jefferson county.
STATE TREASURER,
ROBERT W. MACKEY, Allegheny county.

COUNTY TICKET.

PRESIDENT JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
THOMAS EWING, Pittsburgh.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
J. W. F. WHITE, Sewickley.
STATE SENATOR,
GEORGE H. ANDERSON, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
HENRY H. McCORMICK, Pittsburgh.
Second City District,
S. J. WAINWRIGHT, Pittsburgh.
County Districts,
J. C. NEWMYER, Wilkins,
A. B. YOUNG, Robinson.
A. C. HAYS, Pittsburgh, (South Side.)
B. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley
HENRY GERWIG, Allegheny.
PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY, Pittsburgh.
COUNTY TREASURER,
SAMUEL KILGORE, Pittsburgh.
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
AUGUSTUS BECKERT, Pittsburgh, 3 years.
JAMES G. MURRAY, Upper St. Clair, 2 years.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN McCLELLAND, West Deer.
CORONER,
WILLIAM McCALLIN, Pittsburgh.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
THOMAS VARNER, Baldwin.

BONDS at Frankfort 97½.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 40f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 108¼.

SECRETARY ROBINSON is diligently at work interrogating the saved Polaris crew. It is intimated that the mate has positively denied having said that Hall was poisoned. One good result has attended the course pursued by the Secretary in his investigation,—we have been saved from reliance on random and irresponsible assertions.

THE ladies have caught the prevailing spirit of the times, and do not propose hereafter to exert their influence in behalf of any candidate for office who does not favor woman suffrage. Isn't this thing of carrying every sort of specialty into politics getting overdone? A candidate is naturally solicitous for votes. But all kinds of people, with all sorts of hobbies, assail him, and unless he distinctly pledges himself to everything, he is threatened with a loss of votes. Really this is not the best way of securing reform.

THE present political canvass in New Jersey, for Legislative candidates, involves the election of a United States Senator, in place of Hon. John P. Stockton. It is reported that Secretary Robeson is the candidate of Republicans for the position. There is a probability, however, of a close and hard contest. The theory has always been held, "as goes Newark, so goes the State." The charter election in Newark occurs on Tuesday next, the same day as the election in this State. Mayor Ricord, the present incumbent, is renominated. But there are things against him which leads the Democrats to hope for success. We hope it may not prove as we fear,—else Republicans will not troubled with electing a United States Senator.

OF COURSE, the thousand and one expedients for gaining an extra vote for a favorite candidate, or for breaking in upon the unity of party tickets will be resorted to to-morrow. Stickers, mixed tickets, counterfeits, tickets with the heading of one party, but with the candidates of the other party, will be used. We simply advise our Republican friends to secure their tickets, and to vote intelligently and early. There is no more reason, after the usual election-day tricks have been in use for so many years, why a person should be deceived by them, than why they should be tricked by three-card monte. The tickets to be found in the columns of the GAZETTE are correct. We publish the regular Republican ticket at the head of our editorial columns. Compare it with the one offered you to vote, and you will be sure to be right.

THE New York *Evening Post*, in arguing against an increase of currency, accepts figures which state the present currency volume to be as follows: Legal tenders, $356,000,000; bank notes, $344,000,000, less $150,000,000 bank reserve, which makes our total circulating medium $550,000,000. Before the war, $390,000,000, leaving the increase at $160,000,000. If we deduct from this the $100,000,000 which can be fairly shown to be lost in fires and by wear and tear, and hoarded by the colored people at the South, we have an actual circulation of but $60,000,000 in excess of what it was before the war. The *Post* argues that bills of deposit, notes, drafts, and the like, make up a sufficiency. These are not circulating medium in any proper sense, but dead money. Could a more forcible argument be offered *for* an increase of currency than is thus offered *against* it?

THE Summer and early Fall have been devoted, at the East, to the settlement of some local questions of considerable importance. In Connecticut the Capital question has been a plague for many years. Hartford and New Haven were alternately capital cities. It has been decided, after a bitter canvass, to make Hartford the only Capital of the State. In Boston, the annexing spirit has been rife. Four outlying towns,—Charleston, Brighton, West Roxbury, and Brookline, were to be consolidated with Boston, but West Roxbury voted against it. The three towns that were consolidated, represent,—Charlestown 30,000 population, Brighton 4,970, and Brookline 8,683. The effects of the whole is to give the city a population of 299,136; a valuation of $[illegible],000,000; a taxable area of 22,983½ acres. The valuation of Brookline is $28,476,000, of Brighton $14,585,531, and of West Roxbury $23,148,600. These consolidation movements are always bitterly opposed, and yet very popular when once accomplished.

THE people of New York begin to realize that they are not free from financial trouble yet. The Committe of Seventy has dissolved; but whether because they felt that their work was done, or because they despaired of properly accomplishing it, they do not say. In the meantime some very disagreeable revelations are coming to light. It has been ascertained that about 10,000,000 has been added to the city debt during the year, and financial affairs have become muddled till no one can make anything of them. Comptroller Green is charged with incompetency and even with corruption. There is a trouble in New York which may be found in other cities as well. It is the disposition to allow financial matters to be conducted in a happy-go-lucky manner so long as bonds can be sold and money obtained on them. The fact that pay-day *must* come seems to be pushed aside as a disagreeble thought. It is far better, and the only safe course, to make each year pay its current expenses and even provide a *pro rata* for the sinking fund as a means of meeting indebtedness contracted for permanent improvements. Corporations, any more than individuals, cannot continually contract debt without being ultimately brought face to face with the idea of repudiation. The heavy and increasing volume of debt in New York ought certainly to alarm property holders, and lead to some steps toward liquidation.

THE EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.

Yesterday the various services and formal meetings of the Evangelical Alliance, which for ten days past has been in session in New York, came to a close. To say that it has been a grand success does not fully express the completeness and value of its proceedings. It has been more than an interesting, agreeable, or even instructive occasion. Papers of great ability and exhaustive research were read, and christianity, in its manifold relations, was maturely considered. But even more valuable than the fund of information, was the development of christian feeling, and unity illusrated. The peculiarity of this unity was defined. It is not denominational; on the contrary, denominationalism was defined as necessary and important. Pere Hyacinthe, it is true, in his letter, hinted at something closer than mere unity of spirit and fraternal feeling, but this was exceptional. The general, and even uniform drift of sentiment was in favor of denominations, but with a cordial and fraternal spirit among them. In the number and character of the delegates present, in the variety of nations represented, and the ability displayed, the Alliance has been all and more than was anticipated. The interest excited has also been quite remarkable, and the popular interest in the proceedings may fairly be spoken of as wonderful.

In the discussion of elements and organizations regarded as opposed to Evangelical Christianity—Catholicism, Unitarianism and Scientific Scepticism were singled out. Catholicism was considered under the heading of "Popery since the Vatican Council, and Ultramontanism." Several papers were read—the first by Prof. J. A. Dorner, D. D., of the University of Berlin, on "The Dogma of Infallibility as promulgated by the Vatican Council." The second was by Prof. Roswell D. Hitchcock, D. D., of Union Theological Seminary, New York, on "Nominal Protestantism." The third discourse was upon the "Revival of Popery in France—Pilgrimages, &c.," which was delivered impromptu by the Rev. George Fisch, D. D., of Paris. The fourth paper was by the Rev. Leopold Witte, of Goethen, Prussia, on the subject of "The German Empire and Modern Ultramontanism." At another place of meeting three papers were read on the general topic of "The Old Catholics in Conflict with Romanism." The first of these was on "Papal Infallibility and Old Catholicism," by Prof. W. Kraft, D. D., of the University of Bonn, Prussia; the second was by Prof. C. Pronier, D. D., of the Theological Seminary, Free Church, Geneva; and the last was an impromptu address by the Rev. R. S. Storrs, D. D., of Brooklyn. At a third meeting, the general topic discussed was, "The Principles of the Reformation and the Evangelization of Roman Catholic Countries." The speakers were the Right Rev. George D. Cummings, D. D., of Kentucky, on "Roman and Reformed Doctrine of Justification;" Prof. George P. Fisher, D. D., of Yale College, on "Protestantism and Romanism Compared in their Relation to Modern Civilzation;" the Rev. T. Lorriaux, of Paris, on "Evangelization of Roman Catholics in France;" the Rev. Frank Coulin, D. D. of Geneva, on "The Training required to enable Protestant Ministers effectually to meet the Intellectual Demands of the Age;" and by President Alvah Hovey, D. D., of Newton Theological Institution, Mass., on "Religious Liberty." We mention the topics and speakers to illustrate the range and class of speakers involved in the discussion.

A feature of the proceedings above referred to was the letter from the "old Catholics," signed by Bishop Reinkins and others. This letter was the outgrowth of an original purpose to send three delegates to the Alliance, but as this became impracticable, the letter was prepared. In this letter they have gone much further in their declaration of Protestant beliefs than they have often ventured before. They announce their determination to facilitate the union of all Christian churches by pruning off the various doctrines and rules of discipline "which have been introduced by men, and restoring those rules which rest upon the foundation Christ the Lord has laid." In the pursuit of this plan they have already renounced sacramental absolution and the *cultus* of the Saints and the Virgin Mary, and have given up many devotional practices which seem to be thoroughly ingrained with Catholic life. Their separation from the Roman church, in short, is absolute and final, and as time rolls on it will become wider and wider.

The view taken of the dangers from scientific skepticism is, that the tendency of anti-religious thought is Atheistic and Pantheistic. President Porter, of Yale College, in his paper on "The Relations of Modern Literature to Christianity," while admitting the genius and pure moral purpose of many of the great leaders in literature, claimed that the general tendency of their teachings was anti-religious. Goethe, Carlyle and Emerson, he thought, were leaders of the Pantheistic school. Spencer, Mill, Tyndall and Darwin are leaders of the Atheistic school. Without analyizing his remarks, or expending an opinion as to their correctness, we may refer to Prof. Guyot, of Princeton College, New Jersey, who, taking another course from President Porter, sought to harmonize the teachings of Darwin with the revelations of scripture. Both papers above referred to were unexceptionable in spirit, broad and catholic in view, and able presentations of the topics treated.

Of course, the discussions took a much broader range than we have intimated. Perhaps the most practical papers and addresses submitted, were those on preaching. Dr. Cairnes, Dr. Kidder, Henry Ward Beecher, and Dr. Parker, of London, beside others, treated this subject in a manner that commanded the most earnest sympathy of the vast audiences present. The uniformity of their views, and the sound practical sense displayed, made their addresses particularly noticeable. They insisted that preaching is as influential and important now, as ever it was, and as likely to command attention and influence, provided, it is strong, and practical and powerful. The great want of religion is *life* in the pulpit—preachers whose word is with *power*. The only source of this power is vivid religious feeling in the preacher himself, earnest and glowing enough to awaken the dormant religious sensibilities which no human being was ever born without. Evangelical Christianity needs new Baxters and Bunyans, new Wesleys and Whitefields; and when preachers like these, whose hearts burn within them, put an end to "the repose of the pulpit," and men regain a consciousness of the supreme value of the religious side of their nature, speculative infidelity will cease to be formidable, because the highest speculative intellects will then employ themselves in exploring and co ordinating what a vast body of living experience attests to be real. Beecher illustrates the idea.

"But I notice that wherever the stateliest eloquence and the richest wisdom prevail, without human feeling here and the inspiration of the Holy Ghost, the congregations are apt to be thin, and the ministrations of the sanctuary are ineffectual. Why do not people go to church more? One thinks it is this, and another thinks it is that. *You can open a church in a hovel, and let a voice go forth that has the power of touching men, and you will find it crowded and thronged. You do not want the cobs that used to have corn.* That which man wants is sappy food, refreshing food. Men are willing to be dealt with, to have their sins flashed in their faces; willing to have their conscience aroused, but do not want to be dandled; they want a preacher that takes hold of them in some way."

The criticism has been indulged that the many papers read and addresses delivered were of less value for the purposes aimed at, than would a single book of marked ability be. We do not think so. The pith of many books of the very highest order of ability was embodied in the addresses delivered. And these addresses and papers were heard, and will be read, by a vastly greater number than would be any book on such topics. The great value of the Alliance, however, was the gathering and commingling of Christians of diverse, and, as hitherto thought, even antagonistic sects, and the development of cordial Christian feeling and kindred sentiment and fraternal spirit as regards the essential work of all true Christians. It cannot fail to exert a powerful influence upon the Christian world; and this influence will be particularly beneficial in that it will promote unity and good fellowship the world over.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

THE Mayor of Cincinnati confesses his inability to close up the gambling dens in that city, and now the gamblers propose to close up the Mayor.

DURING the week ending September 21 there were 417 new cases of cholera reported in Vienna, and in the same period 103 deaths occurred from this disease in Paris.

THE Free Baptist Education Society, at its session at Farmington, N. H., subscribed $25,000 to Bates College. Only $8,000 now remain to be raised to secure $150,000 from Boston, $100,000 of which is from Mr. Bates.

A CALIFORNIA young lady, telling a gentleman about her Yosemite trip, said the scenery was gorgeous, but she didn't like their style of locomotion. "How's that? how did you locomote?" "Why, I had to ride *a la* clothes pin."

THE Chicago *Tribune* points out a use for counterfeit nickels. It says that they will pay fare on those street cars where the driver is "not allowed to receive money or deposit it." The Chicago people are obliged to be sharp in finding out those little tricks.

THE large stables belonging to Martin Hayes, in Boston, were burned on Saturday morning, with eighty-six horses. Forty were owned by Hayes, and the remainder by gentlemen in the neighborhood. The horses were valued at from $300 to $400 each.

IF grass does not grow in the streets of Boston, oats do. The *Transcript* tells us of a grain that by chance was deposited in a small hole worn in a flagstone near the Custom House, where it shot up a green stalk, only to be trodden down. The disparagers of the "hub" will draw the lesson.

Two shooting affrays occurred at Granada, the western terminus of the Atchison, Topeka and Sante Fe Railroad, last Friday night. One Mexican was killed by another, and Lieutenant Roe, of the Third Infantry, wounded by one Oliver, recently confined at Fort Lyon on a charge of being a thief.

JUDGE DEAN, of Blair county, Penn., has decided that a physician's prescription is not of itself a safeguard to a druggist who sells liquor without license. A druggist is liable to prosecution if he sells liquor, even on the prescription of a well-known physician, to persons known to use it as a beverage.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says, on the authority of Senator Cameron, that Senator Conkling will not accept the office of Chief Justice if tendered by the President, and that he proposes to retire from political life at the end of his Senatorial term, and devote himself in the future to the practice of law and making a fortune.

DURING the late war Dr. ——, entering the hospital surgery, met Paddy Doyle, the orderly, and asked him which he considered the most dangerous of the many cases then in the hospital. "That, sir," said Paddy, as, with an indicative jerk of the thumb, he pointed to where, on the table, lay a case of surgical instruments.

THE Deseret *News* is indignant at a San Francisco paper for having spoken of the "semi annual conference of the Mormons," when it would have been so easy to say "the semi-annual conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints." The *News* should understand that life is too short for the use of such long names.

AN exchange paper says that hogs, at this season, should have plenty of sulphur and powdered charcoal given to them in their food. The other ingredient of gunpowder—saltpetre—might also be administered. Then, by giving the hog a box of friction matches and letting it run, an explosion might be produced that would save the cost of butchering by blowing the animal into steaks and chops.

A CANADIAN has invented a method of producing gum from the milkweed plant, or other plants of the asclepia family, and from flax and other seeds, which consists in macerating and fermenting the substances, and then, by evaporation, reducing the resulting liquid to a thick, gummy mass. The gum thus produced is alleged to have many of the valuable qualities of rubber. It is insoluble in water, and may be vulcanized with sulphur.

EX-GOVERNOR PALMER, of Illinois, has written a letter on personal liberty and personal morals, in which he says he has no faith in the ministry of the police office as an agency for the promotion of morals, and pertinently adds: "Under our system of municipal government the authority of the local magistrate and of the police is practically absolute, and the helpless and the feeble are often outraged, and thousands are made criminals by being first treated as criminals."

IT will be interesting to the consumers of "Havana" cigars to learn that during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1872, 230,058 pounds of leaf tobacco, saying nothing of $49,618 worth of the manufactured article, were exported from our country to Cuba. When to this are added the facts that Cuba is also a large importer of South American tobacco, and that often importer's stamps find their way upon boxes of domestic cigars by some species of legerdemain understood in New York, consumers must not be surprised at occasionally finding the high priced foreign article no better that the cheap domestic.

THERE is said to be a good deal of ill feeling among the members of the Polaris party now at Washington against Captain Tyson, and the party seem to consider the reported poisoning of Captain Hall as charges specifically made by the Tyson party, and are much disturbed by the idea Tyson advanced that the separation from the party on the ice floe was intentional. This feeling has sprung up since Buddington's party learned of the statements made by the Tyson party, although the prominent men of the expedition before the separation were not in accord, and the crew were influenced by their divisions and did not champion any one.

THERE is now and then a person who is capable of writing an anonymous letter. We rejoice, for the credit of the race, that there are only a few of such people. A man or a woman who does it is fitted, by nature and soul, for the lowest condition of life. A pure thought or a noble purpose never entered that heart, for if it had even once found a foothold there, it would have left it too broad for such an action. Whenever we hear of a thing of the kind, we always feel to pity the shallow mind, or to deplore the moral deformity of the person who has been guilty of it. How a man can bring himself to the performance of such a deed surpasses our conception. How he can so degrade his manhood, or stain the honor of his character, to his own consciousness be so cowardly a thing, is exceedingly strange. We turn away our faces to hide the shame that flushes in crimson on our cheeks when we think such an one calls himself a man. We have always heard it said that it is very cowardly for a man to strike a woman; but it is princely courage to do it compared with the baseness of the man who, under the cover of a false name, or no name, writes a letter conveying words he has not the manliness to speak or endorse.—*Providence Journal.*

PERSONAL.

MR. FROUDE writes to a friend that all that he made by his transatlantic lectures was his expenses, his passage home and five hundred dollars.

LEANDER K. LIPPINCOTT, the husband of Grace Greenwood, and himself a writer both of prose and rhyme, has been appointed to the matter-of-fact position of Recorder of the Land Office in Washington.

THERE is a statement which has reached London, by way of India, that Queen Victoria was requested to create the Duke of Edinburgh "Prince of Hindostan," which territorial title would have satisfied the St. Petersburgh quidnuncs.

IT is said that Rev. Dr. Newman, Chaplain of the United States Senate, will not return from his inspection of consulates during the present year. This will render necessary the election of a new chaplain.

IF Andrew Johnson visits Washington he will break a long-continued precedent, official etiquette having been understood to demand that an ex-President should not return to the Capital as a citizen or outside politician after the inauguration of his successor.

THE Knoxville *Press and Herald* has ex-President Johnson as authority for the statement that he had $73,000 on deposit with the First National Bank, Washington, that he considers its recovery doubtful, and that if he loses it it will not exhaust his resources.

SENATOR SUMNER's letter to his lecture agent cancelling his engagements for the coming season contains the following gratifying allusion to his health: "I felt at the time in condition to assume this heavy work and am not conscious of any failure since. But much valued friends have represented to me that at this early period of convalescence after protracted disability, it would be imprudent for me not to allow myself further rest, and especially that I ought not to take a series of engagements so wearing as that proposed. Had this representation proceeded from a few only, or had my friends been divided or less strenuous, I should not perhaps have felt constrained, as I do now, by their unanimous judgment in letter and conversation, leaving me no alternative. It is with much reluctance and in obedience to the sentiments of those whose kindness awakens my gratitude, that I now withdraw, and ask you to cancel any engagements made on my account."

AUTUMN STYLES.

The Gradual Return to Simplicity—The Tendency to a Combination of the Comfortable and Attractive—Continuation of the Redingote—Walking Skirts and Evening Dresses.

Now that the fashions for Autumn and Winter are fully determined, it is well to consider what changes there really are. In the first place, the long desired and long promised return to a certain simplicity in ornamentation is partly effected. It is not very noticeable yet, for few perfectly new toilettes are seen; but in a few weeks the return will be plain. In street costumes the alteration is clearest. The absence of superfluous trimming from suits destined to be worn in all kinds of weather and in all conditions of city streets, is a sensible and artistic modification of past styles. Nothing that is unfit is artistic; and nothing can be more unfit than elaborate outdoor dresses in the season of mud and slush.

There is certainly a groping after something comfortable, and at the same time attractive, in feminine attire; and it is for this reason, as much as for the love of variety, that the fashions are subject to such perpetual changes. The groping, rather blind as yet, sometimes produces singular results; but it is always tending toward the objective point—a dress as well suited to the ordinary requirements of women as the dress of men is to their sex, and which shall be obnoxious to as few modifications. As a proof of this there need only be mentioned,

THE REDINGOTE,

which, when it first appeared last Spring, was hailed as the coming garment. Nothing half so comfortable, so easy to make, so generally becoming, has been produced for years, and the designer of it—it is hardly questionable that it must have been the choice of a woman—deserves well of her kind. Having run through Summer as the odd garment of a wardrobe, it has now assumed the chief position as the upper portion of a walking suit. Few costumes are made without it; the variations being a single skirt with long polonaise basque, and a few with overskirt and basque. The redingote has scarcely changed at all thus far; it is finished either with a two-inch hem, or bias band piped on the upper edge, as it has been since the beginning. The two rows of big buttons and the bound button holes are still its only trimming in front, but it is frequently made with two biases now, rendering it nearly, if not quite, tight fitting. The sash looped on the left side is as often dispensed with as used, and a plain belt clasping in front instead of behind, is regarded as the most elegant finish. When the redingote belongs to a suit, buttons covered with the same, or with silk to match, are proper. But when it is made of blue waterproof, diagonal cloths, ladies' cloth or any of the numerous heavy fabrics intended for it, and designed to wear with any skirt, then buttons of silver, jet and oxydized metals are admissible. Now and then a redingote is seen with a ruff in the neck instead of a coat collar; but it is so positive a mixture of styles—the eminently drawing room air of one being so totally at variance with the uncompromisingly outdoorishness of the other—that the experiment is not likely to become a fashion.

The severe aspect of the redingote, of course, admits of no coquetry in the remainder of the toilet. The skirt which accompanies it should be simple, and generally is. The

NEW WALKING SKIRTS

are shorter and scantier than heretofore. The French models barely touch the ground behind, and do not measure more than three yards and a half round the extreme edge. French ladies who, as compared with our women, scarcely walk at all, still have so great a horror of soil that they never drag their gowns over filthy sidewalks, even in their briefest promenades. A skirt designed for walking is cut with reference to its use, and not permitted to perform half the duty of the street sweeper. Undoubtedly we got our fashion of trailing skirts from Paris, but it was a fashion designed for the American market, supposed to be as extreme in the matter of modes as of manners.

THE TRIMMINGS

most attractive on the French suits are invariably flat: full ruffles, flounces, puffings, etc., having seemingly taken a long leave. One of the very prettiest costumes that has been shown is trimmed like this: an eight-inch straight side-plated flounce at the bottom, headed by a bias fold six inches wide, piped with velvet on the upper edge. Above this is a space half the width of the fold, and then a second fold. The overskirt—four yards of the silk, hollowed in the middle, on one edge, to fit over the figure in front, and gathered into the belt behind—is finished with a similar fold; the ends being turned over to form a broad sash. The waist is a half fitting jacket with square tabs behind, and rounded basque in front. The tabs are trimmed with flat velvet bands, and a velvet vest, instead of being laid on flatly, is cut in the form of a long revers, lined with silk, and held back by a row of buttons on either side, which are joined by loops of silk cord, similar to frogs. Nothing can be simpler, and nothing that we have seen, prettier than the costume.

Flat folds, piped or plain, of all widths and designs, promise to be the favorite trimming of dress material. Side plaitings, kilt plaitings, box-plaited flounces and flat shell trimming are also used, but less frequently. Passementerie in silk and mingled with jet and steel, fringes of all kinds, heavy braids, like the old Hercules, flat bands of velvet, velvet ribbon, &c., are desirable and expensive trimmings. The hope that with simpler dresses would come cheaper prices is futile. The cost of the extra fabric used formerly for decoration is fully equalled by the dearness of the imported ornaments in vogue at present. Plainness and economy may sometimes be synonymous—they are not now.

In all varieties of other

DRESSES,

such as are for home, dinner and evening, there are few models of simplicity. For them the overskirt is abandoned; but its absence is hardly perceptible in the multiplicity of embellishments. Demi-trains have taken the place of full trains for every occasion except the extreme of full dress, and then are as often seen as not seen. That this is much more convenient and graceful than the wastes of silk and satin, which the most skillful can scarcely manage in a crowded room, will hardly be denied. It takes a great deal less, also, to cut and trim a demi-train than it does a full one, which is a more practical but an equally positive advantage. The combining of two or three materials and as many shades in the favorite method; and silk, satin and lace, silk velvet and cashmere, and other mixtures are seen on every hand. Two shades of one color seems to be more favorably regarded than two colors, possibly because it is less easy for the hands and untrained eyes to make blunders in the former than in the latter. The mingling of two colors requires the nicest ocular judgment and most delicate manual skill to prevent glaring failure, whereas two shades of the same color can scarcely be put together with any positively bad effect. Many of the French combinations, such as pink and grape color, lemon and sage-green, sky-blue and absinthe, are so audacious as

TO STRIKE AMERICAN EYES

unfavorably, and consequently domestic designs are more widely copied and better liked.

Home and dinner dresses are cut with single skirt and basque or pointed waist. Every now and then a rumor is rife of the revival of the old Empress waists, which round out over the hips, and are sewed to the skirt. But as these must inevitably bring about an entire revolution in styles, it is not probable they will come at present. Many of the trained skirts are made with the panier puff—somewhat worn last year—which prevents the look of scantiness that the removal of the overskirt naturally offers. Much trimming in intricate patterns covers the skirts, and instead of remembering that something is gone, it appears as if a vast deal had been added.

Court trains have returned to our shores, probably out of compliment to the many distinguished foreigners who are constantly arriving. It is a handsome, even stately style, and belongs solely to rich materials and tall and elegant women. Instead, however, of being made of a different stuff from the petticoat, it is generally simulated by the trimming; frequently long revers reaching from belt to hem, and held back by bunches of roses or pretty bows, or a barbe of lace drawn through a pearl buckle, outline the train.

Indiana County Items.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

GRANT, PA., October 9, 1873.

Within the last few days Cherry Tree College, Cookport and Purchase Line Academies have concluded their summer sessions. Each of them gave a satisfactory public entertainment. Purchase Line erected a good school building during the summer. It is nearly ready for occupancy. The public schools open for Winter term in a few days.

The Baptist Church at Cherry Tree is progressing moderately. It is enclosed, except the spire. The outside appearance is good.

McKeag's flouring mills, at Cherry Tree, are approaching completion. This will be the largest institution of its kind in this part of the county. We will say more about it when it goes into operation.

The farmers are busy gathering their Fall crops. We are having pleasant, though cool weather, with frosty mornings. Corn, buckwheat and tomatoes were frosted a little too soon.

Business is moderately good. We cannot get money enough is the great complaint.

Political matters are very quiet. The usual result is anticipated—a Republican triumph. So may it be! Yours, &c., C.

—C. Mosser, a civil engineer, lately from Toledo, O., was found on Friday evening, with his throat cut, lying at the edge of the Cache river, near Ullin, Pulaski county, Illinois. His statement is that he intended to commit suicide, assigning no reason, and that he cut his own throat and jumped into the water, which proved to be too shallow to drown him. He will probably die.

—In the case of the Union Pacific Railroad Company vs. Merrick county, Neb., in the United States Circuit Court, an injunction has been issued enjoining Merrick county from issuing the one hundred thousand dollars bonds which were voted in favor of the Midland Pacific.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1862.
ASSETS January 1, 1873. - $778,251 56.
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

SECRETS OF BEAUTY.
Beauty is a gift bestowed on woman, with which to gladden the eye and heart of man. Have not poets sung it from olden times? Do they not sing it still? Then be careful of it, you who possess the happy boon. Beauty may be in the hair, the eye, the hand—but more than all, with a soft, peach-like complexion, a woman is always lovely; and this may be preserved till a good old age with very little trouble; to a great extent it can be acquired, and it can always be improved. The secret is, keep the blood pure. Should pimples, blotches, or eruptions of any kind appear on the skin, avoid external applications; for, remember, the trouble is in the blood. Purify it then by using the SAMARITAN'S ROOT AND HERB JUICES, and be among the number of those who are asked where they got those rosy cheeks. Price, $1.25 per bottle, at
BROWNE'S DRUG STORE,
Cor. Penn avenue and Sixth (old St. Clair) street.

"HOME, SWEET HOME."

At Brooklyn the other day a monument was erected to the memory of John Howard Payne, the author of "Home, Sweet Home," and John G. Saxe read the following poem:

I.

To him who sang of "Home, sweet home,"
In strains so sweet the simple lay
Has thrilled a million hearts, we come
A nation's greatful debt to pay.
Yet, not for him the bust we raise;
Ah, no! can lifeless lips prolong
Fame's trumpet voice? The poet's praise
Lives in the music of his song!

II.

The noble dead we fondly seek
To honor with applauding breath;
Unheeded fall the words we speak
Upon "the dull, cold ear of death."
Yet, not in vain the spoken word;
Nor vain the monument we raise;
With quicker throbs our hearts are stirred
To catch the nobleness we praise!

III.

Columbia's sons—we share his fame;
'Tis for ourselves the bust we rear,
That they who mark the graven name
May know that name to us is dear;
Dear as the home the exile sees—
The fairest spot beneath the sky—
Where, first—upon a mother's knees—
He slept, and where he yearns to die.

IV.

But not alone the lyric fire
Was his; the Drama's muse can tell
His genius could a Kean inspire;
A Kemble owned his magic spell;
A Kean, to "Brutus," self so true
(As true to Art and Nature's laws),
He seemed the man the poet drew,
And shared with him the town's applause.

V.

Kind hearts and brave, with truth severe
He drew, unconscious from his own,
O, nature rare! But pilgrims here
Will oft'nest say, in pensive tone,
With reverent face and lifted hand,
"'Twas he—by Fortune forced to roam—
Who, homeless in a foreign land,
So sweetly sang the joys of home!"

RUPTURE.
There are hundreds of people ruptured who don't know what ails them; there are others who don't know what to do for it, nor where to seek for relief or a cure; others again who have had rupture for years, under the false notion that there can be no danger in the future, as there has been none in the past. This is a fatal delusion, and there is no knowing what day the rupture may become strangulated, and call for a painful and dangerous surgical operation. To avoid so fearful a result, make application to some competent person to have a truss applied. Will a truss cure me, you may ask. Very often it will, but it will always retain the parts so as to make you secure and safe from danger, and at a cost so trifling as to be hardly worth mentioning when compared with the enormous risk you run in letting it alone. Dr. Keyser, at his office, 167 Liberty street, is provided with every appliance suitable to the retention and cure of this terrible evil. He has trusses at a price as low as can be obtained anywhere in the country, and in every variety and quality—of such vast variety, that the most difficult and long standing cases, of years duration, are made manageable and brought within the province of cure. Let no one deceive themselves into the belief that rupture is never curable; but worst than all, let none consent to "let alone" cure.
Dr. Keyser's office, 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Prohibition County Ticket.

PRESIDENT JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
THOMAS C. LAZEAR.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN H. BAILEY.
STATE SENATE,
JAMES McCANDLESS.
ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
SAMUEL GLASS.
Second City District,
A. N. McGONNIGLE.
County Districts,
D. J. ROGERS, Mansfield,
JONATHAN GALLAGHER, Allegheny,
THOMAS H. RABE, Allegheny.
THOS. P. HERSHBERGER, South Side.
FRANK PATTERSON, Elizabeth Tp.
PROTHONOTARY,
ANDREW HARPER, Richland Tp.
TREASURER,
W. W. GREER, Verona Borough.
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
ISAAC MILLS, SR., (3 yrs.,) Braddocks,
JOHN THOMPSON, (2 yrs.,) Sewickley.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOSEPH BIRMINGHAM.
CORONER,
W. G. WARREN, Wilkinsburg.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
WILLIAMS ELLIOTT, Jefferson Tp.
se8:te

Independent Labor Ticket.

STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
ISAAC G. GORDON.
STATE TREASURER,
FRANK M. HUTCHINSON.

COUNTY TICKET.

PRESIDENT JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT.
THOS. C. LAZEAR.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN H. BAILEY.
SENATOR,
JOHN M. DAVIS.
ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
JOHN LANG.
Second City District,
GEORGE CLAY.
County Districts,
WM. D. WOOLSLAYER,
BENJ. ROGERS,
JAMES L. CLINE,
A. G. THOBURN,
GEO. H. HUGHES,
PROTHONOTARY,
JAMES RICHARDSON.
TREASURER,
SAMUEL KILGORE.
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
ANDREW B. HAYDEN, 3 years,
JAS. G. MURRAY, 2 years,
JURY COMMISSIONER,
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CORONER,
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DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
SAMUEL STOUT.

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Iron Working Machinery
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MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
28 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WM. M. FABER,
367 Liberty Street,
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STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.

INSURANCE!
ÆTNA,
OF HARTFORD.
Capital, $3,000,000.
Losses Paid in 54 Years, - $39,000,000 00
Losses Paid in Past 16 Months, 9,000,000 00
ASSETS, MARCH 1, 1873.
Cash in Hand and in Bank........$ 867,783 50
Mortgage Bonds and Real Estate Securities........1,425,653 00
Bank Stock........1,337,650 00
United States, State and City Stock, and other Securities........2,350,975 96
Total........$5,990,087 46
LOSSES ADJUSTED AND PAID BY
S. S. Carrier, Agt.,
No. 59 Fourth Avenue.
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DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
WM. SEMPLE
NEW, NEW, NEW
FINE DRESS GOODS.
NEW, NEW, NEW
BLACK SILKS,
From $1.00 to $4.00 per yard.
NEW, NEW, NEW
COLORED SILKS, new shades.
NEW, NEW, NEW
STRIPE SILKS,
Black Ground, all Colors Stripes.
NEW, NEW, NEW
BLACK DRESS GOODS, all prices.
NEW, NEW, NEW
WATERPROOFS,
All Colors, Superior Quality $1.00.
NEW, NEW, NEW
SHAWLS,
In Great Variety, at Very Low Prices.
NEW, NEW, NEW!
Housekeeping Goods, Blankets, Quilts, Comfortables, Sheetings, Tickings, Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, Oil Cloths, Carpets Window Shades, &c.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

No. 26 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, AND
172 and 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY,
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
Are now opening every day
New Dress Goods,
IN
Camel's Hair Fabrics,
Grey Pongees,
Grey Mohairs,
Grey Poplins,
Bronze Shades,
Of all kinds of
New Fall Fabrics.
New Satines,
New Cashmeres,
New Merinos,
New Poplins,
New Alpacas,
New Repps,
New Serges,
New Mohairs,
New Black Silks,
New Colored Silks,
New Mixed Goods,
New Suitings,
In every fabric at our usual
POPULAR PRICES.
Stock constantly replenished with all the novelties of the season.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny,
And 26 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.

1873. FALL 1873.
NEW GOODS
JUST OPENED
All the New Shades in
Cashmeres,
Satteens,
Merinos,
Serges,
Mohairs,
Balernos,
Empress,
Poplins,
Chintzes.
We are showing a new and carefully selected stock of Desirable
DRESS GOODS
In all the New Shades.
Also, a full line of
Black Goods,
In every desirable material,
AT LOW PRICES.
A CALL IS SOLICITED.
MOORHOUSE
& CARSTEN,
Cor. 4th Avenue and Market St.

THE GREAT
CLOSING SALE
Is still going on at
Macrum & Carlisle's
27 Fifth Avenue.
Purchasers will save 25 to 50 per cent. Fresh and desirable goods selling at first cost. Many articles at less than half price.
Stocks Must be Reduced
To make a change of firm.
See the bargains in Parasols, Fans, Belts, Scarfs, Ribbons, Embroideries, Gloves, Shirts, Underwear, &c., &c.
MWF

H. J. LYNCH.
JUST RECEIVED
Serges, Camel's Hair Cloth and Poplins
In all the new autumn shades.
Cloth and Cashmere
Sacques and Mantles,
Redingotes, Shawls and Blankets,
In great variety at
No. 96 Market Street.

DRY GOODS.
WM. SEMPLE'S
REAL BARGAINS!
6¼c, Dark Palm Leaf Comfort Prints.
6¼c, Small Figured Prints, new styles.
6¼c, Wide Linen Crash.
8c, New Styles Dark Prints.
8½c, Fine Bleached Shirting, long cloth.
10c, 4-4 Shirting Muslin.
10c, Wide Unbleached Sheeting and Shirting.
10c, Wide Chintz Prints for Comforts.
12½c, Fall Styles Wide Cretonne Percales.
12½c, Dark Gray Goods, for Suits and Redingotes.
12½c, Kentucky Jeans.
12½c, Stripe Cotton Flannels.
12½c, Assorted Dress Goods.
15c, Dark Illuminated Stripe Dress Goods.
18¾c, Wide Mixed Goods for Redingotes.
18¾c, Plaid Shirting Flannels.
25c, New Shades in Poplin Alpacas, heavy.
25c, Splendid quality Black Alpacas.
25c, Black Poplins, very cheap.
25c, Large Stock of Dress Goods, assorted.
25c, Barred Country Flannel, full width.
25c, Blue Gray Twilled Flannel.
37c, White and Colored Corsets.
75c, Corsets worth $1.25c.
75c per pound, Blue Gray Yarn.
Ladies', Gents' and Children's Hosiery and Underwear.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
At their two Stores,
No. 26 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, AND
172 and 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY,
Are offering some special bargains in each Department.
Dark Prints,
At 6¼c, 8c, 10c and 12½c.
SHEETING MUSLINS,
4-4 at 10 and 12½c, 10-4 at 35 and 40c.
TABLE DAMASKS,
At 25c, 30c, 37½c, 50c and 75c.
Heavy Country Flannels,
At 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c and 45c.
Country Blankets,
Manufactured expressly for our sales, at very low prices.
New Ottoman Shawls,
At $2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50 and 5.00, all good bargains.
CASSIMERES
For Men's and Boys' wear, at 50c, 60, 75c, 87½c, $1.00 and $1.25.
Many Good Bargains.
WATERPROOFS,
At 75c, 87c, $1.00 and $1.25.
Wholesale buyers can find some very good "jobs" in our wholesale department.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.
And 26 Fifth avenue Pittsburgh.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
OUR FALL STOCK OF
Axminster,
Moquette,
Wilton,
Velvet,
Solid Brussels,
Tapestry Brussels,
Ingrain and
Common
Carpets is the most complete ever offered in this market. Styles and prices cannot fail to give satisfaction.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS.
FALL STOCK.
LOW PRICES.
GOOD STYLES.
Mattings,
Oil Cloths,
Shades,
Stair Rods, &c.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fifth Avenue

CHANDALIERS,
Brackets, Drop Lights and

Gas Fixtures
Of every description. All the new styles and colors, wholesale and retail. Also, GAS HEATING STOVES for heating bath rooms, offices, &c.
WELDON & KELLY,
e20:t10 147 WOOD STREET.

LANE BROTHERS
WHOLESALE ★ HARDWARE
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Knives and Forks,
SPOONS, SCISSORS,
AXES, SHOVELS, LOCKS,
Hinges, Nails, Files, etc.
Carpenter's, Blacksmith's, and
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Cor. Liberty & Sixth Streets.

Window Glass
SAMUEL DUFF..........TERRENCE CAMPBELL.
WINDOW GLASS MANUFACTURERS. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class cut box, we are prepared to fill all orders from a single light to five thousand boxes on short notice. We have the best stock of Glass to fill orders cut in our warehouse. It will be to the advantage of all parties wanting Glass to give us a call before going elsewhere. Warehouse on the corner of Market street and First avenue.
fe1:n28-MTH-40 DUFF & CAMPBELL.

DRY GOODS.
WM. SEMPLE
NEW, NEW, NEW
Germantown Yarns, Fancy Balmoral Yarns, Blue Gray Yarns.
NEW, NEW, NEW
Ladies' Knit Waists, Children's Knit Waists, Opera Flannel Sacques.
NEW, NEW, NEW
Millinery Goods of all kinds in full assortment.
NEW, NEW, NEW
Hats and Bonnets, the latest novelties.
NEW, NEW, NEW
Ribbons, Sash Ribbons, Hat and Bonnet Ribbons, Gross Grain Ribbons, all widths and colors
NEW, NEW, NEW
Ruching, Leather and Velvet Belts, Fringes, Trimming Laces and Nets, Hamburg Flouncing, Edging and Inserting, Real and Imitation Hair Goods, Gloves and Hosiery.
NEW, NEW, NEW
Gents' Furnishing Goods, White Shirts, Colored Shirts, Wool and Marine Underwear, Collars, Cuffs, Ties, Suspenders, Hosiery, Gloves, Ha'kfs, &c., &c.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 AND 199
PENN AVENUE.
LARGE ARRIVALS OF
NEW GOODS.
AUTUMN STYLES.
SASH RIBBONS,
New Colors, Roman, Plaid and Stripes, Watered and Gros Grain.
Twilled Silk Sashes,
Gros Grain Ribbon Sashes, Brocade Ends and Knotted Fringe; new styles Windsor Ties, in Tulped Silk, Crepe de China and Lace; Swiss, Illusion and Crape Lisse,
Ruffs, Collarettes, Ruchings and Neck Dressing
In over 160 different styles; new styles Lace Veils,
Black Veiling Nett,
With Silk, Chenille and Spanish Dot, also with Bugles, Plaited Linen Sleeves, Collars and Cuffs, Jet and Oxidized Jewelry, Belt Buckles, Sash Slides, &c.
NEW GIMP AND FRINGES.
The largest lot of
HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES
We have ever offered.
Full lines of Ladies', Misses and Children's Muslin Night-gowns, Chemises, Skirts and Drawers in all sizes made in a very superior manner, and offered at
ATTRACTIVE PRICES,
AT
RETAIL STORES,
HORNE & CO.

L. H. SMITH & CO.,
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Manufacturers and Dealers
IN THE
CHILSON
New Cone Furnaces
WELLMAN REFLECTOR
Grates and Stoves,
MARBELIZED
SLATE MANTELS.
ALSO
Common Fronts and Grates,
HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, &c.
The Superiority of the Cone Furnace consists in its simplicity of construction, large amount of radiating surface, ease of management and economy in fuel, saving at least one-third of fuel over the ordinary Furnace.
THE WELLMAN REFLECTOR GRATE
Has an acknowledged reputation. For Cleanliness, Economy of Fuel and Heating Capacity it stands without a rival.
An examination of our stock is respectfully solicited.

Speedily Cured.—All Forms
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NO CHARGE UNTIL CURED.
Syphilis, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia and all Urinary diseases are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief, Spermatorrhea, or Seminal weakness and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse or excess in maturer years, and which produce some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory, and sexual power, and which unfits the victim for business or marriage, and ultimately causing insanity and consumption, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Medicines supplied at the Institute. A medical pamphlet relating to private diseases sent in sealed envelope for two stamps. All communications confidential.
This Institute was established for the express purpose of supplying the afflicted with scientific and reliable treatment, and is not to be classed with the numerous quacks and impostors that infest all large cities. The proprietors have made the treatment of Private and special diseases the study of their lives, and can refer to thousands all over the country that have been benefitted and cured by their treatment. No matter how difficult or long standing your case may be, if curable, after a personal examination they will frankly tell you; remember, they have cured many cases given up by other physicians.
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No. 172 Second avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays by appointment.
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SPORTING AND MINING POWDER.
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At Low Prices.
SAFETY FUSE constantly on hand.
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ARCHITECTS
HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building,
Corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield Street.

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FALL SYLES.
MILLINERY GOODS
A complete stock at our usual bargains.
Hats and Bonnets,
Flowers and Plumes,
Pompons and Wings,
Ostrich Tips,
Trimmed Hats and Bonnets,
Notions, a full stock of choice Goods.
Fancy Goods,
In great variety. Departments newly supplied. Everything very cheap.
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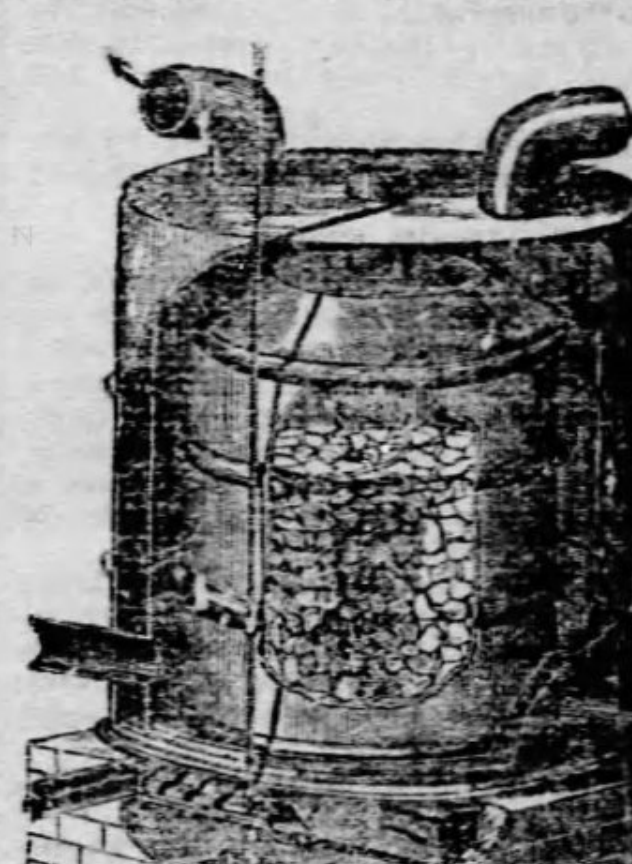
LADIES' UNDERWEAR.
Vests in high and low necks, long and short Sleeves in all sizes. Drawers all sizes.
RIBBONS, RIBBONS
Plain and Watered Sash Ribbon, Plain and Stripe Sash Ribbon, Neck Ribbons, new shades, Gros Grain Ribbon, new shades.
Laces and Embroideries,
Ruches and Ruching,
Velvet Belts,
Hair Goods.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST. ALLEGHENY.

STOVES, RANGES, &c.
THE
FIERY FURNACE,



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ALSO,
NILES' IMPROVED
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BOSTON RANGE,
VAN'S PATENT
PORTABLE RANGE
Parlor and Cook Stoves,
Fine and Common Enameled Grate Fronts, Fine and Common Enameled Fenders, Nickel Plated Grate Fronts, Nickel Plated Fenders, Wash House Furniture, Wash House Stoves, Coal Hole Doors.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
206 and 208 Liberty Street

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SAPOLIO
is a substitute for Soap for all Household purposes, except washing clothes.
SAPOLIO
for Cleaning your House will save the labor of one cleaner. Give it a trial.
SAPOLIO
for Windows is better than Whiting or Water. No removing curtains and carpets.
SAPOLIO
cleans Paint and Wood, in fact the entire house, better than Soap. No slopping. Saves labor. You can't afford to be without it.
SAPOLIO
for Scouring Knives is better and cleaner than Bath Brick. Will not scratch.
SAPOLIO
is better than Soap and Sand for polishing Tinware. Brightens without scratching.
SAPOLIO
Polishes Brass and Copper utensils better than Acid or Oil and Rotten Stone.
SAPOLIO
for Washing Dishes and Glassware is invaluable. Cheaper than Soap.
SAPOLIO
removes Stains from Marble Mantles, Tables and Statuary, from Hard-finished Walls, and from China and Porcelain.
SAPOLIO
removes Stains and Grease from Carpets and other woven fabrics.
There is no one article known that will do so many kinds of work and do it as well as Sapolio. Try it.
HAND SAPOLIO a new and wonderful effective Toilet Soap, having no equal in this country or abroad.
HAND SAPOLIO as an article for the Bath, "reaches the foundation" of all dirt, opens the pores and gives a healthy action and brilliant tint to the skin.
HAND SAPOLIO Cleanses and Beautifies the Skin, instantly removing any stain or blemish from both hands and face.
HAND SAPOLIO is without a rival in the world for curing or preventing roughness and chapping of either hands or face.
HAND SAPOLIO removes Tar, Pitch, Iron or Ink Stains and Grease; for workers in Machine Shops, Mines, &c., is invaluable. For making the Skin White and soft, and giving to it "bloom of beauty," it is unsurpassed by any Cosmetic known.
HAND SAPOLIO costs 10 to 15 cents per cake, and everybody should have it. You will like it.
DON'T FAIL TO TRY THESE GOODS.
Buy it of your merchant if he has it, or will procure it for you. If not, then write for our Pamphlet, "All about Sapolio," and it will be mailed free.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,
20 Park Place, N. Y.
Or, 221 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DR. WHITTIER,
No. 296 PENN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Continues to treat with his usual great success, all Private Diseases. Perfect cures guaranteed.
Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or sexual excess, producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, and finally impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business and rendering life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, all urinary diseases and syphilis, (all forms) consisting of skin eruptions, ulcers, &c., are perfectly cured, and the blood-poison thoroughly eradicated from the system.
DR. WHITTIER is a regular graduate of medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his life-long special experience in all private diseases, with purest medicines prepared by himself, enables him to cure difficult cases after others fail—it is self-evident that a physician treating thousands of cases every year acquires great skill. Consultation and correspondence private. Pamphlet sent sealed for stamp. Medicines sent everywhere.
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TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE,
260 pages, fine illustrations. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single, explaining wonders and mysteries of sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c., causes, consequence and cure. Price 50 cents, at office, or by mail, sent securely sealed.
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Phœnix Steam Brewery,
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MALSTERS AND BREWERS,
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OAT STRAW—100 BALES PRIME Oat Straw, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD, 116 Water street.

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CAPITAL, $400,000.

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WM. VANKIRK, Vice President,
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.
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FRANKLIN SAVINGS FUND
And Safe Deposit Co.,
Corner 7th Avenue and Smithfield Street.
Incorporated by Legislature of Pennsylvania.
CAPITAL, - - - $250,000.

Interest allowed on Deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Real or Personal. Discounts daily. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturdays from 7 to 9 P. M.

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Sam'l A. Long.
JOHN G. MACCONNELL, Solicitor.

FOR SALE,
CITY OF PITTSBURGH
STREET IMPROVEMENT
Seven Per Cent.
Penn Ave. Bonds
AT PAR AND INTEREST, FREE FROM TAXATION.
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PITTSBURGH, PA.
Foreign Exchange
Issued on all principal towns in Europe.
TICKETS ISSUED ON ALL
FIRST CLASS STEAMERS
From New York to Queenstown, Liverpool and return.
COLLECTIONS MADE
ON ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
14 Smithfield Street,
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CAPITAL. - - - $200,000.
GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

International Bank,
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CAPITAL, $200,000.
Pays Interest on Deposits.

6 Per Cent. per annum upon daily balances—from inactive non-borrowing accounts—payable on demand.

6 Per Cent. per annum on special deposits for 60 days and upwards.

Special agreements relating to interest made.

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W. H. MECHLING, President,
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John Watt, W. H. Mechling,
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Robt. J. Grier, C. Schleiper,
W. McKee, James Irvin.
MWF

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette,
Saturday, October 11, 1873.

The local money market remains unchanged. All our banks are still hoarding what currency they get, why, we don't know. At one of our prominent banks the cashier informed us that the banks here had plenty of currency, but they are still fearful of some nightmare, and all that is wanted is for them to pay out as usual, and business will go on as before the panic. They are all renewing notes that are falling due, where the parties are regular depositors, but where they hold paper of persons who are not depositors, they refuse to renew, and demand that the notes be paid. There is no doubt but our banks are doing what they think best, and we hope it may be for the best—but we doubt very much the wisdom of some of them. Many small depositors who have refused, up to this time, to check for more than their daily wants require, begin to think it is time, those who have control of the moneyed institutions, to awaken up to the fact that more is expected of them than they are doing, and are becoming restless. We have heard several talk in this way, and it might be well for our bank officers to not grip their greenbacks too tight, but gradually loosen the reins. All our manufacturers, with the exception of Byers, McCullough & Co., (who paid in full) paid but half cash on Saturday.

George B. Hill & Co., Bankers, No. 58 Fourth Avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Fri'y.	Sat'y.	Sold.
Gold	108¾	108⅜	
U. S. Sixes—1881—coupons	114	113⅜	
5-20 1862	106⅜	106⅜	
5-20—1864.	107½	106½	
" 1865	108	107	
" 1865 new.	110⅜	110⅜	
" 1867.	110⅜	110⅜	
" 1868—coupons.	110⅜	110⅜	
10-40s	103⅜	103⅜	
10-40s'—coupons	105⅜	104	
Currency 6's	111	110⅜	
New 5 per cents	106⅜	106⅜	

RAILWAYS.

New York Central	91⅜	90⅜	5,900
Erie	48	46⅜	2,0 0
B. H. & E.	1⅜	1⅜	500
C. C. & I. C	22⅜	21⅜	100
St. Paul	32	31	1,700
Do. preferred	75⅜	55	800
Michigan Southern	72⅜	69⅜	23,900
Do. Central	74	73	
North Western Common	43⅜	42⅜	1,3 0
Do. preferred	65	64	200
Rock Island	91⅜	90⅜	2,900
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	82	79	
Pacific Mail	32⅜	32⅜	3,600
Western Union Telegraph	64	61⅜	23,600
Ohio & Mississippi	27⅜	26⅜	4,200
Union Pacific	19⅜	19⅜	2,200
Toledo & Wabash	44⅜	45⅜	3,900
Fort Wayne	85	84	
Harlem	111⅜	114	
Chicago and Alton	91	93⅜	
Adams Express	80⅜	80	
American Express	56	55⅜	
U. S. Express	53⅜	54⅜	
W., Fargo & Co. Express	61⅜	62	
I. C.	98	98	
Hannibal & St. Jo.		23	100
Do. Preferred		31	

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of active stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board to-day: There is a much better feeling

	Thursday.	Sat'y.	Sold.
Penna. Central	48⅜	48⅜	
Reading	52⅜	52⅜	
United Cos. of N. J.	115⅜	115	
Oil Creek	19	18	
Lehigh Valley	58	57	
Philadelphia & Erie	17⅜	16	
Pittsburgh 5s	72	72	
Allegheny Valley 7-30	90	90	
Central Transportation	43	43⅜	
Empire Transportation	50	52	

Highest for gold to-day 108⅜; lowest 108⅜.

NEW YORK, October 11, 1873.

Money ranged from 1-16 to 7 per cent. Greenbacks declined, and are quoted at ⅜@½ per cent. Foreign exchange was weak to-day, with sales of prime bankers' sixty days sterling at 106⅜, less 1-16 direct, and good bankers' at 105⅜@106. Sight bills sold at 107. Commercial bills are dull at 104⅜@105. Some shippers of breadstuffs are re-storing flour and grain, instead of shipping it. Customs receipts $237,000. Gold was lower, and declined from 108⅜ to 108⅜, with intermediate sales at 108⅜. The rates paid for carrying were 7, 6, 3 64, 7 gold, 1-16 and 6 per cent. The final rate was 7 per cent. Clearings $48,000,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $39,000. Exports for the week, $527,851 silver bars and Mexican dollars. The total amount of foreign specie received at the assay office for the week is £727,000. Governments were dull and steady. State bonds were quiet. Railway and miscellaneous speculation was less active than yesterday, this being particularly the tone of the market early in the day. The course of prices was irregular, as usual, but late in the day there was considerable pressure to sell, under which prices declined from ⅛ to 3 per cent. Western Union and Lake Shore were particularly weak. The latter was pressed for sale on the expectation that the Grinnell block of 43,000 shares tied up will be released.

Governments.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 113⅜; 5-20's of '62, 106⅜; do '64, 106⅜; do '65, 107; do '65, new, 110⅜; do '67, 110⅜; do '68, 110⅜; new 5s, 106⅜; 10-40s, 104; currency 6s, 110⅜.

State Bonds.—Bankers' bills, 6⅜; Missouri, 88; Tennessee old, 72⅜; do new, 71⅜; Virginia new, 40; do old, 38; North Carolina old, 20; do new, 15.

Stocks.—Canton, 60; Western Union Telegraph Company, 61⅜; Quicksilver, 20⅜; Adams Express, 81; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 62⅜; American Express, 55⅜; United States Express, 54⅜; Pacific Mail, 32⅜; New York Central, 90⅜; Erie, 46⅜; do preferred, 67⅜; Harlem, 111⅜; do preferred, 119; Michigan Central, 73; Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago, 79; Northwestern, 41⅜; do preferred, 67; Rock Island 90⅜; New Jersey Central, 92; St. Paul, 31; do preferred, 55; Toledo & Wabash, 45⅜; do preferred, offered 73; Fort Wayne, 84; Terre Haute, 8; do preferred, 39; Chicago & Alton, 90; do preferred, 95; Ohio & Mississippi, 28⅜; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 71; Burlington & Quincy, 98; Lake Shore, 69; Panama, 2; Illinois Central, 98; Union Pacific, 20⅜; Central Pacific, 90⅜; Union, 67; Hartford & Erie 1⅜; Delaware & Lackawanna, 89.

LONDON, October 11—5 P. M.—Consols: money, 92⅜@92⅜; account, 92⅜@92⅜; 5-20's of '65, 96⅜; do of '67, 96⅜; 10-40s, 91⅜; new 5s, 92. Erie, 41.

PARIS, October 11.—Rentes, 58f.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKETS.

Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette,
Saturday, October 11, 1873.

Trade in general merchandise has been dull during the past week, and no improvement can reasonably be expected until there is an easing up in money matters, which it is hoped will not be much longer delayed. The demand for almost everything is very much curtailed, being restricted wholly to supplying immediate wants, the legitimate result of a tight money market; in regard to values there have been no important changes within the past day or two, but in the present condition of affairs shrinkage is the order of the day, as there is a strong pressure to realize, and those who have the ready money can make it go further than they could have prior to the panic.

APPLES—Continue to come in freely, and as the market is overstocked, prices are weak and barely maintained; we continue to quote at $2@3 per brl. for common to prime.

BEANS—$2.50@3 per bushel.

BUTTER—Prime to choice roll, 28@28 cents; good to prime solid packed, 20@25. Market generally reported dull, and stocks, except of choice, accumulating.

CHESTNUTS—Are coming in more freely, and prices are weak and drooping; we reduce our quotations to $6.50@7 ℔ bushel.

CRANBERRIES—Jersey Berries quoted at $10@12 per brl. as to quality. The supply of Sackett and Carey Berries as yet is very small.

CHEESE—Notwithstanding there is no quotable improvement in the demand, there is a firmer feeling, under the influence of the advices from New York, which it is fair to presume will stiffen makers. Prices, however remain unchanged; we continue to quote prime Ohio Factory, August make, at 13⅜@14 to the trade, and 14⅜@15 in a jobbing way.

EGGS—The arrivals continue liberal, and the supply, although not large, is somewhat in excess of the demand; prices, however, are unchanged, 22@23.

FLOUR—There is a very fair local demand, and as the receipts recently have been comparatively light, stocks in this market are somewhat reduced, although fully equal to present requirements. No change in prices: 7.25@7.50 for fair to good spring wheat flours, and $7.75@8 for red winter wheat. Rye Flour, 5.25@5.50.

GRAIN—There is but little inquiry for Wheat and the market is very quiet, although the offerings are light and prices remain unchanged. $1.47@1.48 for red winter; $1.53@1.55 for amber, and $1.58@1.60 for white. Millers, in the almost impossibility of making collections, are not turning out as much flour as usual, consequently there is a diminished consumption of wheat. Oats in very fair demand and prices are firm, the recent advance being fully sustained; we continue to quote at 45@49, according to quality. There is an easier feeling in regard to Corn in consequence of slightly increased receipts, but prices remain unchanged; sales at 64@65. Rye is quiet and nominal at 85@90. It is difficult to quote Barley, as it continues to fluctuate considerably, and our market is controlled entirely by Chicago; there have been some sales effected by commission merchants recently, but the most of the brewers are buying direct.

GROCERIES—Trade has been dull all week, and until money commences to work easier, and collections can be made, no change for the better need be expected; there would be no difficulty in disposing of goods on time, but our merchants generally are disposed to shut down on long-winded buyers, and this accounts to some extent for the falling off in business. There has been a decline in both Sugars and Coffees during the week, and the tendency is still downward.

COFFEE—Choice Rio, 26⅜@27; good to prime 25⅜@26c; fair, 23@24c. Roasted one lb. packages 30c; loose, 29⅜.

SUGARS—Patent Cut Loaf, 13⅜c; Crushed, Powdered and Granulated, 12; Standard A 11⅜; B; 11⅜; Ex. C. 11; Franklin Ex. C, 10⅜; Other Yellow Sugars, 8@10.

SYRUPS—Extra White Drips, 80c; Sugar Drips, c; Amber, 65@70; lower grades, 45@50, as to [illegible]

RICE—Carolina Choice, 9⅜; Patna, 8⅜; Rangoon, 7⅜@8.

MOLASSES—Choice New Orleans, 78@80c; Prime 73@75.

HONEY—Is selling at 33@35c per ℔.

HAY—Notwithstanding the arrivals of baled have been by no means large, the supply is in excess of present requirement, hence, the market is dull even at the recent decline; quota may be fairly given at $20@23 per ton.

POTATOES—Prime Peach Blows, 88@90c ℔ bushel; fair to prime mixed, 75@80. Sweets unchanged at $3.50@4.50 ℔ brl. the outside figure for Jerseys.

ONIONS—$4@4.50 ℔ brl.

PEAS—$1.75@2 ℔ bushel.

POULTRY—Live chickens, by the coop, 50@75c per pair, according to size.

PROVISIONS—Extra Sugar Cured Hams, ℔ lb. 15, Ex. Sugar Cured Shoulders, 11; Sugar cured Breakfast Bacon, 13⅜c. Extra Sugar Cured Dried Beef, 16⅜. Beef tongues, $7.50 ℔ dozen. Bacon Shoulders, per lb. 10c. Bacon Rib Sides, 10⅜c. Bacon Short Rib Sides 11c. Bacon Clear Rib Sides, 11⅜c. Mess Pork, $17.00 per barrel. Refined Lard for summer use, in trcs, 9⅜. Do. half bbls, 10⅜c. Do. bkts 11c. Do. in 3 lb. caddies, 12⅜c. Do in 5 lb. 12⅜c do. in 3 lb. pails 13⅜c ℔ pound. Do. in 5 lb. pails, 13. Do in 5 lb. pails, 13⅜. Lard Oil, Ex Winter Strained, per gallon, 72.

RAGS—Quoted at 3⅜@3⅜c.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.60 ℔ brl. by the car load, and $1.85 in a jobbing way.

SEEDS—Flax Seed is unchanged at $1.90. No movement in either Clover or Timothy.

TALLOW—Quoted at 7⅜@8c ℔ ℔.

WHISKY—Highwines steady but unchanged at 97@98.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Central Stock Yards, East Liberty,
Saturday, October 11, 1873.

CATTLE.

While we cannot give the exact report of the arrivals, having failed to obtain our usual weekly report, we know enough to warrant the assertion that they were much larger than last week. The market was quite active during the early part of the week, and for the best grades an advance was established; since then, however, under the influence of increased receipts and unfavorable advices from New York, there has been a reaction, the feeling is not near as good as it was, the market closes dull, and the outlook is not near as bright as it was this day week. There has evidently been an easing up in money matters, in stock circles, as otherwise the shipments would not have increased so rapidly, and, besides, we do not think dealers would have operated to the extent they have within the past week, if they had not felt easier financially. It was expected that there would be a considerable increase in the arrivals, but they turned out larger than anticipated, and, furthermore, the demand, particularly during the latter part of the week, did not hold out as well as expected. Taking all in all, the market was better than it has been for some weeks, that is, there was an increased amount of business, but from what we could learn, the expectations of many were not fully realized. There were quite a number purchased for shipment to both Philadelphia and New York, all the best cattle were taken for these two markets, while the light stock was disposed of to country buyers.

Prime to extra 1,400@1,500 steers may be quoted at 6⅜@6⅜; prime 1,200@1,300, 5⅜@5⅜@6; good to prime 1,000@1,100, 5@5⅜. There was, from all that we could learn, but one small bunch sold at 6⅜, but the reason was because it was the only one good enough in point of quality to bring this figure; had there been more of the same kind, they could have been sold at the same price. Prime feeding cattle, 4⅜@4⅜; good to prime stockers 3⅜@4⅜. Bulls—But few offering and but very few wanted; quotable at 2⅜@3 cts. The most of the cattle on sale this week were common in point of quality, hence the best grades were firmer and brought better prices relatively than the commoner kinds.

HOGS.

The market was strong and buoyant during the early part of the week, and a sharp advance in prices was established; on Wednesday prime Philadelphia hogs were sold at 5.35@5.40; to-day the same kind were quoted at 4.90 and no demand, with a large number in the pens unsold. Yorkers have dropped from 5.15@5.30 to 4⅜@4⅜, and to day the demand was reported very tame at the decline. The arrivals from Chicago within the past couple of days were quite large, unusually so, and it was these large receipts that broke the market.

SHEEP.

The arrivals, although by no means large, were somewhat larger than last week, and mostly common in point of quality; there was not what could be called a strictly prime bunch on sale all week. There was a very fair demand for shipment to both Philadelphia and New York, and an advance was established, but yesterday and to day there was scarcely anything done, as there were no buyers, and the market closes rather tame, although there were very few in the pens to day unsold. Quotations may be fairly given as follows: Extra fine wool, 95@100 lb, 5⅜@5⅜; good, 85@85, 4⅜@5; good 75@80, 4@4⅜. Prime to extra open wool, 100@110 lb, 5@5⅜. Open wool, if fat and of good quality, are selling just about as well as fine wool sheep.

Wool Markets.

NEW YORK, October 10.—There is no improvement in the market, and scarcely enough doing to establish prices, and in the meantime we omit quotations. Some recent failures have caused buyers to hold off for a material reduction in prices; dealers, on the contrary, aware of relatively small stocks, believe that manufacturers, even at a reduced rate of consumption, must soon enter the market, and that present full prices may then be realized. Ohio fleece X and XX quoted at 50@53c; Michigan do. 44@47c. The only late sales reported are 10,000 lbs Cape at 35; 24 bales spring California, 28⅜c; 25 do burry do, 24c; 10,000 lbs XX Ohio fleece, 52⅜c; 3,000 lbs combing Delaine do, 60c; 25 bags short extra pulled, 33@35c; 25 do shearings pulled at 27@31c; 29 bags mixed unwashed do, 29c; 8 bales scoured Cape, 25 bags super pulled, and 85,000 lbs spring California on private terms.

BOSTON, October 10.—We have to notice a very quiet market for wool the past week, and the transactions have been unimportant. Cash offers have been refused for round lots of fleeces, as holders are confident of a favorable change as soon as the present excitement in financial affairs subsides, and are not disposed to press sales at any concession. The stocks of both domestic and foreign are moderate compared with last year. The sales include Michigan and Ohio fleeces at 46@52⅜c, delaine and combing fleeces at 57@60. Western fleeces at 48c. super and pulled at 40@52, scoured. low and choice, at 35@1.05. Oregon at 24@35, spring California at 27@37, combing pulled at 70, unwashed southern and western at 27⅜@37⅜, and tub at 50 ℔ ℔. In foreign, sales of Cape at 38, Cape pulled at 69@80, fine Chilian at about 30c gold in bond, Donskoi and Smyrna on private terms, and Mediterranean carpet at 27@45 ℔ ℔.

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.

PITTSBURGH FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. LESSEE.

Nimick & Co.m	24	J Reamer.m	5
Jaconus & N m	2	Caughey & H.m	6
J W Porter.m	4	Pgh Fge Co.m	2
Isabella Furnace o	31	Graff & Co m	3
Lewis B & D m	6	Lewis O & P.m	2
Total			91

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Isabella Furnace.o	15	Brown & Co o	3
Zug & Co.p	1	J Moorhead.b	3
Total			23

PENN'A. CENTRAL RAILROAD.

J W Porter.m	4	J Moorhead.m	3
Total.			7

DRY GOODS.

NEW YORK, October 11.—Business was quiet to-day with manufacturers' agents, and the jobbing movement was light and unimportant. Brown and bleached cotton and cotton flannels are fairly active and firm. Ticks, denims and Cheviot stripes are moved in more freely from first hands, but in small lots. Prints are in better request. Fine cassimeres, repellants and wool flannels are in moderate demand, cloths and overcoatings rule quiet. Hosiery is in good demand. The dry goods imports for the week were $2,091,112.

WOOL.

BOSTON, October 11.—There is a better feeling in the wool market; transactions for the past week 1,600,000 pounds; sales of Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces extra, double-extra and treble extra at 48@52c; Michigan, Wisconsin and Indiana 47@50c; Delaine and combing 52@62⅜c; western, southern and Nevada unwashed 30@40c; tub 50c; scoured 45@68; superfine and extra pulled 40@47⅜c.

LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, October 11.—Cattle: receipts 987 head; market dull and prices unchanged; the only sale of shipping steers was a small bunch choice at $5.70; Texas cows sold at $2.75@2.30; shipments 1,861. Hogs: receipts 4,000 head, with several thousand from yesterday; the supply equaled the demand; heavy sold at $4@4.50; light 4.30@4.60; shipments 8,154.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette,
Saturday, October 11, 1873.

Trade has been very good during the past week, and the market has almost, if not altogether recovered from the effects of the panic which prevailed some days since. Crude, which had dropped to 80@85c ℔ brl, and bid fair to go still lower, has advanced to $1.10, and the consequence is a much better feeling in the producing country. Several new strikes have been reported recently, but in view of the fact that many of the old wells are falling off in their yield the new ones have had but little influence on the market, as it is claimed that the increase on the one hand is fully offset by the decrease on the other, and the production is just about holding its own and no more. While it is probable that the stringency in money matters may have caused some who were buying in the oil regions on speculation to retire for the present, the consumptive demand is perhaps more active than it was prior to the panic, the best evidence of this is the advance in prices, and the indications are that there will be a heavy consumption of the article during the balance of the year.

The refined market is reported as being in a very prosperous condition: the export demand, instead of falling off as was expected, is said to be increasing, and our refiners are running to their full capacity—some of them are reported as having sold all they can make during the balance of the year. Prices, as compared with this day week, are higher, and there is a firmer feeling. October quotable at 16⅜@16⅜ delivered in Philadelphia, and we understand that it is almost impossible to buy a barrel in this market for this month is the reason that manufacturers are sold close up. November is quoted at 16 for first, and 15⅜ for last half.

Oil barrels were considerably firmer to-day: there were plenty of buyers at a sharp advance and but few sellers, and the market is in such an unsettled condition that it is difficult to quote correctly. We understand that bids of $2.25 and even 2.30 were made for city make and refused. Some were holding at $2.40.

			bbl
Receipts crude this week			37,832
"	"	last week	45,819
"	"	Jan'y 1 to date	1,454,3 8
"	"	same time 1872	935,743
Exports refined this week			8,979
"	"	last week	26,11
"	"	Jan'y 1 to date	670,716
"	"	same time 1872	585,373

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. & WEST PENNA R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls
Standard Oil Co	Warden, F. & Co	511
Braun & Wagner	Waring, B. & Co.	952
J. N. McKee & Son	Waring, B. & Co.	401
Lockhart & Frew	Warden, F. & Co.	2,479
Central Ref Co.	John P. Logan	384
Total		4,747

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Brls.
Stevenson	Liberty O. W.	384
Tack & M.	Citizens O. W.	393
Lockhart & Frew	Brilliant O. W.	689
Fisher Bros.	N. B. Mills	151
Fisher Bros.	H. Richardson	74
Fisher Bros.	Beggs L. & Co.	255
Fisher Bros.	Standard O. W.	314
Duncan	Penn O. W.	314
Duncan	Penn O W.	115
Duncan	Standard O. W.	303
Fisher Bros.	Beggs L. & Co.	81
Fisher Bros.	Standard O. W.	100
Bushnell	Crystal O. W.	461
McKelvy	Star O. W.	1,840
Total		5,896

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, October 11.—Cotton firm at 18⅜c. Flour: less doing; superfine western and State $5.50@6.20; common to good $6.30@6.60; good to choice $6.40@7.65. Whisky firmer at 93@95c. Wheat dull; No 2 spring $1.35@1.36; No 3 do $1.31@1.34; No 1 Iowa spring $1.40. Corn dull; steamer mixed western 60@62c; sail do 62⅜@63c. Rye dull at 95@96c. Barley and Malt unchanged. Oats lower; new western mixed afloat 52@53c; white 55@56c. Eggs and Hay quiet. Hops weak at 40@55 for '73. Leather quiet at 27⅜c. Wool steady; extra Ohio 52⅜c. Coffee dull at 19⅜@21c. Sugar dull at 7⅜@7⅜c. Petroleum nominal; crude 5⅜@6c; refined 16⅜@17c. Pork dull at $16.75@17. Beef and Cut Meats unchanged. Middles firm at 8⅜c. Lard lower at 8 3-16c. Butter unchanged. Cheese steady at 10@12c.

Metals.—Manufactured copper unchanged; ingot lake steady at 24⅜@25⅜c. Iron: pig steady; Scotch $42@49; American $30@41; bar quiet and weak; Russia sheet steady. Nails unchanged.

CHICAGO, October 11.—Flour quiet at $5.50@6.00. Wheat dull; No 1 $1.03@1.03⅜; No 2 $1.02⅜; No 3 98⅜@97⅜c. Corn dull at 36⅜c. Oats active; No 2 32⅜c. Rye steady and in moderate demand; No 1 64@65c. Barley steady; fall No 2 $1.34@1.36. Pork firm at $14.75. Lard quiet at 7⅜@7⅜c. Bulk meats and bacon quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet and weak at 91c.

NEW ORLEANS, October 11.—Bran dull at $1.15. Hay firm; prime $27; choice $30. Whisky dull at 94c; Cincinnati $1.03. Corn meal firmer at $3.40. Cotton: sales of 300 bales; market unsettled and prices lower; good ordinary to strict good ordinary 16⅜@17c; low middling to strict low middling 17⅜@18⅜c; middling to good middling 18⅜@19⅜c; receipts 995 bales; exports coastwise 897 bales; continent 3 006; stock 29,919.

CINCINNATI, October 11.—Cotton quiet at 17⅜c. Wheat steady at $1.43@1.45. Corn quiet at 51c. Rye and Barley steady, but unchanged. Oats quiet at 38@40c. Pork held firmly at $15. Lard quiet 7⅜@8⅜c. Bulk Meats quiet; shoulders 7⅜c; clear rib 7⅜c; clear 7⅜c. Bacon steady; shoulders 8c; clear rib sides 8⅜c; clear 8⅜c. Whisky quiet; sales at 90c.

MILWAUKEE, October 11.—Flour steady at $6.00@6.25. Wheat quiet and weak; No 1 Milwaukee $1.11⅜; No 2 $1.06. Corn dull at 41c. Oats steady with a moderate demand; No 2 32c. Rye steady with a moderate demand; No 1 66c. Barley: demand fair and market firm; No 2 $1.36.

PHILADELPHIA, October 11.—Flour steady at $7.50@8.25. Wheat quiet; red $1.50@1.57. Rye firm at 85@88c. Corn dull at 65@66c. Oats in upward tendency at 50@56c. Petroleum unchanged. Whisky sells at $1.00.

LOUISVILLE, October 11.—Cotton nominal at 16⅜c. Wheat held firmly at $1.25@1.40. Corn firm at 63@65c. Rye firm at 78@80c. Pork firm at $15. Bacon: shoulders 8⅜c; clear rib sides 8⅜@9c; clear 9⅜c. Lard dull; 8⅜@9⅜c. Whisky 91c.

TOLEDO, October 11.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull; No 1 red $1.42; No 2 1 35⅜@1.36 cash; $1.34⅜ seller November. Corn dull; high mixed 47c; cash 47c; seller November 48c; seller December 49⅜@50c. Oats dull and lower; No 2 33⅜c.

NASHVILLE, October 11.—Cotton dull at 14⅜@15⅜c. Flour steady at $6.25@7.25. Wheat quiet at $1.25@1.40. Lard steady at 9⅜c. Bacon: shoulders 9c; clear rib sides 10c; clear do 10⅜c. Sugar cured hams 14⅜c. Peanuts 6⅜c. Whisky firmer at $1.02.

LIVERPOOL, October 11.—Cotton quiet at 9⅜@9⅜d; sales of 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000 bales; American 6,000 bales. Breadstuffs steady and unchanged. Cheese 64s. Others unchanged.

CLEVELAND, October 11.—No movement in grain; prices entirely nominal. Petroleum firm and unchanged.

OSWEGO, October 11.—Wheat dull; extra $1.80. Corn dull at 60c. Barley very scarce; up-lake Canada to arrive $1.60.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R R—10 brls spirits, Rodelheim and A: 15 do, M Munhall and Co: 5 do brandy, Getty and Co; 25 do spirits, Adler R and Co: 5 bxs crackers, M W Rankin: 3 cars flour, owners: 93 pkgs lard, Dilworth Bro; 100 do, E H Myers and Co: 100 bags seed, Thompson and L; 30 pkgs lard, F Sellers and Co; 2 cars hay, L G Graff: 2 do flour, Shoemaker and Co: 1 do hay, M Meek; 1 do flour, B H Voskamp 56 trcs pickles, Heinz N and Co: 202 brls flour, Watt L and Co; 200 do, D Wallace: 55 pkgs lard, W B Hays and Co; 22 brls eggs, Voigt M and Co: 5 trcs shoulders, J P Hanna and Co; 6 brls spirits, S S Watters and Co; 40 sks potatoes, Jones and L; 19 hides 1 brl tallow, A Weltz: 10 do flour, S S Marvin and Co; 2 cars pork, 120 trcs hams, E H Myers and Co: 1 car shingles, J L Brown: 29 brls apples, H Riddle Son and Co; 17 do, E Fox and Co: 18 do, Loh and C: 1 car oats, Schnelbach & H: 2 pkgs nuts, P Duff and Son; 944 bxs cheese, Braden and P; 1 car potatoes, Vangorder and S: 1 do, Bricker and Son; 124 brls apples, H J McCracken and Bro: 150 do, W J Steel Bro.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.—1 car lumber, The Pgh Car Works: 1 do, Miller Bro: 10 brls oil, P & C R R: 10 do, A V R R: 1 car apples, 50 brls onions, Head C & Co: 10 do beans, J A Graff: 11 do apples, Voigt M & Co: 25 bundles steel, Park Bro: 17 brls iron, W M Stone: 10 brls peas, W Haslage & Co: 15 do, Luebbe Bro: 32 do beans, E Moye & Co: 13 do onions, Aiken W & P: 5 bdls f sacks, T C Jenkins: 11 brls peas, M Andrews: 1 car s steel, Hussey W & Co: 1 car paper, A McClure & Co: 1 do oats, Balmer L & Co: 1 do, W M Rankin: 1 do, F Schields: 42 bed steads, H Berger: lot bureaus, W A Porter, 24 bxs grapes, Edgar & S: 38 bags feed, J F Hague: 7 orls h nuts, Loh & C; 6 kegs o meal, L J Blanchard: 25 do, W France.

ALLEGHENY STATION—5 sks potatoes, C E Willis: 25 bxs starch, Beckfield & N: 1 brl vinegar 3 do wine, G Hidegger: 1 box cigars, H Landis; 20 brls flour, 1 5 sks feed, R Knox & Son: 3 cks cheese, B Jenny Jr.: 5 bales hops, Young & B; 5 egs f seed, Thompson & L: 1 car shingles, Walter & Son: 1 do lumber, McIntyre & Co; 1 car oats Hack & S; 1 do potatoes, J E Pettibone: 2 cars bark, J Hammett & Son; 150 bdls h iron, A Latimore: 2 cars staves, H Cordier: 1 do pipe, Akron S P Co: 1 do, C G McMillan: 1 do stone, Beggs & L: 3 cars staves, B D Moore: 1 car staves, J M Hemphill.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R R.—16 sks grain, D McMillan and Co: 3 brls cider, A Kirkpatrick and Co: 2 do eggs, H J McCracken and Bro: 100 do flour, F W Jenkins: 170 sks f seed 158 do, Thompson and L: 1 car s stuff, Hack and S; 100 brls flour; T C Jenkins: 10 bags feathers, W Cooper and Co: 50 kegs beer, J Nebrew: 12 bdls frames, J Selinein: 25 brls whisky, F Evert; 25 trcs hams, J P Hanna and Co: 100 bags p nuts, R Dickey: 5 half butts tobacco 20 caddies do, Curry and M: 300 bushels corn Beckert and G: 1 car m feed, G Stewart: 1 do corn, J and W Fairley: 1 do, W Welsh and Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD—2 cars metal, Zug and Co: 3 cars lumber, Barton and K; 1 car bones, C Boeveler: 2 cars lime, W J Baughman: 1 car metal, Brown and C: 1 car ice, C L Ice Co: 1 car old material, Mullen and M; 5 cars metal, J Moorhead: 3 cars stone, Jno Hoffman: 1 cars coal, N Y and C G C Co: 1 car coal, Star F B Co: 3 cars lumber, Barton and K.

RECEIPTS AT PITTSBURGH GRAIN ELEVATOR.—1 car barley, Kell and R: 7 do, L G Graff and Co; 8 do rye, W J Meek: 3 do oats, F Bugg: 1 do, McHenry and B; 1 do, McBane and A: 1 do, 1 do corn, S B Floyd and Co.

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Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to me through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.

Refer to whom I am supplying: Hussey, Wells & Co., Wm. Smith, Union Iron Mills, S. S. Fowler & Co., Mitchell, Stevenson & Co., Bissell & Co., Graff & Hugus, Alexander Bradley, Park, Bro. & Co., Park McCurdy & Co., Reese, Graff & Dull, Wm. J. Faber & Co., J. B. Lyon & Co., James Marshall & Co., Allen, McKee & Co., Union Depot Hotel, Connellsville Railroad, Pennsylvania Railroad, Allegheny Valley Railroad.

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Prompt attention given to filling orders. au26:32

LEGAL.

ESTATE OF SARAH PARKER, DECEASED.—Letters of Administration with the will annexed, upon the estate of SARAH PARKER, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said are requested to make payment, and those having claims against said estate to present them to
THOMAS J. JACK,
Administrator c. t. a.,
91 Grant street.
se2:113-M

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Have a large assortment of CHROMOS, ENGRAVINGS, PORCELAIN PAINTINGS, and the latest novelties in
Photograph and Picture Frames
which they offer at reasonable prices.
Fine Mantel and Pier Glasses.

BORAX—10 BBLS BEST REFINED for sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
Sept. 26, 1873. 120 Water street.

RIVER NEWS.

The weather yesterday was cloudy and cool, with every indication in the evening of rain; there was considerable rain on Saturday night, but not enough to have any influence on the river. Hopes are entertained that navigation will soon be resumed, notwithstanding the prospects just now are not very flattering.

—A correspondent writes from Yankton, Dacotah, under date of October 6, as follows: The Josephine arrived here Saturday 4th, with 400 troops from the Yellowstone expedition. She went up 120 miles, found the water very shallow—some places only twelve to sixteen inches—unloaded soldiers, stores and every moveable article off the boat to get her over these shallow places, and finally left 100 tons freight about fifty miles from Fort Lincoln, consisting of all kinds of stores, commissaries, &c. She transferred her troops here to the steamer Western, in command of Captain Martin Coulson, who will deliver them at Omaha and then proceed on out of the river to St. Louis. The Josephine will load again this week as fast as the government freight comes in, for Fort Lincoln and intermediate posts.

—The Attorney General has been notified that an injunction has been granted in the Circuit Court of Wisconsin against the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad Company, restraining them from bridging the Mississippi River, at a point other than selected by the Secretary of War in conformity with the act of Congress. The Attorney General is informed that the railroad company will acquiesce in the decision of the Court, and take no appeal but proceed to construct the bridge at the place designated by the Secretary of War.

—Lord Palmerston, the distinguished ex-"marinist" of Nashville, recently taxed a friend for fifty cents to pay for a good square meal, which the same he needed muchly. The money, however, was quickly invested in several "fourteen drops" of Robertson County. Having been remonstrated with for this improvident expenditure, he indignantly replied that he was a British subject, and must live like a gentleman.

—Carondelet Marine Way Items—The Utah was hauled out Tuesday, and was let off yesterday morning. The ferryboat from Washington, Mo., was taken out yesterday morning for general repairs, and will be let off in a few days. The Capitol City, Warner, Esperanza and a few barges are also out of the ways, the two former receiving a general overhauling, and the latter being lengthed 25 feet. The Warner gets new guards, new cylinder, &c.

—A good deal of dissatisfaction appears to exist in the North with the Keokuk Line. The Davenport Gazette has this to say: Having got rid of competition in general trade on the Upper Mississippi, the Keokuk Northern Line has got rid of business also by its enormous tariffs, and so, into winter harbors go the packets.

—We learn that Thomas Tuttle, an old time steamboat mate, was killed Monday, last near Indianapolis, by a runaway team. He quit the river some time ago, and went to Indiana to engage in farming. He was made on the Charter Oak, when she met her fate at the hands of the fire fiend.

—Captain William White, brother of John S. White has purchased the towboat Coal Bluff for $6,500. She will be used as a towboat between Georgetown and this city on the opening of navigation.

—The Upper Mississippi packets are retiring into winter quarters. The Davenport Gazette says the Keokuk Northern Line, having got rid of competition, has now got rid of business by its enormous tariffs.

—Captain John Scudder has tendered $5,000 in cash to the City of Memphis to be used in the present emergency, the same to be placed to the credit of the Anchor steamboat's wharfage account. This is certainly a most generous offer.

—On last Friday Hiram Hill, the submarine diver, while taking out the wreck of the Collier at Henderson, found the remains of a colored man under the boilers.

—Col. Bryson is in Cairo and will begin the work on Bacon rock soon.

—Wolf's torpedo boats are at work on the wreck of the Missouri at Evansville.

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Wrought Turnings, Cast Turnings, Old Rail Road, Locomotive Tyre, Old Car and Driving Wheels, Old Boilers,
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We have this day received 1 car
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Watt, Lang & Co.,
172 and 174 Wood street.

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From the above notice it will be seen that I have succeeded Mr. JAMES O'BRIEN in the Produce Commission business. I respectfully tender my services to shippers and others, and by prompt attention to business ask a share of your patronage.
AUGUST 4. W. M. GORMLY.
au6

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2 car loads prime Oats,
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10,000 Heavy Stripe 1 Bags.
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Pittsburgh, October 1, 1873. oc1

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Attorney-at-Law,
And United States District Attorney, will attend to professional business entrusted to him, both in Federal and State Courts.
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1,000 Sides Buenos Ayres Sole;
300 do. Springfield Oak Sole;
100 dos. French Calf and Kip of the most approved Brand.
With a full assortment of Saddlers and Shoemaker's stock wholesale and retail.

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☞IMPORTANT NOTICE.
Drs. Jordan and Davieson
Beg to inform their friends, patients, and the public generally, that owing to their increase of practice they are compelled, reluctantly, to discontinue their branch office in this city, and in future are to be consulted only at their head office,
1625 Filbert Street, Philadelphia.

Just published: "Practical Observations on Nervous Debility and Premature Decay," being a synopsis of Lectures delivered at the great Institute of Anatomy, 807 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, to which is added an important essay on MARRIAGE, the whole illustrated with numerous interesting cases from actual practice. This interesting work will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, stamps. Address
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Stockholders individually liable. Interest paid on time deposits.

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James Rafferty, George Stewart,
Wm. Anderson, Thompson Gilleland,
R. M. Gray, Hugh Richardson,
Isaac Rigby,
H. Hunneshagen.
JAMES RAFFERTY, President.
A. N. BURCHFIELD, Cashier.

PITTSBURGH
Savings Bank,
No. 188 LIBERTY STREET.
CAPITAL - - - $300,000
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
SIX PER CENT. allowed on Time Deposits. Discounts daily. Special attention paid to Collection and Remittances.

DIRECTORS.
J. T. Stockdale, Owen Morgan,
R. L. Wood, Jr., Andrew Ackley,
Jesse H. Lippencott, J. Ascheim,
W. W. Ackley, Jake Hill.
E. Maginn,
J. T. STOCKDALE, President
jy11:n79 THOMAS ROGERS, Jr., Cashier.

Commercial Banking Company,
No. 98 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CAPITAL, - - - $300,000.
Stockholders Individually Liable.
W. H. EVERSON, President. W. C. MACRUM, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
Alexander Bates, John Lindsey,
A. H. English, J. A. Blackmore,
W. H. Everson, John G. Phillips,
Wm. France, B. F. Wilson,
O. F. Wharton, W. W. O'Neil,
Jacob Kies.

Collections made on all accessible points of the United States and Canada.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits.
Prompt attention given to all business of Correspondents.

ANCHOR SAVINGS BANK,
No. 153 Wylie Avenue,
CORNER ELM STREET.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL STOCK, - $100,000
A. M. BROWN, Esq., President,
DAVID STEEN, Vice President.
JAS. H. SCOTT, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.—A. M. Brown, David Steen, J. D. Strous, W. S. Foster, M. D., John Kelly, David Gilmore, R. H. Smith, Geo. Glass, and Wm. M. Vogleson.

Open for business from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits.
Liberal accommodations to current depositors.
Loans made on Bonds, Mortgages, Commercial Papers, &c.
Discount days—Tuesdays and Fridays. ap25

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK
Of Pittsburgh.
NO. 58 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CASH CAPITAL, - - - - $500,000.
INCORPORATED 1866.
Office: No. 83 FOURTH AVENUE,
(In Safe Deposit Co.'s Building.)
President—HENRY LLOYD.
Vice President—WILLIAM REA.

TRUSTEES:
Henry Lloyd, William Rea,
Thomas Wightman, E. P. Jones,
S. S. Hartley, Geo. W. Hailman,
Hon. J. K. Moorhead, Edward Gregg.
Hiram Stowe.

Secretary and Treasurer.
SIDNEY F. VON BONNHORST.

Six per cent. interest allowed on time deposits. Investments made in Government and Real Estate Securities.

Bank open daily, except Sundays, from nine o'clock A. M. to four o'clock P. M., and on Saturday Evening from six to nine o'clock. au8:w40

Hart, Caughey & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
Cor. Fourth Ave. and Wood St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Successors to Hanna, Hart & Co.,
DEALERS IN
Exchange, Coin, Coupons,
And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
GOVERNMENT BONDS,
Also, Sight Drafts on London.

MAX SCHAMBERG,
No. 163 Smithfield Street,
(Between Sixth and Seventh avenues,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Foreign Exchange,
OCEAN PASSAGE
AND
Railroad Tickets.
Collections Made
ON ALL PARTS OF EUROPE

N. Holmes & Sons,
BANKERS,
No. 57 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities Bought and Sold on Commission.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
United States Securities.

Allegheny National Bank
OF PITTSBURGH,
No. 33 Fifth Avenue.
CAPITAL STOCK, $500,000.
J. W. COOK, President.
R. W. MACKEY, Vice President.
[illegible], Cashier.

HARDWARE

HUBS, SPOKES
OSCAR F. LAMM,
Manufacturer of all kinds of
HUBS.
Wholesale and retail dealer in
Carriage and General Hardware, Spokes, Felloes, Shafts and Poles,
NO. 155 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

C. WHITMORE, THOS. H. LANE, CHAS. T. NEALE. M. H. WOLFF, JNO. D. CHERRY.
Whitmore, Wolff, Lane & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
Sign of the Anvil.
No 50 WOOD STREET.
p18:96 PITTSBURGH

FINANCIAL.

American Bank
NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,
Pittsburgh.
CASH CAPITAL, - - - $200,000.
Stockholders Individually Liable.
BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT.
JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
Thomas M. Marshall, John M. Murtland,
Wm. T. Shannon, Archibald Wallace,
James W. Arrott, James D. Kelly,
Charles B. Leech, Wm. Floyd,
John Floyd.

Collections made to all points in the United States and Canadas. Prompt attention paid to correspondents.
fe10:b41

THE NATIONAL TRUST CO.
NO. 422 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Capital, - - - - - $100,000.
Stockholders Individually Liable.

Deposits of $1 and upward received. Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted. Discount days, Tuesdays and Fridays.

DIRECTORS—Robert Dickson, Jacob Ahl, James M. Taylor, Edward Miles, Wm. B. Brickell, Charles H. Armstrong, Wm. Smith, Wm. J. Friday, James Taylor, M. Garver, P. Kane, C. Van Buren, H. Gerwig. President—ROBERT DICKSON; Vice President—JAMES M. TAYLOR; Cashier—ROBERT J. GRIER

FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS.

National Foundry & Pipe Works
The largest and most complete
PIPE FOUNDRY
IN THE WORLD.
Capacity, 200 Tons Gas and Water Mains Daily.
Contractors for Erection of Gas and Water Works Complete.
Wm. Smith & Sons,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Orders for all sizes and quantities respectfully solicited.

BERLIN FOUNDRY.
ESTABLISHED 1808.
WILLIAM G. PRICE, SR.,
MANUFACTURER OF
Light Machinery Castings,
SUGAR KETTLES,
PLUMBERS' CASTINGS, SASH WEIGHTS
WINDOW LINTELS AND SILLS.
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
29 WOOD STREET.

ANCHOR MACHINE WORKS
And Foundry.
LINDSEY, MURRAY & CO.,
Nos. 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 Penn Ave.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of
Marine and Stationary Engines.
Machinery of every description made to order. Mill, Furnace and Machinery Castings furnished on short notice. Repairing promptly attended to.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,
(Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER.)
Washington Works
FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS,
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions, Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office—No. 12, CORNER FIRST AVENUE and SMITHFIELD STREET.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r51

ATLAS WORKS,
Twenty-Eighth Street,
Founders and Machinists,
IN
Heavy Work. Steam Engines.
THOS. N. MILLER, President.

DIAMOND
Foundry, Machine and Boiler Works.
ANDERSON, MAXWELL & PORTER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
STEAM ENGINES.
For Oil Wells, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Planing and Rolling Mills. Have on hand and make to order all sizes TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED, CYLINDER and LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, HOUSE FRONTS, COLUMNS, WINDOW HEADS and MACHINE CASTINGS of every description.
Prompt attention given to Repairing.
Office and works: 33 and 40 Park Way, Allegheny.

WILLIAM A. HARRIS
Providence, R. I.,
BUILDER OF THE
HARRIS-CORLISS ENGINE,
With Harris' Patent Improvements.
Send for Circulars.
A 90 horse Engine is on Exhibition at the Cincinnati Exposition until October 4th, and a 60 horse Engine at the Louisville Exposition until October 11th.
se9:t75

Thos. Carlin & Co.,
Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,
SANDUSKY STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,
Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Built to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes.

C. H. Onions & Co.,
Rolling Mill and Machinery Castings, Pipes, Rolls, Plates, Ore Crushers, Stoves and Hollowware and general Castings.
Cor. Twentieth and Railroad Streets,
se30:z10 PITTSBURGH, PA.

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.
TOMLINSON & M'KEE,
Manufacturers of BRIDGE, ROLLING MILL, BLAST FURNACE and MACHINERY CASTINGS of every description.
Railroad street, between 29th and 30th streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA

DICKSON, MARSHALL & CO.
IRON CITY FOUNDRY,
Manufacturers of Bridge, Rolling Mill, Blast Furnace and Machinery Castings.
CORNER OF LIBERTY and TWENTY-THIRD STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OILS, &c.

WARDEN, FREW & CO.
OFFICES:
111 WALNUT STREET, Philadelphia.
95 BEAVER STREET, New York.
SEVENTH AND DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh
COMMISSION MERCHANTS IN
PETROLEUM.
Warehouse, Point Breeze, Schuylkill River, Philadelphia.
Shipments of Crude and Refined Oil solicited. Advances made on consignments.

Waring Brothers,
Successors to WARING & KING,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
IN
Petroleum and its Products,
37 Fifth Avenue.
Philadelphia address,
Waring Brothers & Co.,
jy16 307 Walnut street.

ELKINS, BLY & CO.,
Riverside Oil Refinery,
Manufacturers of
Carbon and Head Light Oils,
And Dealers in
LUBRICATING OILS,
Duquesne Way and Ninth St., Pittsburgh.
Orders from the Wholesale Trade solicited.

Sewer Pipes, Chimney Flues,
AND
CHIMNEY TOPS.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
123 Second Avenue, Pittsburgh.

JOHN H. STEWART .... ROBT. H. PATTERSON
ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.
LIVERY, SALE AND
Commission Stables
Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PLASTER.
300 bbls best Eastern Calcined Plaster.
Soda Ash—50 casks, best brand.
Spar—500 bbls No. 1 in store.
Black Lead—10 casks in store.
Arsenic—20 kegs, Garland's.
Manganese—10 bbls best brand.
For sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
Pittsburgh, Sept. 9, 1873. 120 Water st.

PLOW WORKS.

ALEXANDER SPEER & SONS
(Successors to HALL & SPEER,)
Pittsburgh Globe Plow Works,
Manufacturers of every description of
PLOWS, HARROWS AND
PLOW CASTINGS, ROAD
CULTIVATORS, SCRAPERS.
Steel Plow Molds made to any shape or pattern. je6:p11

IRON AND STEEL.

FORT PITT IRON
AND
STEEL WORKS.
REESE, GRAFF & WOODS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON and STEEL,
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
At the Works, Thirty-second St., near Penn,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY.
A. GARRISON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Chilled and Sand
ROLLS
Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.
ORE AND CLAY PULVERIZERS,
ROTARY SQUEEZERS,
Haskins' Patent Double Spiral Pinions,
AND
ROLLING MILL CASTINGS.
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Office and Warehouse,
NO. 209 LIBERTY STREET.

ROOFS
W. B. Scaife & Sons,
Nos. 119 and 121 First Ave.,
79, 81, 83, 90 and 92 Sec. Ave., and 78 Third Ave.
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Erect in any part of the United States,
IRON ROOF FRAMES.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CORRUGATED IRON,
The best article in use for covering or siding Wooded Frame Buildings.
ONLY MANUFACTURERS OF
Scaife's Patent Wrought Iron Dome Head
Kitchen Range Boiler,
Every Boiler Tight and Tested at 130 lbs. Pressure.
SHEET AND PLATE IRON WORK,
AND COPPER PIPES.

WAYNE IRON
AND
STEEL WORKS.
BROWN & CO.,
Manufacturers of the
Wayne and "U. S." Brands of
IRON AND STEEL,
Bar, Rod, Hoop, Sheet and Tank Iron, Extra Horse Shoe Iron, Wagon Box Iron, Iron Plow Beams, Flanged Landside Iron, Light T Rails, 12 to 18 lbs. per yard, Splice Bars, "U. S." Boiler Plate and Fire Box Iron, and Boiler Heads, all Flanging, Boiler and Tank Rivets, extra quality. Wayne and "U. S." BEST REFINED STEEL and Cast Steel. Also, Iron Centre Cast Steel for plows and cultivators, Tire Steel, Lay Steel, Grain Drill Steel, Flanged Landside Steel and Steel Plow Beams. All descriptions of Iron and Steel made to order for Agricultural Implements. Plow Moulds, Shares, Cultivator Shovels, Rolling Coulters, &c., cut to any desired pattern.
Near Union Depot.
Office and Works,
Cor. Duquesne Way and Tenth St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Our "U.S." Brands warranted to be unexcelled.

Pennsylvania Iron Works.
EVERSON, GRAFF & MACRUM
Manufacturers of every description of
Sheet and Bar Iron,
Flat, Bar, Round, Square, Band, Hoop, Tank and Boiler Iron.
Fine and Common Sheet Iron.
Office at Works, SECOND AVENUE, immediately above upper Monongahela bridge
PITTSBURGH, PA.

IRON CITY IRON WORKS,
Rogers & Burchfield,
MANUFACTURERS OF
SHEET IRON
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Office and Warehouse—No. 108 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Special attention paid to Fine Sheets for Trunks and Stamping purposes. my20:r94

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.
LLOYD & BLACK,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Merchant, Bar,
SHEET AND BOILER IRON,
Common, Refined Charcoal, Charcoal Bloom, Angle and T Iron.
T Rails 30, 20, 16, 15, 14 and 12 lbs to the yard.
Flat Rail punched and counter-sunk.
Office and works: GREENOUGH AND SECOND AVENUE.

PHOENIX ROLL WORKS.
BAGALEY, YOUNG & CO.
PATENT SEMI-STEEL and CAST IRON
CHILL ROLLS,
SAND ROLLS AND PINIONS,
Haskin's Patent Double Spiral Pinions,
Cast and Finished to Order at Lowest Current Rates.
41st, 42d and Valley R. R., Pittsburgh.

HUBBARD, LIPPINCOTT,
BAKEWELL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Axes, Saws,
AND
SHOVELS.
EMERSON'S INSERTED TOOTH SAW.
Particular attention paid to the manufacture of SHOVELS FOR FURNACES, MILLS AND COAL WORKS.
Office—Lippincott's Axe Factory and Pittsburgh Saw Works, Dinwiddie street, near Fifth avenue.
fe6:k83

PITTSBURGH TAR
CHEMICAL WORKS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Pitch, Iron and Asphalt Varnish, Carbolate Powder, the Universal Disinfectant—Carbolic Acid, Crude Acid Purified Benzoles; and other Products of Coal Tar.
Office—No. 69 FIFTH AVENUE, UP STAIRS.
WORKS—Adjoining the Gas Works, Allegheny.

BRIDGE WORK.

CARNEGIE, KLOMAN & CO.
The Union Iron Works,
PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Bridge Iron, Patent Solid Rolled Wrought Iron Beams,
Girders, Channel Iron,
Angles, Plates, Axles,
Post Iron, Splice Bars,
Merchant Bar, Forging, &c.
General Office and Works, 29th Street
PITTSBURGH.
Eastern Office—57 Broadway, New York.
Lithographs of Sections furnished on application.

KEYSTONE BRIDGE CO.
BUILDERS OF
Iron and Wooden Bridges,
Wrought Iron Turn-Tables, Roofs, &c.
OFFICES:
Cor. Fifty-first and Harrison streets, Pittsburgh
No. 426 Walnut street, Philadelphia.
No. 211 Washington avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

TUBE WORKS.

GRAFF TUBE WORKS.
WILLIAM GRAFF & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Plain and Galvanized Wrought
IRON PIPE,
FOR GAS, STEAM AND WATER,
No. 140 FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Pipe of any size, Length or Thickness furnished to order. Also, Pipe cut and fitted to plans for mills, &c.

NEW SEASON—JAPAN TEAS JUST received, very fragrant, and for sale by the caddy, or single pound, by JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO., Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after June 29, 1873, Trains will leave and arrive as follows:

EASTWARD. Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Express..	2:50am	Mail Train........	[illegible]
Mail Train........	7:45am	Fast Line	[illegible]
Cincinnati Ex..	12:30pm	Pittsburgh Ex..	[illegible]
Phila. Ex........	4:40pm	Cincinnati Ex...	[illegible]
Fast Line........	6:40pm	Southern Ex.....	[illegible]
Southern Ex.....	11:41pm	Pacific Express..	1:10pm
		Way Passenger..	[illegible]
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Wall's No. 1.....	6:40am	Wall's No. 1.....	[illegible]
Wilkinsb'g Ac. No. 1..........	7:05am	Brinton Accom. No. 1........	7:20am
Wall's No. 2.....	10:30am	Wilkinsb'g Ac.. No. 1..........	[illegible]
Wall's No. 3.....	11:45am	Wall's No. 2....	[illegible]
Wilkinsb'g Ac No. 2..........	2:40pm	Johnstown Ac...	[illegible]
Wall's No. 4.....	3:10pm	Wall's No. 3....	[illegible]
Johnstown Ac..	3:53pm	Wall's No. 4....	[illegible]
Brinton Accom. No. 1..........	4:50pm	Wilkinsb'g Ac. No. 2..........	4:45pm
Brinton Accom. No. 2..........	5:20pm	Wall's No. 5....	[illegible]
Wall's No. 5...	6:00pm	Brinton Accom. No. 2..........	[illegible]
Brinton Accom. No. 3..........	9:10pm	Brinton Accom. No. 3..........	[illegible]
Wall's Ac. No. 6.	11:00pm	Brinton Accom. No. 4..........	[illegible]

Pacific Express, Cincinnati Express, Fast Line and Brinton Accommodation No. 2 leave daily.

All other trains daily, except Sunday.

PACIFIC EXPRESS, leaving Pittsburgh at 2:50 A. M., arrives at Harrisburg 11:50 A. M.; Philadelphia 3:30 P.M.; Baltimore 3:00 P.M.; Washington 4:50 P. M.; New York 6:28 P.M.

CINCINNATI EXPRESS, leaving Pittsburgh at 12:30 P.M.; arrives at Harrisburg 10:00 P.M.; Philadelphia 2:30 A.M.; New York, 6:50 A.M.

PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS, leaving Pittsburgh at 4:40 P.M., arrives at Harrisburg 2:50 A.M.; Philadelphia 6:55 A.M.; New York, 10:15 A. M.

FAST LINE, leaving Pittsburgh at 6:40 P.M., arrives at Harrisburg 3:50 A.M.; Philadelphia 7:15 A.M., Baltimore 6:45 A.M.; Washington 9:05 A.M.; New York 10:35 A. M.

SOUTHERN EXPRESS, leaving Pittsburgh at 11:41 P. M., arrives Harrisburg 9:35 A. M., Philadelphia 12:35 P. M., Baltimore 12:30 P. M., Washington 2:30 P. M., New York 3:55 P. M.

The Church Train leaves Wall's station every Sunday at 9:10 A.M., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:00 A.M. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12:30 P.M., and arrives at Wall's Station at 1:30 P.M.; Leaves Pittsburgh at 9:10 P.M.; arrives at Brinton's at 10:00 P. M.

CITY TICKET OFFICE.

For the convenience of the citizens of Pittsburgh, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have opened a City Ticket Office at No. 75 Fifth avenue, corner of Smithfield street, where Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets to principal stations can be purchased at any hour of the day or evening, at the same rates as are charged at the depot.

Baggage will be checked through to destination from hotels and residences by the Excelsior Baggage Express Co. on orders left at the office.

For further information, apply to
D. M. BOYD, Jr., Gen. Pass. Agent.
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager. je8

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after MONDAY, JULY 7, 1873, THREE THROUGH TRAINS daily, (except Sunday,) will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh, city time, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Day Express	7:30am	[illegible]
Night Express	9:30pm	[illegible]
Day Mail	11:50am	[illegible]
Brady's Bend Accom.	3:30pm	10:10am
First Soda Works Accom.	9:45am	[illegible]
Second Soda Works Accom.	5:50pm	[illegible]
First Hulton Accom.	6:40am	[illegible]
Second Hulton Accom.	4:40pm	[illegible]
Third Hulton Accom.	7:30pm	[illegible]
Fourth Hulton Accom.	10:50pm	[illegible]

A Special Sunday train leaves Pittsburgh at 7:30 am, arriving at Parkers at 12:15 pm. Returning, leaves Parkers at 4:10 pm, and arrives at Pittsburgh at 8:35 pm, stopping at all stations for passengers.

Church train to and from Soda Works, (Sunday), arrive at Pittsburgh at 10:10 am, and leave at 12:30 pm.

Express trains stop only at principal points.

Accommodation trains stop at all stations.

Pullman's Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Night Express trains between Pittsburgh and Titusville. Baggage checked through to destination.

Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets can be procured at the Ticket office, No. 75 Fifth avenue and in the Union Depot.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen. Sup't.
JAMES H. BRAY, Ticket Agent, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after June 29, 1873, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line........	1:58am	Pacific Express...	[illegible]
Chicago Mail.....	6:18am	Wheeling Ex.....	[illegible]
Cl. & Wh'g M'l.	6:48am	Chicago Express	[illegible]
Erie & Yo. Ex...	7:18am	Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	[illegible]
Chicago Express	9:28am	Chicago Mail.....	[illegible]
Cl. & Wh'g Ex..	1:28pm	Erie & Yo. Ex.	[illegible]
Pacific Express.	1:48pm	Ch. & St. L. Ex.	[illegible]
Wheeling Ex...	5:03pm	Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	[illegible]
Erie Express.....	6:48pm	Erie Express.....	[illegible]
DEPART FROM ALLEGH'Y.		ARRIVE IN ALLEGHENY.	
Beaver Falls Ac.	6:38am	Leetsdale Accom	[illegible]
Leetsdale Accom	10:25am	Leetsdale Accom	[illegible]
Leetsdale Accom	12:08pm	Beaver Falls Ac.	[illegible]
New Castle Ac..	1:06pm	Enon Accom.....	[illegible]
Enon Accom......	4:48pm	New Castle Ac..	[illegible]
Leetsdale Accom	5:38pm	Leetsdale Accom	[illegible]
Beaver Falls Ac.	6:38pm	Beaver Falls Ac.	[illegible]
Leetsdale Accom	8:38pm	Leetsdale Accom	[illegible]
Leetsdale Accom	10:38pm	Leetsdale Accom	[illegible]
Fair Oaks Sunday church......	12:43pm	Fair Oaks Sunday Church.....	[illegible]

Pacific Express leaves daily. Chicago Express arrives daily.

Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted. Fast Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted.

All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
J. N. McCULLOUGH,
jy1 General Manager.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST LOUIS RAILWAY,
Pan-Handle Route.

On and after June 29, 1873, trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh time, as follows:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line........	1:48am	McDonald Ac....	[illegible]
Columbus Mail...	7:18am	Wash. Accom.....	[illegible]
Wash. Accom....	8:48am	Steubenville Ac...	[illegible]
Pacific Express..	9:12am	Cincinnati Ex....	[illegible]
McDonald Ac...	12:08pm	McDonald Ac....	[illegible]
Southern Ex.....	2:13pm	Wash. Accom.....	[illegible]
Steubenville Ac.	3:33pm	Columbus Mail..	[illegible]
Wash. Accom....	5:01pm	Fast Line........	[illegible]
McDonald Ac....	6:18pm	Southern Ex......	[illegible]
Sunday Church train........	12:48pm	Sunday Church train........	[illegible]

Fast Line and Southern Express leave daily.

Fast Line and Cincinnati Express arrive daily.

All other Trains will run daily, except Sundays.

Sleeping Cars, without change to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
J. N. McCULLOUGH,
jy1 General Manager.

PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON & BALTIMORE RAILWAY—CONNELLSVILLE ROUTE.

On and after Monday, July 21, 1873, Trains will arrive and depart from Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, as follows, city time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Uniontown ac.....	6:20am	McKeesport acc..	[illegible]
Through Mail.....	8:00am	McKeesport acc..	[illegible]
Mixed Way.......	9:15am	W. Newton acc..	[illegible]
McKeesport acc..	10:55am	Pitts. Express....	[illegible]
Connellsville acc..	2:25pm	Connellsville acc.	11:05am
McKeesport acc..	4:25pm	McKeesport acc..	12:15pm
W. Newton acc..	5:25pm	McKeesport acc..	[illegible]
McKeesport acc..	6:15pm	Uniontown acc...	[illegible]
B. & W. Express	7:00pm	McKeesport acc..	[illegible]
McKeesport acc..	11:00pm	Through Mail.....	[illegible]
W. Newton Ch T	1:00pm	*W. Newton C T	[illegible]
		(*Sunday only.)	

All other trains daily except Sunday.

All trains will make close connection for Mt. Pleasant and Uniontown. Except 7:45 pm train for Mt. Pleasant.

Sleeping cars run through to Washington, D. C., and Baltimore by 7:00 pm train. Fare, Washington, $9.00; Baltimore, $8.50.

Through Mail makes connection at Bridgeport for Bedford Springs.

SAM'L G. HOUGH,
General Passenger Agent.
E. A. HYNDMAN,
jy21 General Superintendent.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after MONDAY, June 30, 1873, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will leave from and arrive at the Federal street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows, (Allegheny time):

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Mail..............	6:30am	Springdale No. 1	6:45am
Freeport Ac......	9:30am	Butler Ac........	8:30am
Fairview Ac......	10:30am	Express..........	10:10am
Springdale No. 1	3:00pm	Fairview Ac......	12:25pm
Express..........	3:10pm	Freeport Ac......	1:30pm
Butler Ac........	4:40pm	Springdale No. 2	5:10pm
Springdale No. 2	6:10pm	Mail..............	8:10pm

The above Trains run daily except Sunday.

The Sunday Accommodation leaves Springdale every Sunday at 8 30 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 10:00 A.M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:30 P. M., and arrives at Springdale at 2:30 P.M.

The 6:30 A.M. train from Allegheny City connects for Butler.

For further information see time table, which can be obtained at the ticket office.

Local Tickets to all important stations on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

A. J. CASSATT, Gen. Manager. D. M. BOYD, Jr., Gen. Pass. Agent.

PITTSBURGH, VIRGINIA & CHARLESTON RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, September 29th, 1873, and until further notice, trains will leave and arrive at Depot, 336 Carson street, South Pittsburgh, as follows:

PITTSBURGH TIME.

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Monongahela acc	8:00a.m	Elizabeth acc.....	6:50a.m
Camden acc......	11:00a.m	Monongahela Ex	9:45a.m
Monongahela Ex	4:30p.m	Camden acc......	1:50p.m
Elizabeth acc....	6:16p.m	Monongahela acc	5:40p.m

CHURCH TRAIN leaves Monongahela City every Sunday at 8:00 A. M., stopping at all points for passengers, and reaching Pittsburgh at 10:00 A. M. Returning: leaves Pittsburgh at 1:00 p. m., arriving at Monongahela City at 3:05 p. m.

Passengers to Pittsburgh will be furnished with TRANSFER PASSES on Birmingham and Ormsby Passenger Railways.

Monthly Commutation School and Family Tickets to all points.

JOHN M. BYERS,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.
WM. J. ROSE,
General Passenger Agent.

STEEL WORKS.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS
ESTABLISHED 1862.
ANDERSON & WOODS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Refined Cast Steel
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. ALSO,
Best Refined German Plow and Spring Steel
CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS,
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
PITTSBURGH,
Manufacturers of every description of
Cast and German Steel
STEEL FIRE BOX and BOILER PLATE,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.
WAREHOUSE, 83 Water street and 160 First ave.
New York, 30 Gold St., Chicago, 86 Mich. ave. Boston, 127 and 129 Federal St.

Hussey, Wells & Co.,
Manufacturers of every description of
CAST STEEL,
Office and works—PENN AND SEVENTEENTH STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Black Diamond Steel Works
PARK, BRO. & CO.,
Manufacturers of all descriptions of
STEEL.
OFFICE and WAREHOUSE—30th, 31st and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS.
Miller, Barr & Parkin,
OFFICE: No. 339 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

GET THE BEST.
Howe Standard
SCALES.
Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocer Fixtures, Scales repaired.
W. A. McCLURG,
[illegible]

EST NEWS.

THE CAPITAL.

President Grant's Views on the Financial Question.

SPECIE PAYMENTS APPROACHING.

The Late Crisis a Blessing in Disguise.

EX-SENATOR POMEROY SHOT.

Domestic Interference Said to be the Cause.

WASHINGTON, October 11, 1873.

Senator Pomeroy Shot.

Senator Pomeroy was shot here to-day by Mr. Conway. The following are the particulars of the tragedy:

Mr. Conway thought he had some grievance against Mr. Pomeroy, and had been on the lookout for him for some time. Just previous to the shooting, Conway, who boards on the northwest corner of New York avenue and Fourteenth streets, espied Pomeroy entering a real estate office situated in the same building in which he (Conway) boards. Arming himself with a Smith & Wesson revolver, Conway came out on the street and took a position where he could see Pomeroy when he left the office. Pomeroy started to come out of the real estate office, when Conway tackled him a few steps from the street, raised his pistol, and without the least warning fired three shots at Pomeroy. The first shot passed through his hat, the second struck the building, and the third and last shot passed through the lappels of his coat, his vest and shirt, penetrating the skin, and striking a rib, glanced off without serious injury. Pomeroy fell, and his assailant immediately walked away. A carriage was hailed and the wounded man, with the assistance of his friends, was placed in it and driven to his residence on H street, near Fourteenth. Conway was soon overtaken by citizens, one of whom said to him, "Stop, sir, stop; you have shot a man, and you must give some reason for it." Conway at once handed him his pistol, and said, "Sir, that man has ruined my wife and family." He then surrendered himself.

Senator Pomeroy says that Conway met him a few days ago for the first time in about two years, and said abruptly: "I am out of money," to which Pomeroy replied: "I know then how to appreciate your situation, for I am nearly in that condition myself." This was all that passed between them at this interview, and to-day not a word was spoken before Conway commenced firing, surprising Pomeroy more than anything that ever happened him before.

Pomeroy is emphatic in stating that he has never had any controversy or ground for difficulty with Conway. On the contrary, he says that about three years ago he and Senator Sumner got Conway's wife a clerkship in the Treasury Department, on her representing that her husband would not support her. Subsequently, says Pomeroy, Conway tried to "trustee" or draw her wages at the Treasury Department and failed to accomplish it, but he (Pomeroy) had no controversy with him on that subject or any other.

Conway is a native of Baltimore, Md., and a printer by trade. He studied law, emigrated to Kansas and took part in the early struggles of that Territory as a free State man. After serving as County Judge for awhile he was elected to Congress as the first representative of Kansas. At the end of his term he was appointed by President Johnson Consul at Marseilles, but was removed by President Grant soon after the latter's inauguration. He has been living in this city for several years. Conway is a small sized man, and appears to be between forty and forty-five years of age. After the shooting he seemed very much excited, and upon the first remark made to him by Mr. Stilson: "What have you done?" he replied: "I don't know, or I hardly know what I'm doing."

Conway was taken before Judge Snell this evening and released on $10,000 bail, Alexander Adamson becoming his bondsman. A certificate of a physician was produced to the effect that the wound of Pomeroy was very slight. Conway was laboring under very great mental excitement. It is said that the cause of the shooting is that Conway has had frequent political reverses in Kansas, which he attributes to Pomeroy. His counsel have advised him to make no statement, and upon being released this evening he was taken away by his friends.

Condition of the National Metropolitan Bank.

Col. Moore, National Bank Examiner, has completed a thorough examination of the National Metropolitan Bank of Washington, and made his report to the Comptroller of the Currency. The Comptroller says that from this report it appears that the capital stock is impaired, and that the bank has considerable surplus assets, at their cash value being more than sufficient to pay the creditors and return the original capital to the shareholders. From an examination of the bills receivable, it is found that on the 1st of October, the day of the commencement of the examination, there were no loans to any person, company, corporation or firm in excess of ten per cent. of the capital, as required by law. The bank was, at the date of the last regular report, the 13th of June, deficient in the amount of reserve required. Explanations were made to the Comptroller in reference to such deficiency, and he was given to understand that the amount of the deficiency would be restored. But the records show that the bank from that time subsequently was continually deficient, and consequently was obliged to suspend currency payments at the same time of the suspensions of the banks in New York and other cities. Had the reserve required been held at the commencement of the panic, the Comptroller is of the opinion that the bank would have continued currency payments as usual.

A Murderer Convicted.

Hope H. Slatter, of Alabama, was this evening convicted of the murder of Michael Hussy, in August last. The counsel moved for a new trial.

The Release of Santanta and Big Tree Denied.

The Secretary of the Interior received an official dispatch contradicting the press reports of the release of Santanta and Big Tree.

Appointment.

The President this morning appointed Oscar A. Fryers as United States Attorney for the Southern District of Florida, vice Mabley, resigned.

Free Letter Delivery at Lafayette, Ind.

The Postmaster General has established the free delivery system for Lafayette, Ind., with four carriers.

The Polaris Investigation.

The examination of Captain Buddington, of the Polaris, was commenced at the Navy Yard to-day by the Secretary of the Navy.

Legal Tenders Outstanding.

The outstanding legal tenders amount to $359,490,488.

WASHINGTON, October 12, 1873.

President Grant's Views on the Financial Question.

The views of President Grant on the financial question were expressed in substance yesterday during a conversation. In the first place, he thought the panic generally through the country differed essentially, both in cause and effect, from any similar event of which he had any knowledge. When such events have heretofore taken place, distrust has been occasioned as to the currency in circulation. Every one in possession of currency would rush to the banks with it or spend it in the most liberal manner. But now currency, instead of being depreciated, is actually becoming daily more valuable.

In response to a question, he said he thought he saw in passing events the first steps towards resumption, for the reason that panics generally occur when the country lacks prosperity, such as from a failure of the crops, over purchases from abroad, etc. In this instance a panic has occurred in the midst of the greatest general prosperity. The aid recently rendered in the purchase of an unusually large number of bonds was not so much real as moral. The fact is, the President said, the money corporations of the country had become stampeded, and in turn startled and stampeded the whole country. Had not the Treasury seemed to aid them in the same way, the fright would have become more general and the consequences to the country more fatal. As it was, he really believed the effect was going to be beneficial in many ways to the country at large, though the cost to some individuals deserving of a better fate may be severe.

A return to a specie basis can never be effected except by the shrinkage of values. This shrinkage has now taken place. Disasters to individuals have already overtaken them, and he sincerely hoped the advantage might be retained, in order to reach a solid financial basis. Already currency has appreciated to about par with silver. He wondered that silver is not now pouring out. When this should take place, his theory was that the country could absorb from two to three hundred millions of it. This would prove a great benefit in several ways. It would supply a market for a number of years for the product of our mines, now becoming a drug. It would take the place of forty millions fractional currency, about the amount of change that experience has proven to be necessary for the transaction of business, and will become the currency, which will be hoarded in small amounts. He believed that when silver was once more in circulation, greenbacks would never be at a discount for silver. All fluctuations from that point would be in appreciation of the value of our paper money.

As to legislation, the President said he had thought much upon the subject, and if he were now engaged in writing his annual message to Congress, he should recommend positive authority to reissue the forty-four millions reserve, a free banking law, with the same protection to bill holders as now, a repeal of the clause requiring a reserve for the protection of depositors, a per centage of the other reserve to be in gold, and that increased in a regular ratio until the whole reserve would be in gold. This could be solely effected by requiring such institutions to save the whole or a large per centage of the gold interest paid to banks on their bonds, held by the Treasurer of the United States for the protection of bill holders. He also favored an absolute prohibition to payment of interest on deposits.

The President did not contend that he would be right in these recommendations, but they embodied views which unaided reflection had brought to him. There was no question but that much demoralizing and injudicious speculation and gambling was caused by the accumulation of capital in large centres, by the payment of interest on deposits during a portion of the year when money is not required for moving products. This leads country bankers, merchants and others to deposit in city banks, principally in New York, to make this money earn something during a period when they do not wish to use it. Banks paying interest on deposits cannot afford to hold money idle, hence gambling in fancy stocks, millions of which, as an investment, would not support a family even in the most economical manner, the building of railroads that are not wanted, and which cannot for years pay running expenses, etc. Such gambling and speculation had, he trusted, received a blow from which he hoped they never would recover.

The President said that unless his mind should undergo a change, he would recommend a post-office bank. This would give an institution in which everybody would have great confidence, within the reach of every one who can approach a money order postoffice. He should recommend the payment of four per cent. to depositors, and conversion of the deposits either into outstanding U. S. bonds or into new four and a half per cent. bonds, and the taking up of a corresponding amount of those outstanding.

The Chief Justiceship.

The President having been asked a question in relation to the Chief Justiceship, replied that he had consulted with no one as to a selection, and repeated what he heretofore said, namely, that in making a choice he would look to the interest of the country at large and endeavor to make a choice which would be generally accepted.

YELLOW FEVER.

Fearful Ravages of the Plague in Memphis.

GREAT FINANCIAL DISTRESS.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, October 11.—There is no apparent abatement of the disease. On the contrary, the number of new cases reported daily, which occur in every part of the city, give evidence that it is on the increase. The doctors say the recent frost had a beneficial effect that will soon develop, but as yet the mortuary lists are alarming. Relief committees are daily in receipt of liberal contributions from every part of the country, and are busily engaged in the proper dispensing of aid to the afflicted and distressed. The demand for nurses is greater than the supply, and Mobile and New Orleans are drawn upon and are supplying additional details. The disease is not confined to any particular locality, though the original seat and origin of the plague (Happy Hollow) is carefully avoided, and is being thoroughly overhauled and disinfected by the Board of Health. The Howards, the citizen's relief, the Odd Fellows, the Masons, Germans and all other relief associations are actively engaged in the work of administering to the sick and providing for the distressed, the chief and most difficult of their task being the providing of temporary homes for the great number of helpless children made orphans by the terrible ravages of the fever. As yet all have been provided for to a limited extent, but as each day increases the number, the means at hand are necessarily diminished, and what the result will be in another week is beyond present calculation. The Masons of Memphis are in financial distress on account of the heavy expenses they have incurred during the epidemic. They have buried twenty of their number in the last two weeks, and have now on hand fifty-two cases. Their expenses are over three hundred dollars a day. They have received remittances from a few other cities, but not sufficient to their necessities. Lodges and Masons can remit to A. J. Wheeler, Secretary of the Masonic Relief Board, who will use all funds received for the distressed belonging to the craft.

The Waltham Infirmary, under the management of the Howard Association, with Dr. Luke P. Blackburn in charge, is doing good work, but few fatal cases occurring in proportion to the number received in consideration of the condition of the great majority of those cared for there.

The following card from Mayor Waltham will appear in the *Appeal* to-morrow morning:

Waltham Infirmary, October 8, 1873.—A. D. Longstaff, Esq., President of Howard Association—Dear Sir: In addition to the patients (19) heretofore discharged from this institution, the following, twenty in number, have this morning been turned over to me by Dr. Blackburn as ready for discharge: Frederick Martin, Charles Lamble, Wm. Molongheny, Dennis Lonaghan, Charles Ludersdorf, Joe McGuire, Patrick Reardon, Maggie Malongheny, Rose Rogatien, Ellen Dowling, Jas. Conray, A. Keyser, Dennis Lynch, James Mack, J. L. Smith, Mary Sullivan, Nettie Gray, Joanna Flynn, Mike Mack, and Chas. Jones, colored.

Some of these have no homes of their own, and some are unprovided with the necessary clothing for going out. Be pleased to notify their friends to call on and remove them as soon as possible, in order to make room for the sick if required. Yours very respectfully,

W. T. WALTHAM.

Office of Howard Association, October 11, 1873.—The friends of the parties above named will please call at once and provide for their removal.

A. D. LONGSTAFF,
President.

Forty-five deaths from yellow fever occurred here in the last twenty-four hours.

MEMPHIS, October 12.—The streets to-day were almost entirely deserted, no crowds of citizens going too and from church, no pleasure vehicles, nothing but hearses and attendants flying to the cemetery, and as quickly returning to receive another victim of the terrible scourge. The ceremony of burial has long since been shorn of its solemn formality, and to meet the demands for the removal of the dead, undertakers are required to move with celerity more becoming merchandise transports in the midst of the busiest season. Occasionally a vehicle containing the visiting committee of the day of some relief association would pass at a rapid pace, but aside from these the city presented a gloomy appearance. A perceptible change in temperature set in about three o'clock this afternoon, and by night fair gave promise of frost, in the event of which a check in the spread of the disease may be expected, but a fearful increase in mortality. A slight abatement of the disease is manifest to-day, and but few cases are reported by the various committees, and but fifty-one deaths from all causes.

Montgomery.

MONTGOMERY, October 11.—There were three deaths here from yellow fever within the past twenty-four hours. The deaths to-day and on Friday are old cases, and are attributed to the cold weather.

Argenta.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., October 11.—Three fatal cases of yellow fever were reported yesterday in Argenta, opposite Little Rock, being men employed on the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad who contracted the disease in Memphis. A quarantine is to be established between this city and Argenta.

Shreveport.

SHREVEPORT, October 12.—There were twelve deaths from yellow fever here to-day.

Aid for the Sufferers.

RICHMOND, VA., October 11.—The Masons of this city to-night subscribed $400 for the Memphis and Shreveport sufferers, and appointed a committee to solicit contributions from individual members. A number of additional subscriptions have been made by other citizens.

LOUISVILLE, October 11.—The contributions from this city for the relief of Memphis and Shreveport foot up an aggregate of twelve thousand dollars, and the subscriptions are still going on.

OMAHA, October 11.—The citizens contributed and forwarded to-day several hundred dollars to the Memphis sufferers. The Odd Fellows also sent a donation of a considerable amount.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—This evening Mr. John Thompson, whose sensation "On Hand," made such a success last season, and who drew such large audiences, will commence an engagement in his specialty, enacting several characters. Mr. Thompson possesses a vast fund of humor, and his performances on the several musical instruments are very artistic in their line. He will no doubt be greeted with a crowded house. Box office open all day.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—And now they come, the ever joyful pantomimists, Maffit and Bartholomew with a carefully selected company in the pantomine of "Flick and Flock." These artists possess original talent in their line, and are exceedingly funny. They bring with them various specialties, and if they are not greeted with a full house this evening, we are much mistaken. Box open during the day.

LIBRARY HALL.—This evening the Vokes family, who have created such a furore everywhere, will appear in their exceedingly funny entertainment "Belles of the Kitchen," preceded by the "Wrong Man in the Right Place." They will be supported by a company from Sheridan Shook's Union Square Theatre, New York. From what the press say of them in other cities, we judge there is an immense fund of amusement in store for our citizens. Tickets can be had at Hale's Music store on Smithfield street.

PERSONAL.

***Major Wm. Beebe, U. S. A. lately of Pittsburgh, but now stationed at Rock Island, is at the Union Depot Hotel. He says he prefers this city to his present assignment.

***Dr. M. A. Wilson, of New York, and Mr. T. D. Wilson, of Cincinnati, are stopping at the Union Depot Hotel. They are brothers of the late Oregon Wilson, and came here with his remains on Saturday last.

***Yesterday was the fifth anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Gotthold's wedding day, and consequently their wooden wedding. As it was Sabbath no demonstration was made, but they were made the recipients of useful presents, and they received kindly greetings from their many friends with wishes for them of a long and happy life. In the evening a few of the intimate friends of the lady and gentleman were entertained with a recherche supper.

AT PRIVATE SALE
BY THE
HOMESTEAD BANK.

The finest situations and the safest speculations in the county.

BUILDING SITES,
from one quarter to three acres each,
AT HOMESTEAD,
on the P., V. & C. R. R.,
AT HOMESTEAD PARK,
on the Panhandle Railroad.
AT HOMESTEAD TERRACE,
on the A. V. R. R.
AT NORTH HOMESTEAD,
on the Connellsville and Pennsylvania Railroads,
on long time,
with or without interest,
and other special terms of the Bank.

For particulars and free tickets to visit any of the properties, at any time, call at the Bank, No. 116 Smithfield street. MS

The Weber Piano
At Carl Better's, No. 29 Fifth avenue. tf

HOME NEWS.

For Sale.

A good route on the DAILY GAZETTE of 250 subscribers, for $225 cash. To an active man this will be a good chance to make good wages on a small investment. Apply at the Counting Room, GAZETTE office to-day.

European Steamship Arrivals Saturday.

A dispatch received at Max Schamberg's European steamship and telegraph office, at No. 163 Smithfield street, announces the arrival of the North German Lloyd line steamer Ohio, at Southampton; Inman line steamer City of Richmond, at Queenstown.

Destructive Fire this Morning.

This morning an alarm of fire was struck from box 145 South Side. The department responded, but found the fire outside of the city limits, about two miles beyond East Birmingham, and out of their power to reach with water. There were a number of dwellings being consumed, but it was too late to gain full particulars.

Election Returns.

The Republicans will assemble on to-morrow evening at City Hall to hear the election returns. Every arrangement has been made for the prompt receipt of the news from the different districts. As showing the confident feeling in the result the Great Western Band has been engaged for the evening, and Hon. T. J. Bigham has volunteered to assist Chairman Reese in reading out returns.

Western District Prothonotaryship.

It is understood that at a meeting of the Justices of the Supreme Court, held at the close of Saturday's afternoon session, Gen. J. Bowman Sweitzer was selected for appointment to the Prothonotaryship of the Western District, vice Thomas Keenan, Esq. Gen. Sweitzer, in addition to being a brave soldier, is a courteous gentleman and ranks well in the legal profession. That he will make an efficient and popular Prothonotary is not susceptible of a doubt.

The Democracy Want Watchers.

Wm. D. Moore and D. D. Bruce, Esqrs., on behalf of the Democracy, made application in the Common Pleas Court on Saturday for the appointment of watchers at the different polls in the city for the election next Tuesday. They stated that they had reason to believe that frauds would be attempted, and they asked for the appointment of watchers to see that everything was conducted "on the square." Judge Sterrett announced that he would give a decision at 10 o'clock this morning.

A Plea for the Farmers.

A correspondent writes to complain of the injustice of imposing a fine upon countrymen for leaving their wagons stand on the street "over time," and yet not inflicting the same penalty upon citizens. The correspondent cites a case in Allegheny which he deems unjust, and to avoid any further trouble he suggests that the First ward Diamond Square be set apart for farmers who bring produce into market in their wagons—the vehicles being used as stands. By having the Square thus set apart the wagons could all be driven in from the street.

The County Clerks.

In the various offices around the Court House are forty clerks employed who under the new fee bill are paid by the county,—yet the county saves about $20,000 a year over the old system. The monthly salaries of the clerks run as follows:

Recorder's office—Chief clerk, $125; five male clerks, $75 each; ten lady clerks, $50 each.

Sheriff's office—Chief clerk, $150; two assistants, $88.33 each; seven deputy sheriffs, $100 each.

Prothonotary's office—Chief clerk of Common Pleas court, $125; chief clerk of District court, $125; six assistants, $75 each; one assistant, $60.

Clerks of courts (Quarter Sessions)—Chief clerk, $125; assistant, $100; one lady transcribing clerk, $160 a year (40 each term.

Clerk of Orphan's court—One clerk, $80.

Register's office—Chief clerk, $83.33; one assistant, $70.

Wonders of the Orchard.

A half dozen of apples were sent to us on Saturday, each apple the representative of a choice variety. They are from the orchard of Mr. Joseph Irwin, Jr., in Mifflin township, near Hope Church Postoffice. Mr. Irwin's orchard is on a thirty acre farm and he has gathered over 200 barrels of the rarest and best apples to be found in the county, embracing twenty varieties of selected fruit. Judging from the specimens so obligingly sent us for inspection, and then the palate, we think he has no rival pomologist in the county. The "Northern Spy" which we found on a recent visit to be a great favorite in Canada and western New York, also the "Minister" a capital keeping apple, the "Fallowater" "Tulpehocking" "Fall Harvey" "Hubbardstown" are among the samples before us, and show evidence of skillful and successful culture, very creditable to Mr. Irwin, who we hope will find many imitators in his vocation of fruit culture.

Down on Pardons.

District Attorney Bayne has written a letter to Governor Hartranft in reference to applications for pardons—the incentive to the communication being rumors that the friends of several notorious criminals were making application for executive clemency. The District Attorney writes:

"It strikes me that the general rule is, that the worst villains have the most friends and the most earnest appeals for Executive clemency, while the less demonstrative class is suffered to be in prison without intercession. I suppose this state of facts can be accounted for on the principle that the sort of energy which distinguished itself in the commission of crime also distinguishes itself in all other sorts of efforts, among which is the procuring of pardons. I desire now simply to protest against the deceit that may mislead you. I have heard of names having been forged to petitions, and other deceptions in order to the attainment of the desired result. I do not desire, of course, to interfere in matters that pertain essentially to your high office, otherwise than to protect you from misrepresentations."

Saturday morning, in answer to this, Colonel Bayne received a letter from Governor Hartranft, through his private secretary, asking for information concerning an application now under consideration.

The Mining Dispute—The "Heaping" Argument.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

An article appeared in last Wednesday evening's *Chronicle* over the signature of "Mifflin Operator," in which he makes use of an argument that is strictly not true,—and the gentleman goes on and asks the question: Would Mr. Street & Co., if they were buying a bushel of coal, apples, or potatoes, be willing to pay full price for a measure level full, when it requires a rounding heap to make the standard weight required by law for such articles?

I for one would be satisfied, and I think all other reasonable men, with a coal bushel 2 688 cubic inches, *even full*, such as the law of Pennsylvania requires by the act of March, 1849, and I would be willing to have my apples or potatoes measured with such a coal bushel even full. The gentleman certainly knows that the capacity of a store bushel is only 2,150.4 cubic inches, and that bushel needs to be heaped when articles are sold that do not fill solid. A heaped store bushel and an even-full coal bushel is one and the same thing! It was never intended by law that this Coal Bushel should be heaped. I would ask the gentleman in all candor, how his coal is, (or was) measured in Cincinnati, or Louisville, *even measure*, or heaped measure? If the "Mifflin operator" will give his name, I shall try and show him, that he is poorly informed, and made a misstatement in his communication, and prove it, both by operators and miners. Yours, &c.,

AUGUSTUS STEINER.

WILKINSBURG, October 11, 1873.

Mysterious Death—Who Was He?

The Champaign, Illinois *Gazette*, of the 8th inst., gives the following particulars of the finding of a dead body in a deserted house about two miles east of the village of Mahomet. The deceased was respectably dressed and was apparently about thirty years old. On his person was found a letter of recommendation from M. P. Dilworth & Co., of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, stating that H. C. Leib had voluntarily left their employ to better himself in the west, and that the bearer was worthy of confidence as an honest, sober and industrious young man. In a parcel in the same room where the body was discovered, their were found a pair of lady's stockings, a towel, a flannel shirt and a razor—all identified as belonging to Mr. William P. Dick and family, who reside in the immediate neighborhood. The indications were that the man had been dead two weeks, and that the death was probably caused by poison—the body being drawn up as if he had suffered from a convulsion immediately preceding death. From a memorandum book also found in his possession, it appears that he was a man of considerable information—it being filled with numerous receipts and notes, all written in a clear and beautiful handwriting, and indicating that he had either followed the profession of physician or apothecary. It is surmised, from finding no money on the ghastly remains, except a copper cent and a three cent postage stamp, that the poor fellow was destitute; that he wandered into the ruined house in a desperate mood of mind, and it may be that he perished by poison administered by his own hand. It is singular that no one in the neighborhood or in the village of Mahomet ever saw the deceased, and it is not known from what direction he came. Should this article come under the observation of any of his friends or relatives the mystery surrounding this sad affair may in a measure be dispelled.

A VIGILANT WATCHMAN.

How He Did His Duty.

Early on Saturday morning Officer Zettler, of Allegheny, saw a man stealing potatoes from a car on the West Penn. Railroad, at the Chestnut street station. He approached the man and saw that he had nearly two bushels of potatoes in a bag. He attempted to arrest him when the man resisted, and a desperate fight ensued. He acted so badly, that after nearly gouging his eyes out, the officer was compelled to let him go. The man then ran into a house near by and the officer followed him, and after considerable trouble and chase succeeded in arresting him. He took him to the lock up, where he proved to be Peter Carrigan, the watchman at the station. Carrigan had a hearing yesterday and the officer preferred the charge of assault and battery in addition to the other charges against him. He gave bail for a hearing this evening.

The Duquesne Cook Stove

Has a large oven and bakes and roasts perfectly. Do not buy a stove until you see it. Manufactured by D. DeHaven & Son, No. 22 Wood street, and for sale by all first class dealers. MWF

Dodds & Caskey,

Importers of Scotch Granite and manufacturers of American Granite in all styles of monumental art, corner Penn avenue and 32d street, Pittsburgh

THE COURTS.

SATURDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court.

[*Before Judge McCandless.*]

In the matter of Mackin Bros., bankrupts, an order was made for the sale of certain real estate discharged of all encumbrances.

The appointment of John Glass, Esq., of New Brighton, an assignee of Edward Roberts and Thomas Miller, and of James M. Martin as assignee of Thomas M. Kearney, were reported and approved.

The hearing on the rule granted in the case of Bevington et al. vs. steamboat "Charlie McDonald," to show cause why one-half of the surplus fund should not be paid John F. Dravo, assignee of J. V. McDonald, deceased, was adjourned to the 13th inst.

Court of Common Pleas.

[*Before Judge Collier.*]

Peter Barnett presented a petition representing that Timothy and Mary Barnett, his father and mother, are confined in the work house under a commitment issued by Mary Callow, which commitment he is informed and believes is defective. The petitioner prays a writ of habeas corpus to issue, directed to Henry Cordier, commanding him to bring the parties into court to be dealt with according to law. A writ was granted and made returnable to-day at ten A. M.

The Divorce Court.

Saturday morning four divorce cases came up in the Court of Common Pleas and were disposed of as follows:

William T. Brightwell vs. Annie Brightwell. Adultery. Subpœna awarded.

August Auberly vs. Catharine Auberly. Desertion. Subpœna awarded.

David R. Scott vs. Osha Scott, of Sewickley. Adultery. Subpœna awarded.

In the case of Jennie Lacy, by her next friend vs. John Lacy, the Court refused to grant a decree. The testimony of the libellant has been taken, though no personal service was on the respondent. It also appeared that no notice was given of the taking of the deposition.

Criminal Court.

[*Before Judge Stowe.*]

The following cases were disposed of in this Court:

Michael Dougher, for assault and battery on Mary, his wife, was sentenced to the Work House for six months.

Wm. Moore, for larceny, was sentenced to the same institution for thirty days.

George Hopkins, for larceny, was sentenced to the Work House for six months.

Patrick McNamara, on a charge of larceny, was sentenced to the Work House for ten months.

Thomas Lynch, for larceny and receiving stolen goods, was sentenced to ten month's imprisonment in the Work House. James Maxwell to two years in the Penitentiary, as also Jeremiah Trover, the latter for felonious assault and battery.

Trial List for To-day.

Commonwealth vs.

J. G. Feurth,
Chas. Cooper,
P. J. May,
Thomas Hughes,
John Fitzgerald,
Herman Derry,
Mary King,
Margaret Steiner,
James Johnston,
Henry Minehart,
Phillip Heurth,
John Zolfern,
Bridget Ward,
Geo. Fritz,
Sullivan McCrory.

Supreme Court.

[*Full Bench, Chief Justice Read Presiding.*]

The argument in the Maginnis case, of which we gave full notice on Saturday, was concluded.

SIGNING A NOTE.

The next case on the list was that of West vs. Irwin; error to the District Court of Allegheny county to test the validity of the finding of the lower Court, in a case where West was sued by Irwin on a note for $1,900. The defendant claimed that the signature was a forgery, and the question in the case was whether the defendant, at time of the making of the note was of sound mind and capable of understanding what he was doing. A verdict against the defendant was rendered. The case was argued by Major Brown for the plaintiff in error and W. S. Miller contra.

TROUBLE ABOUT "OIL LANDS."

George G. Negley et al. vs. William Lindsay. Error to the Common Pleas Court. Argued by Brown and Marshall for plaintiffs in error, and Acheson, contra. This was an action for debt brought by William Lindsay, defendant in error and plaintiff below, against George G. Negley, Thomas W. Lindsay, John N. Berlin, and James S. Negley, for the recovery of ten thousand dollars, the consideration named in an agreement in writing for the sale of 106 acres of "oil lands" situate in Wood county, Virginia. The cause has been tried five times. The first jury disagreed and were discharged without rendering a verdict. The second and third trials resulted in verdicts for plaintiff, but both verdicts were set aside and new trials granted. The judgment entered on the fourth verdict was reversed upon writ of error, and the present writ is to the judgment entered on the last verdict for plaintiff for $14 076 92. The defendants, Negley et al., proved at the last trial that at the time of the execution of the written agreement Lindsay represented and pretended that of his own knowledge his land was situated on the "Little Stillwell Creek"; that there was a well near by this land producing oil, and two wells had been bored on either side with a good show of oil; that his land was "first rate oil territory," that it was "No. 1 oil territory," and "very valuable" for oil purposes; and the defendants claim to have further proved that they had no knowledge of the land, but relied upon the representations of Mr. Lindsay, the plaintiff, that the representations were wholly false and that the defendants were misled, and for these, among other reasons, they denied the validity of the contract and refused to accept the deed tendered.

Defendants also claimed that the agreement sued upon and the deed tendered were both imperfect and insufficient in their descriptions of the land intended to be conveyed. It was also contended that the patent of the State of Virginia did not cover the ground embraced in the deed of Lindsay to the defendants. His Honor Judge Collier charged that if the jury found the patent did not cover the ground they need go no further, but if otherwise to consider the evidence regarding false representations. If such representations had been made, the defendants had the right to rescind their contract.

The case was argued by Major Brown and T. M. Marshall, Esq., for plaintiff in error, and M. W. Acheson, Esq., contra. It will be concluded to-day.

McKEESPORT ROLLING MILLS.

The Employees in Council—A Proposition From the Firm Accepted—The Men to Receive One-Third Cash.

At a meeting of the employees of the McKeesport Rolling Mills which was attended by every hand in the mill a few days ago, the financial situation was under consideration.

Mr. W. D. Wood, the head of the firm, explained to the men the condition of the money market, and the circumstances which compelled him to adopt one or the other of two measures. He had no money to buy material with which to run the mill, he was happy to say he had material sufficient on hand *paid for* to run it to the middle of January next, and if he could not raise money by that time, he would buy material on credit, rather than have his men go idle. Some of his best customers had cancelled their orders for iron, because they had no money to pay for it; but that would make no difference, as he would store away what iron he could not sell. He then made the following propositions:

First. That the men agree to work for one-third cash, and two-thirds in orders on his store; or,

Second. That they work only while he had orders to fill, and then lay idle until enough orders were received to run the mill a while longer; the men to receive all cash for the work they did.

Mr. Woods thought the "order system" was better than the plan adopted in Pittsburgh. The men were not obliged to use the orders. They might hold them, if they choose so to do, and when the money market was in a better condition, he would cash them; and if they were asked more for anything at his store than was charged by any other store in McKeesport, it would be remedied immediately upon application to him.

After these few remarks, the first proposition was adopted unanimously.

NEW BOOKS.

For Sale by S. A. Clarke & Co.

Beecher's Yale College Lectures, 2d series	$1 50
Brave Hearts, a novel, by Robertson Gray	1 75
A Good Match, by Amelia Perrier	1 50
Winning Souls, by Rev. S. B. Halliday	1 00
The Perfect Horse, by Rev. W. H. Murray, new supply	4 00
Crooked Places, by Edward Garrett	1 75
The Son of the Organ-Grinder, by Mrs. Schwartz	1 50
Outlines of German Literature, Gostwick & Harrison	2 50
Against the Stream, by author of "Cotta Family"	1 75
Meyer's Commentary on Galatians	3 00
The Yacht Club, by Oliver Optic	1 50
Tristram's Land of Moab—illustrated	2 50
Bain's Mind and Body	1 50
The Turning of the Tide—Whispering Pine Series	1 25
Fireside Saints, by Douglass Jerrold	1 50
Lottie Eames, or Do Your Best and Leave the Rest	1 50
In Search of the Castaways, by Jules Verne	3 50
Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea, by Jules Verne	3 50
Carmen's Inheritance, by Christian Reid	75
Krusi's Drawing Books, eight numbers, with teacher's manual	2 50

115 Wood street.

Dr. Quincy A. Scott, Surgeon Dentist.

For many years the leading dentist of this city, has resumed the practice of his profession at his old stand, No. 278 Penn avenue. To the Dr.'s old patients this will be welcome news, for they can now have the finest dental operations performed at home, and save the expense of an Eastern trip. To the public generally, we would say, that the Dr.'s great reputation for fine artistic work, was justly earned during a practice of ten years in this city, and they can rest assured that at his establishment all operations are performed in the best possible manner. In administering anæsthetics for the painless extraction of teeth, and manufacturing artificial teeth, the Dr. is unequalled. tf

"Out, Damned Spot!"—The energetic exclamation of Macbeth is mentally ejaculated by every housewife when confronted by the manifold variety of stains and spots that disfigure articles of household ornament and use. But the "spots" are not so easy to remove by ordinary means. A little Sapolio brought into timely use causes them all to disappear as if by magic, and brings peace and satisfaction to the housewife mind. As cheap as common soap and a hundred times more effective. d&s

What Cook Stove Shall I Buy?

We can answer this question by saying that the Duquesne Cook Stove, manufactured by Messrs. DeHaven & Son, No. 22 Wood street is one which has given complete satisfaction wherever used, and is so popular that over five thousand are now in use in this city alone. It is very economical in the use of fuel, is cleanly, bakes and roasts well and is made of the very best metal. Before you purchase inquire concerning the advantages of the Duquesne.

The Weber Piano
At Carl Better's, No. 29 Fifth avenue. tf

BREVITIES.

····Fred Painter charges Meyers Smith with embezzlement of $200 before Alderman Strain.

····James Brown, who robbed Mr. Park, of Allegheny, of one hundred dollars, has been jailed for Court.

····Altoona had the best fire engine at the Huntingdon trial. It threw a stream 257 feet high. Tall Altoona.

····William Brown is charged with larceny by bailee of watches from Gabriel Girard. He stands committed for a hearing.

····Louis Miller and Charles McCoy are held for court by Mayor Blackmore on the charge of robbing Edward Gallagher of $30.

····The Common Pleas Court Saturday issued an order directing the committal of Catharine Ward to Dixmont on the grounds of insanity.

····Application was made in the Common Pleas Court on Saturday for a charter for the First Associate Reformed church of Manchester.

····In the case of Maggie Wolf the little girl shot dead by her brother, the coroner has held an inquest, and the verdict rendered, is accidental death.

····Part of the roof of the new tunnel at Port Perry caved in Saturday afternoon. No one was injured, and the removal of the earth began immediately.

····The Fall term of the American Conservatory of Music begins to day at 29 and 31 Fifth avenue. New students may begin any day this or next week.

····The Twenty-seventh ward is the cockfighter's paradise, so it is said, for the police don't trouble them, though the citizens are annoyed by them.

····Annie Hefty, the little daughter of an Allegheny saloon keeper, was badly scalded on Saturday by falling in a tub of hot catsup. She is not dangerously burned.

····The County Commissioners Saturday morning let the contract for building a bridge over Brush creek to J. O'Brien, and for a bridge at Sodom to Brice & Jones.

····Mr. C. S. Fetterman has identified by the letters at the Mayor's office that the young soldier, shot by a gambler in Nevada, was his ward the young man Hamilton.

····Six bids were received on Saturday night by the sub-committee appointed on police uniforms but nobody is any happier for receiving the contract as it was not awarded.

····Henry A. Johnson charges a street car conductor with ejecting him from a Citizens' line car without just cause or provocation, and a warrant is out for the conductor.

····Officers Jones and Atkinson, of Allegheny, yesterday morning arrested a boy aged sixteen years who had run away from his home in Oil City. His uncle took him home.

····On Saturday a brakeman had his head badly cut by a fall near the Outer Depot. He was taken to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital. He was an employe of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

····Edward Monroe was caught yesterday endeavoring to make off with the till of Power's tavern, corner of first avenue and Grant street. Officer Goddard arrested him. He was a boarder at the house.

····On Saturday evening an Allegheny gardner woman had her pocket relieved of eighteen dollars in money in the Market House. A candy shop was also robbed of fifty cents. It is supposed that boys are the perpetrators.

····A match game of base ball was played on Friday afternoon at Union Park between nines from the new Opera House and Fred Aim's American Theatre clubs, which resulted in the defeat of the Aims' nine by a score of 29 to 20.

····The boilermakers held a meeting on Saturday afternoon in the English building, on Fourth avenue, to see about getting more than half their pay, but they did not come to any conclusion, and adjourned without taking any action.

····The Republicans of the Fifth Ward Allegheny, have appointed Messrs. William Cook, F. A. M. Krepps, William Heagy, Christ. Hoch, Charles Alexander, William Lea, Robert Young, Peter Cool and J. A. Sterry for the election in that district to-morrow.

····On Saturday morning Mr. Alf. Reed's stable, above Bell's Quarry on Spring Hill, was destroyed by fire. There was no water, and no alarm was sounded, as the Fire Department could not get there. The loss is $2,000; partially insured. It is supposed to have been the work of incendiarism.

····The last concert of the season in the Allegheny Park would have been successful in every sense if it had not rained. Much finery was spoiled, and a rough estimate of the "dears" of bonnets that will have to be renewed is about 3,873. Owing to the financial panic, many of the damaged hats will only be rebuilt, or turned inside out, it wont make any difference which. Horrid report.

····On Friday night, Mr. J. H. Short, sister and a little child promenaded Manhattan street, Allegheny. The night was rather dark, and as the party approached Locust street, which is being graded and paved, and which is about three feet below the level of Manhattan street, they walked over the curb and were precipitated upon a large pile of stones beneath. Mr. Short sprained one of his knees, Miss Short had three ribs broken and the child was also severely hurt. A carriage was procured and the party were taken home and cared for. It is alleged that there was nothing to show at that point that the street was being regraded and paved, and on Saturday Mr. Short commenced a suit before the Mayor against the contractor Mr. James Orr, for violation of a city ordinance, and he will also bring a civil suit for damages, against him.

Troops of Ailments Vanquished.

On account of the promptness with which it checks the fever-generated by unhealthy exhalations, Hostetter's Bitters is considered an indispensable family medicine on the borders of our southern and Western rivers, and in new settlements where the plough and the axe are for the first time disturbing the solitudes of nature. Its reputation, however, is not confined to such localities. Wherever the elements of disease are rife it is the surest safeguard of health; wherever sickness prevails, it is efficacious as a remedy. Among the serious diseases which it is guaranteed to control are indigestion, biliousness and all the minor ailments connected with derangements of the stomach, the liver and the bowels—such as heartburn, headache, flatulence, costiveness, nausea, distaste for food, languor and debility, palpitation of the heart, trembling of the hands, noises in the ears, disordered vision, disturbed sleep and mental inquietude. As these physical and mental disturbances tend to a general failure of all the powers of the system, they should be at once corrected, as they always may be, by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

MARRIED.

WALTER—McDONALD—On October 12, 1873, by Rev. Robinson, Mr. PETER WALTER, Jr., and Miss ALICE McDONALD, both of Allegheny City, Pa.

DIED:

BEGGS—On Saturday morning, October 11, 1873, at 6½ o'clock KATIE E., daughter of Alexander and Catharine Beggs, aged 15 years, 7 months and 3 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 95 Washington street, Allegheny City, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock.

BARCLAY—On Sabbath, October 12, SADIE J., only daughter of Will. J. and Sue A. Barclay, aged 2 months and 12 days.

Funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 633 East Ohio street, Allegheny, TO-DAY (Monday), Oct. 13th, at 4 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Sadie, we loved you,
But God loved you best;
Dear little babe,
He hath given you rest.

McDONALD—On Saturday evening, October 11, at the residence of his parents, 184 Robinson street, Allegheny City, HARRY TREVOR, son of W. R. and Elizabeth McDonald, aged 7 years and 4 days.

Funeral yesterday (Sunday) afternoon at 4½ o'clock.

☞ ALEXANDER AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins of all kinds, Shrouds, Crape, Gloves and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished.

☞ RODY PATTERSON, Jr.,
UNDERTAKER,
117 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms cash.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America,
ASSETS, $3,212,175.99.
Insurance Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WM. L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.

Trees, Bulbs, Flowers,
Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens
Small Fruits,
HOLLAND BULBS, &c.,
Wholesale and Retail.
Cut flowers in every design, by
J. R. & A. Murdoch,
112 SMITHFIELD STREET.
Catalogues free on application. d&s

GAS FIXTURES.

We have received from the best manufacturers of Philadelphia and New York, our new stock of

GAS FIXTURES

For the Fall trade, and we invite a comparison of the same with any that can be found in this city, which we will sell at very reasonable rates.

Tate, Munden & Tate,
313 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH.
MWF

THOMAS HARPER,
Manufacturer of
WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, FLOATS,
Timber Wheels,
WHEELBARROWS, &c.
Also, Wheels and Materials furnished to order.
Office and Works—233 Beaver Avenue
ALLEGHENY CITY.
MWF

JOSEPH M. GAZZAM. ALEX. G. COCHRAN
Gazzam & Cochran,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
96 Diamond St., Pittsburgh.
Practice in all the Federal, State and County Courts. Legal business transacted and collections made in all parts of the United States through reliable correspondents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW CARPETS
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Choice Stock of Body Brussels.
Splendid Assortment Tap Brussels.
Fine and Medium Price Ingrain Carpet.
Rag, Cottage and List Carpet.
Hearth Rugs and Door Mats.
New Stock Druggets, Crumb Cloths, Cocoa Mattings, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Curtains and Cornices, Camp Chairs.
Beautiful Styles, a Special Bargain—25 pieces choice styles Ingrain Carpet at 45 to 50 cents per yard.

DUNLAP & SNAMAN,
136 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

MRS. G. M. ZWEIDINGER,
136 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Wholesale and retail dealer in all kinds of
Musical Instruments,
STRINGS AND SHEET MUSIC.
Also, Sole Agent for the celebrated
GEORGE STECK & CO.'S NEW YORK
PIANOS,
SMITH'S AMERICAN ORGANS
And various other makes of Pianos and Organs.
Pianos and Organs sold on the rental plan, at payments to suit each and every one.
Liberal discount allowed for CASH.
Old Pianos and Organs taken in exchange for new Instruments at the highest rates.

BARR & KNAKE,
AGENTS FOR THE
Arion, New York and Shomacker, Philadelphia,
PIANOS, and the Celebrated
Estey Cottage Organ.
PRICES—Pianos, $360 to 750. Organs, from $60 to $730, according to style and finish.
Musical Instruments of every description; also, Sheet Music and Music Books. Operas by different publishers, &c.
NO. 12 SIXTH ST.,
Late St. Clair, Pittsburgh, Pa.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD......Lessees and Managers.
MONDAY EVENING, October 13, engagement of the Inimitable Comedian,
JOHN THOMPSON,
And production of the ever popular Drama
ON HAND; or, True to the Last.
JOHN THOMPSON............In Nine Characters
Songs, Dances and Instrumental Solos, characteristic of all Nations.
Saturday, Grand Matinee.

☞ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
V. E. BEAMER.............................Manager.
FUN! FUN! FUN!
MONDAY, October 13, and during the week, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees,
MAFFIT AND BARTHOLOMEW'S
GREAT PANTOMIME COMPANY IN
FLICK AND FLOCK.
Box sheet now open for the sale of Reserved Seats, at the Academy.

☞LIBRARY HALL.
V. E. BEAMER.............................Manager
EXTRAORDINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.
ONE WEEK ONLY, commencing MONDAY, Oct. 13. Grand Matinee Saturday. First appearance in Pittsburgh of the wonderful
VOKES!
The most Brilliant Artists in their line in the World.

The entertainment given by these superb artists will be as follows: Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 13th, 14th and 15th, the great Vokes Specialty, the BELLES OF THE KITCHEN, characters by the Vokes Family, and the beautiful Comedy of NAVAL ENGAGEMENTS, by the New York Union Square Theatre Company. Thursday and Friday, Oct. 16th and 17th, the Vokes great Extravaganza of THE WRONG MAN IN THE RIGHT PLACE, and a Comedy by the Union Square Company. Saturday Matinee BELLES OF THE KITCHEN. Saturday—Last Night—Great Double Bill.
Box sheet open for the sale of reserved seats at Hale's Music Store, 103 Smithfield street, Friday morning, October 10, at 9 o'clock.
Reserved seats $1.00. Admission 75c and 50c.

☞AMERICAN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, 29 and 31 FIFTH AVENUE.
ALL BRANCHES OF VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC taught by the BEST MASTERS IN THE COUNTRY. The Early Fall Term begins September 8.
Circulars at the office and Music Stores.
Early application will secure a choice of hours.
au11:s41

☞LIBRARY LECTURES.

Mercantile Library Association
TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL COURSE
Season of 1873-'74.

The Lecture Committee have the pleasure of announcing the following attractive and varied programme for the ensuing season:

The opening Lecture by the eminent and eloquent English Divine,
REV. NEWMAN HALL, D. D.—October 30,
of London,
To be followed by the unrivalled Pulpit Orator,
REV. E. H. CHAPIN, D. D.—Nov. 4,
of New York.
HON. THOMAS FITCH—Nov. 13,
The Brilliant Orator of the Pacific Slope.
JOHN B. GOUGH—Nov. 17,
In his new Lecture, "Now and Then."
MISS ANNA E. DICKINSON, Nov. 25,
A new Lecture, "For Your Own Sake."
HON. DANIEL DOUGHERTY—Dec. —,
This elegant speaker will give an "An Evening of Recitations."
HON. WM. S. ANDREWS—Dec. 9.
"One of the most talented dialect recitationists now living."—*Boston paper.*
Subject—"Dialect Humor."
The noted author and speaker, DR. DIO LEWIS, of Boston—December 18.
A favorite subject—"Our Girls"
REV. W. H. H. MURRAY—January —
of "Adirondack" fame.
HON. WM. PARSONS—January 27,
the great Irish orator.
MRS. M. A. LIVERMORE—January 7,
so widely known and admired.
The Twelfth and concluding Lecture by the celebrated
THOMAS NAST—February 3,
the Peerless Caricaturist.

The arrangements have made for an Orchestral prelude for each evening, and no effort will be spared to make the course attractive and entertaining.

SEASON TICKETS for above regular course of Twelve Lectures, FOUR DOLLARS.

They are now ready, and can be obtained at the Library Rooms, or from the members of the Lecture Committee.

SEASON TICKETS WITH SECURED SEATS, SIX DOLLARS.

The Committee have Prepared Tickets for seats in the Parquette, known as "A" on the plan of the Hall. The sale of these tickets will take place at the Library Rooms on

MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 20,

at eleven o'clock. This will be the only sale of Secured Seats for above evenings.

WM. P. HERBERT, Chairman,
S. C. Schoyer, D. P. Corwin,
Beverly Jones, Josiah Cohen,
James M. Bell, Wm. F. Robb,
oct13-d10 Lecture Committee.

Grandest Scheme Ever Known
FOURTH
Grand Gift Concert
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
Public Library of Kentucky
12,000 CASH GIFTS $1,500,000!
$250,000 FOR $50.

The Fourth Grand Gift Concert authorized by special act of the Legislature for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, will take place in Public Library Hall at Louisville, Ky.,

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1873.

Only Sixty thousand tickets will be sold. The tickets are divided into ten coupons or parts.

At this concert, which will be the grandest musical display ever witnessed in this country, the unprecedented sum of

$1,500,000,

divided into 12,000 cash gifts, will be distributed by lot among the ticket holders.

LIST OF GIFTS.

ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		$250,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		100,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		50,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		25,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		17,500
10 CASH GIFTS	$10,000 each	100,000
30 CASH GIFTS	5,000 each	150,000
50 CASH GIFTS	1,000 each	50,000
80 CASH GIFTS	500 each	40,000
100 CASH GIFTS	400 each	40,000
150 CASH GIFTS	300 each	45,000
250 CASH GIFTS	200 each	50,000
325 CASH GIFTS	100 each	32,500
11,000 CASH GIFTS	50 each	550,000

TOTAL, 12,000 GIFTS, ALL CASH, amounting to........................$1,500,000

The distribution will be positive whether all the tickets are sold or not, and the 12,000 gifts all paid in proportion to the tickets sold.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole tickets $50.00; Halves $25.00; Tenths, or each coupon, $5.00; Eleven Whole Tickets for $500.00; 22½ Tickets for $1,000.00; 113 Whole Tickets for $5,000.00; 227 Whole Tickets for $10,000.00. No discount on less than $500.00 worth of Tickets at a time.

Full particulars may be learned from circulars which will be sent free from this office to all who apply for them.

Tickets now ready for sale, and all orders accompanied by the money promptly filled. Liberal terms given to those who buy to sell again.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent Public Libr., Ky., and Manager Gift Concert, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.
au15:MTH-S

ORDINANCES

[No. 206.]

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing certain changes to be made in the contract between the City of Pittsburgh and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, dated the 24th day of December, A. D. 1872.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That so much of the fourth section of the contract between the City of Pittsburgh and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, entered into the 24th day of December, A. D. 1872, as relates to the construction of a bridge at Thirty-third street, in said city, and the approach thereto, be and the same is hereby annulled, upon the express condition, however, that the said Pennsylvania Railroad Company consent thereto, and fully comply with the terms and conditions hereinafter fully set forth.

SEC. 2. That the Pennsylvania Railroad Company shall build a bridge, as provided in paragraph nine of said original contract, from the south side of their property at Thirty-third street to the north side of Laurel avenue, by such course that the centre line of said bridge at the north side of Laurel avenue shall be distant about 260 feet from the east line of Thirty-third street, said bridge to be supported by iron columns except that at its southern end said bridge shall rest upon stone abutments and wing walls, as provided in original contract. The said bridge shall be so terminated by said Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Laurel avenue as to enable the City of Pittsburgh to connect the same with Liberty avenue either by a continuation of said bridge or otherwise, as they may see fit. The said Pennsylvania Railroad Company, however, in no event to be at any cost or expense for an approach to said bridge whether the same be made by a continuation of said bridge or otherwise.

SEC. 3. The building of said bridge by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and of its connection with Liberty avenue by said City of Pittsburgh, shall be done contemporaneously, and forthwith on completion of said work so much of Thirty-third street as intervenes between Laurel avenue and the south line of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's property shall become vacated and cease to be a public highway.

SEC. 4. The said original contract between the City of Pittsburgh and the Pennsylvania Company is hereby further amended so as to extend the time for completion of the work agreed to be done by said Company to September 1st, 1874.

SEC. 5. Except as herein changed the original contract between the City of Pittsburgh and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company shall remain in full force.

SEC. 6. That the bridge heretofore provided for in the contract between the City of Pittsburgh and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Ellsworth avenue shall be constructed over the tracks of said Company on the line of said avenue, and not as provided for in said contract, provided that the Commissioners of Ellsworth avenue shall bear any additional expense resulting from the change hereby made for the construction of said bridge, and that said additional expense, if any, shall not in any way be chargeable to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

SEC. 7. That the Mayor of the City of Pittsburgh is hereby authorized and directed to enter into a written contract on behalf of said city with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, embodying the provisions and conditions herein set forth, which contract when duly executed by said parties, shall be deposited with said Mayor of the City of Pittsburgh.

SEC. 8. That any Ordinance or part of Ordinance conflicting with the passage of this Ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 22d day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 4, page 29, Oct. 1, 1873. oc13

[No. 234.]

A SUPPLEMENT—To an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the erection of new water works," enacted October 30th, 1871.

WHEREAS, On the 14th day of April, 1873, the Water Commissioners entered into a contract with John Douglas for excavating, furnishing materials, constructing and erecting the foundations for pumping machinery, boilers and buildings to be erected on the grounds belonging to the city of Pittsburgh on the Allegheny river, immediately above the mouth of Negley's Run; and

WHEREAS, The said John Douglas having failed to fulfill the requirements of the said contract, the said Commissioners, under the terms thereof, have declared the same forfeited; and

WHEREAS, The letting of a new contract for the completion of said work would require an advertisement of ten days, and would thereby cause a loss of valuable time, which is of vast importance to the interest and welfare of the city, owing to the necessity of a sufficient advancement towards the completion of portions of said work to prevent the destruction of that already done by the fall floods and ice gorges of winter, and the immediate completion of the other portions of said work made necessary for the fulfillment of the contracts for the engines, etc., of the new water works; now, therefore,

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That the Water Commissioners be and they are hereby directed to complete the work required to be done by said contract of John Douglas, and for that purpose are authorized to purchase the necessary materials and employ the requisite number of men, and to pay for the same in the manner and subject to the restrictions provided for the disbursement of other moneys by said Commissioners.

SEC. 2. That any Ordinance or part of Ordinance conflicting with the passage of this Ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 22d day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest—E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest—GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 4, page 33, Oct. 7, 1873. oc14

(No. 208.)

AN ORDINANCE—Establishing a rate to be charged for gas to be consumed in public lamps on Butler street, and providing for the erection of lamps.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Pittsburgh Gas Company be and they are hereby authorized to charge the same rate per thousand feet for all gas consumed in public lamps on Butler street, above Fiftieth street, as is authorized to be charged by the East End Gas Company, and for the same length of time. Provided, however, that said Gas Company shall lay the mains on said street before the same is paved.

SEC. 2. That the Committee on Gas Lighting are hereby authorized to order the erection of the requisite number of public lamps on said street whenever said main pipes are laid.

SEC. 3. That any Ordinance or part of Ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this Ordinance, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 22d day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 4, page 30, Oct. 7, 1873. oc13

[No. 218.]

AN ORDINANCE—Changing grade of Hiland avenue, between Ross street and Ella street.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same. That so much of the grade of Hiland avenue, as established by profile, approved by Councils, as is described as follows to-wit: Commencing at the north curb of Ross street; thence rising at the rate of 1.806 feet per 100 feet to the south curb of Ella street, be and the same is hereby changed to be as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the north curb of Ross street, thence at a rise of 1 00 feet per 100 feet, a distance of 125 feet; thence at a rise of 1.89 feet per 100 feet to south curb of Ella street.

SEC. 2. That any Ordinance or part of Ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this Ordinance, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 29th day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEORGE BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol 4, page 31, Oct. 7, 1873. oc13

[No. 226.]

AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the place and appointing officers to hold and conduct elections in the 27th ward.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That elections in said ward shall be held at the Public School House in Wilkinsburg.

SEC. 2. That H. B. Stotler be Judge, William Fisher and William Turner Inspectors, and William Sloan and John B. McFarland Return Inspectors to hold the election of other officers to fill said offices.

SEC. 3. That any Ordinance or part of Ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this Ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 29th day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 3, page 407, Oct. 7, 1873. oc13

[No. 214.]

AN ORDINANCE—Granting H. Glasser the privilege to erect a temporary frame back building.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That privilege be granted H. Glasser to erect a small frame building, 12 feet square, one story high, back of the brick building he now occupies on Penn avenue, near Main street, 17th ward, which he uses as a workshop in his shoe store.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance, or part of ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this ordinance be and the same same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 29th day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 3, page 404, Oct. 7, 1873. oc13

[No. 221.]

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing John Dugan to erect a frame addition to his frame house on Home street, 17th ward.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That John Dugan be and is hereby granted the right to erect a frame addition to his dwelling house on Home street, 17th ward, between Hatfield and Center streets.

SEC. 2. That any Ordinance or part of Ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 29th day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEORGE BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 4, page 31, Oct. 7, 1873. oc13

[No. 223.]

AN ORDINANCE—Granting Henry Herr the right to erect an iron clad building on the corner of Strawberry alley and Foster's alley.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That privilege be granted to Henry Herr to erect an iron clad building, two stories high and forty feet in length by 20 feet in width, on the corner of Strawberry alley and Foster's alley, in the Third ward, of said city.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this ordinance, be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Councils, this 29th day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 3, page 406, Oct. 7, 1873.

[No. 219.]

AN ORDINANCE—For the correct numbering of houses in Diamond street.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and is hereby authorized and directed to number the houses and lots on Diamond street, and to assess the cost of the same upon the owner of each house or lot.

SEC. 2. That any Ordinance, or part of Ordinance, conflicting with the provisions of this Ordinance, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Councils, this 29th day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, Vol. 3, page 405, Oct. 7, 1873. oc13

[No. 216.]

AN ORDINANCE—Granting James M. Ecles the right to erect a frame addition in the rear of his store, Carson street, No. 1117, South Side, 29th ward.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That James M. Ecles be and he is hereby granted leave to erect a frame addition to his store, No. 1117 Carson street, 29th ward, South Side.

SEC. 2. That any Ordinance or part of Ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this Ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 29th day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 4, page 30, Oct. 7, 1873. oc13

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
McKEE'S
New Fall Styles
IN
DRY GOODS.

Beautiful Shawls.
Choicest New Dress Goods.
Elegant Black Silks.
Full Lines Mourning Goods.
Best Suitings and Sackings for Ladies.
New Styles in Cassimeres.
Specialties in Boys' Wear.
All Colors, Qualities and kinds of
FLANNELS,
All-Wool Country Blankets.

Every Department contains choice
NEW ATTRACTIONS
—
A. D. McKEE,
No. 59 Market St.

AUCTION SALES.

MODERN CITY
DWELLING HOUSE
FOR SALE,
AT AUCTION.

Residence of Charles A. Wood, Esq.,
Corner of PENN AND FOURTH STREETS, on the premises, on
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25th,
AT 3 O'CLOCK P. M.

The House is of pressed brick, contains 13 rooms, with Marble floor in Hall, and Marble Mantles in entire main building. Closets, Pantries, Storerooms, 4 Bath Rooms, Water Closets, &c., &c. Has Hot and Cold Water, Registers and Speaking Trumpets throughout the entire building; is supplied with one of Reynold's Heaters, and is finished throughout with all modern improvements and in the best style, and is one of the most complete and elegant Residences in the city, and furnished with every convenience.

There is also on the premises an elegant Three-Story
Pressed Brick Stable
AND
CARRIAGE HOUSE,
With Coachman's Room, Wash Rooms, &c., complete in every detail.

TERMS—One fourth-cash, balance in one, two and three years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

JOHN J SPEARMAN,
R. J. ANDERSON,
H. W. OLIVER, Jr.,
Trustees of J. T. and C. A. Wood.

ORDINANCES.

[No. 233.]

AN ORDINANCE — Authorizing an exchange of Water Loan Coupons for Registered Bonds.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same. That all coupon bonds issued by virtue of an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance authorizing the issue of bonds to provide for the extension of the Water Works of the City," enacted 31st March, 1873, and all other coupon bonds heretofore issued for the extension and improvement of the Water Works, shall be exchangeable for registered bonds of like amount upon presentation by the holder to the City Controller.

SEC. 2. That the Controller shall enter upon the register the number and a description of each coupon bond taken in exchange for a registered bond.

SEC. 3. That when any coupon bond shall be received in exchange for a registered bond under the provisions of the first section hereof, it shall be the duty of the Finance Committee to cancel the same and report the fact to the Treasurer and Controller.

SEC. 2. That any Ordinance or part of Ordinance conflicting with the passage of this Ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 22d day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 3, page 408, October 8, 1873. oc13

[No. 224.]

AN ORDINANCE—Changing the place of holding elections in Twenty-eighth ward.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the place of holding elections in the Twenty-eighth ward of the city, be and is hereby changed from old Burgess office, on 14th street, to the Public School House, near Washington street, between 14th and 15th streets.

SEC. 2. That any Ordinance or part of Ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this ordinance, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Councils, this 29th day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 4, page 31, October 7, 1873. oc13

[No. 231.]

AN ORDINANCE—Granting Clarence M. Johns permission to remove a frame building.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That permission is hereby granted Clarence M. Johns to remove the frame building, known as the Episcopal Sunday School from its present location, corner of Main and Butler streets, to his lot on Main street, distant about 700 feet.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this ordinance, be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Councils, this 29th day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 4, page 33, Oct. 7, 1873. oc13

[No. 220.]

AN ORDINANCE—Changing the name of a portion of McFarland street.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the name of that portion of McFarland street, between Elmer street and Ellsworth avenue, be and the same is hereby changed to, and will hereafter be known as "Belle Aire Place."

SEC. 2. That any Ordinance or part of Ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this Ordinance, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 29th day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, Vol. 3, page 406, Oct. 7, 1873. oc13

[No. 239.]

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing Patrick McKallip to construct a frame building on his lot, on Keller street, 17th ward.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That Patrick McKallip be and is hereby authorized to construct a frame building on his lot, on Keller street, 17th ward.

SEC. 2. That any Ordinance or part of Ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this Ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 29th day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEORGE BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 3, page 406, Oct. 7, 1873. oc13

[No. 229.]

AN ORDINANCE—Granting A. G. Riddle right to erect a frame addition to his house.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That permission is hereby granted A. G. Riddle to erect a frame addition to his house on 44th street.

SEC. 2. That any Ordinance or part of Ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this Ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 29th day of September, A. D. 1873.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 4, page 32, Oct. 7, 1873. oc13

RICHARD E. BREED & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
CHINA
Glass and Queensware,
Britannia and Silver Plated Ware and Table Cutlery.
No. 100 Wood Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,
287 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
LOUISVILLE AND VIRGINIA
Tobaccos,
And best brands of
Fine Cut Chewing, Cigars, &c.

Henry G. Hale,
MERCHANT TAILOR
Is now receiving direct his
Fall and Winter Importations,
Cor. Penn Avenue and Sixth Street.

M. B. Cochran & Co.,
121 LIBERTY ST., COR. FIFTH,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
IRON AND WOOD
Working Machinery,
AND
MANUFACTURERS' SUPPLIES.
Have in store a full stock of Deane Steam Pumps, Judson Governors, Sash and Door Machinery, &c., &c. Repairing promptly attended to. oc14-MFF

LEMON & WEISE,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cabinet Furniture
AND
CHAIRS.
No. 111 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
The Trade supplied at Lowest Prices.

T. & J. T. McCANCE,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
Are now receiving their new stock of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
No. 196 Liberty Street.

FLANNELS, YARNS
AND JEANS.
The attention of JOBBERS is directed to our large assortment, consisting of a great variety of Styles of our well-known
Flannels, Yarns and Jeans
At prices which cannot fail to be satisfactory. The trade will find it to their advantage to examine our stock and prices.
S. Bradley & Sons,
WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS
River Avenue, below Suspension Bridge,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

WALL PAPER.
REMOVAL.
W. P. MARSHALL
Has removed from 101 Liberty street, to the new and elegant storehouse,
No. 47 Seventh Street
(FORMERLY IRWIN,)
BETWEEN PENN AND LIBERTY.
NOTE.—W. P. M. has facilities for obtaining the newest and most advanced styles of Paper Hangings from the leading manufacturers in France and this country, and while he will always have the most elegant and expensive papers, he will also have all qualities down to the cheapest.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FIFTH AVENUE
AND
WOOD STREET PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

A sale in partition in the estate of Alex. McClurg, deceased.

2 Lots on Fifth avenue, adjoining Dispatch buildings, 20 feet front (each) and 120 feet deep, with the buildings occupied as stores.

2 Lots, 18 feet each, fronting on Virgin alley, 120 feet (immediately in rear of above Lots,) with buildings.

2 Lots, 18 feet each front on Wood street, near 4th avenue, 90 feet deep, with 3 story buildings, occupied as business houses, with Hall above. Known as Lafayette Hall.

1 Lot, 30 feet front on Fourth avenue, four stories, building occupied as offices.

To capitalists and business men here is one of the best chances that has been offered for a long time to make a good investment that will pay largely on the amount invested, at the same time the property is increasing in value, as all who know the property know it to be among the most valuable in the city.

Will be sold at a reasonable price and on good terms to close up the estate. Apply to

HERRON & BATES,
REAL ESTATE DEALERS,
83 Wood street.

FOR SALE.
100 Quarter and Half-Acre
LOTS,
ALSO, THE
FARM HOUSE AND BARN,

With 1½ acres of ground and about 400 bearing Fruit Trees; also a Farm of 123 acres, adjoining the above Lots, with about twelve acres of Coal. All of the above within from five to ten minutes' walk from Walls Station, P. R. R. This property will be sold on easy terms. Plans can be seen at my office. This property offers better inducements for speculation than any property offered on the Pa. R. R. on account of its close proximity to the contemplated improvements of the P. R. R. Co. Inquire of

JOHN GRAZIER,
112 Smithfield street, above Murdoch's Seed Store.

PROPOSALS.

Hiland Avenue Improvement.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed Proposals, indorsed "Proposals for Grading, Curbing and Paving of Hiland Avenue, from Penn Avenue to Fifth Avenue," will be received at the City Engineer's Office from

October 15th to Wednesday October 22d, 12 M.

Each bidder will state the kind of pavement proposed to be used by him, with a full and accurate description of the same.

Proposals will be received for the whole of the work proposed, or each separate part thereof.

Plans and Specifications can be seen, and blank forms of proposals obtained, on application at the office of the City Controller, Municipal Hall.

The Commissioners reserve the right to accept or reject any part or portion of any proposal, or reject all proposals should they deem it for the best interest of the city.

Bidders must accompany their proposals with bonds as required by the city.

WM. H. DENNISTON,
JOHN LIGGETT,
LEMUEL SPAHR,
JOHN BEECHER,
S. F. STEWART,
Board of Commissioners.
O. J. PARKER, Secretary. oc10:184

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE,
4 PUBLIC LANDING,
CINCINNATI, O., September 1, 1873.

Ohio River Improvement.

IRON SNAG-BOAT

SEALED PROPOSALS

In duplicate will be received at this office until noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of October next, for the construction of an Iron Hull for a light draft side-wheel Snag-Boat, 175 feet long, and 48 feet beam.

Estimated weight of iron work, 270 tons.

Specifications, with blank forms for proposals, and further information, can be had by applying to this office.

Requests for specifications by mail should have endorsed on the envelope "Official Business."

WM. E. MERRELL,
se15 Major Engineer and Bvt. Col.

DRUM & KUHN,
Architects,
Office—North-East corner Wood and Fifth avenue, Third Floor.
REFERENCES: Judge Collier, Messrs. Wier & Gibson, Gen. J. R. Porter, John Heath, Esq., G. A. Mundorff, Messrs. Marshall & Bro.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

OFFICE OF THE CITY ENGINEER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, October 7, 1873.

NOTICE—THE ASSESSMENTS FOR the Grading of PEACH ALLEY, from "A" street to Relief alley, and for the Grading of Relief alley from Washington avenue to Ford street, are now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, October 17th, 1873, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.

oc7:177 CHARLES DAVIS, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Oct. 7, 1873.

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENTS FOR the construction of the BEAVER AVENUE SEWER, from Franklin street to the Ohio river, and of MANILLA ALLEY SEWER, from Allegheny avenue to Painter's east line, are now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, October 17th, 1873, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.

oc7:176 CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA., Oct. 4, 1873.

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENT FOR the Grading, Paving and Curbing of MAGNOLIA STREET, from Greenwood street to Pacific street; and for the Grading of SHORT ALLEY, from Rebecca street to Joint alley, and also for the Grading of LOMBARD STREET, from Bell to Linden avenues, are now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, Oct. 15, 1873, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.

oc4:167 CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.